

The Gazette



of India

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NOTICE

The undermentioned *Gazettes of India Extraordinary* were published upto the 12th January 1957 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
1	S.R.O. 1, dated the 1st January 1957.	Ministry of Commerce and Consumer Industries.	Fixation of the price of tea for the purpose of Item 5 in the Second Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934.
2	S.R.O. 2, dated the 1st January, 1957.	Ministry of Finance	The Central Government rescinds the notification No. 82—Customs, dated the 30th April, 1955.
	S.R.O. 3, dated the 1st January, 1957.	Do.	Exemption of tea, when exported, from so much of customs duty specified therein.
3	S.R.O. 4, dated the 1st January, 1957.	Ministry of Home Affairs.	Amendments made to the States Reorganisation (Governor's Allowances and Privileges) Provisional Order, 1956.
4	S.R.O., dated the 31st December, 1956.	Election Commission, India.	Designation of Electoral Registration Officer for each of the Parliamentary constituencies in the Union Territory of Himachal Pradesh.
	S.R.O., 6, dated the 31st December, 1956.	Do.	Appointment of Assistant Electoral Registration Officer for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the Union Territory of Himachal Pradesh.
	S.R.O. 7, dated the 31st December, 1956.	Ditto	Designation of Electoral Registration Officer for 401 Inner Manipur and 402 Outer Manipur Parliamentary Constituencies in the Union Territory of Manipur.

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
	S.R.O. 8, dated the 31st December, 1956.	Election Commission, India.	Designation of Electoral Registration Officer for 403 Tripura Parliamentary Constituency in the Union Territory of Tripura.
	S.R.O. 9, dated the 31st December, 1956.	Ditto	Appointment of Assistant Electoral Registration Officer for 403 Tripura Parliamentary Constituency in the Union Territory of Tripura.
5	S.R.O. 72, dated the 2nd January, 1957.	Ministry of Finance	Amendment made in the notification No. I.—Customs, dated the 9th March, 1946.
6	S.R.O. 73, dated the 2nd January, 1957.	Ministry of Home Affairs.	The Delimitation of Territorial Council Constituencies (Tripura) Order, 1956.
7	S.R.O. 74, dated the 2nd January, 1957.	Ditto	The Delimitation of Territorial Council Constituencies (Manipur) Order, 1956.
8	S.R.O. 75, dated the 2nd January, 1957.	Ditto	The Delimitation of Territorial Council Constituencies (Himachal Pradesh) Order, 1956.
9	S.R.O. 76, dated the 2nd January, 1957.	Ditto	The Territorial Councils (Election of Members) Rules, 1957.
10	S.R.O. 77, dated the 4th January, 1957.	Ministry of Food	Amendments made in the Delhi Wheat (Movement Control) Order, 1956.
11	S.R.O. 78, dated the 4th January, 1957.	Ministry of Finance	Appointment of date on which the provisions of the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956, shall come into force.
12	S.R.O. 79, dated the 5th January, 1957.	Ministry of Heavy Industries.	Establishment of a Development Council for the scheduled industry engaged in the manufacture and production of Non-ferrous metals including alloys.
13	S.R.O. 80, dated the 4th January, 1957.	Ministry of Finance	Appointment of date on which the provision of the Central Sales Tax Act 1956, shall come into force.
14	S.R.O. 81, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Election Commission, India.	Designation of Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the State of Orissa.
	S.R.O. 82, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Ditto	Appointment of Assistant Returning Officers for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the State of Orissa.

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
	S.R.O. 83, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Election Commission, India.	Designation of Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary constituencies in the State of Punjab.
	S.R.O. 84, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Ditto	Appointment of Assistant Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the State of Punjab.
15	S.R.O. 85, dated the 9th January, 1957.	Ministry of Finance	Certain provisions of the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1952, shall apply to the Commission of Inquiry appointed by Order, in S. R. O. 2993, dated the 11th December, 1956.
16	S.R.O. 139, dated the 9th January, 1957.	Ministry of Home	Schedule for the liability in respect of pensions of officers of the existing State shall be the liability of the successor State.
16A	S.R.O. 139-A dated the 22nd December, 1956.	Ministry of Commerce and Consumer Industries	Amendment made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. S. R. O. 1589, dated the 23rd June, 1956.
17	S.R.O. 1440, dated the 10th January, 1957.	Ministry of Law	Amendment made in the Representation of the People (Preparation of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1956.
18	S.R.O. 141, dated the 10th January, 1957.	Ministry of Heavy Industries.	Decision of the Central Advisory Council of Industries to reconstitute the Sub-Committee.
19	S.R.O. 142, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Election Commission, India.	Designation of Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the State of Madhya Pradesh.
	S.R.O. 143, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Ditto	Appointment of Assistant Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the State of Madhya Pradesh.
	S.R.O. 154, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Ditto	Designation of Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary constituencies in the State of Assam.
	S.R.O. 145, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Ditto	Appointment of Assistant Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the State of Assam.
	S.R.O. 146, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Ditto	Designation of Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the Union Territory of Himachal Pradesh.

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
	S.R.O. 147, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Election Commission, India.	Appointment of Assistant Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the Union Territory of Himachal Pradesh.
	S.R.O. 148, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Ditto	Designation of Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the Union Territory of Manipur.
	S.R.O. 149, dated the 7th January, 1957.	Ditto	Appointment of Assistant Returning Officer for each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the Union Territory of Manipur.
20	S.R.O. 150, dated the 11th January, 1957.	Ministry of Heavy Industries.	Establishment of Development Council for the Scheduled industry engaged in the manufacture of machine tools.
21	S.R.O. 151, dated the 11th January, 1957.	Ministry of Commerce and Consumer Industries.	Application of a section of the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952 to pepper in the State of Kerala.
	S.R.O. 152, dated the 11th January, 1957.	Ditto	Amendment made in the notification No. S. R. O. 248, dated the 25th January 1955.
	S.R.O. 153, dated the 11th January, 1957.	Ditto	Grant of recognition to the India Pepper and Spice Trade Association, Cochin, in respect of Forward Contracts in Pepper in the State of Kerala.
22	S.R.O. 154, dated the 5th January, 1957.	Ministry of Heavy Industries.	Appointment of Secretary to the Development Council established for the Scheduled industry engaged in the manufacture of Non-ferrous metals.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3

Statutory Rules and Orders issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and Central Authorities (other than the Chief Commissioners).

MINISTRY OF LAW

New Delhi, the 8th January 1957

S.R.O. 174 [Contracts/Am.(12)].—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 299 of the Constitution, the President hereby directs that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government

of India in the Ministry of Law, No. S.R.O. 3442, dated the 2nd November, 1955, relating to the execution of contracts and assurances of property, namely:—

In the said Notification—

1. In Part III, which relates to the Ministry of Communications, in Head D, after item 11, the following items shall be inserted, namely:—
 - “12. Agreements and other instruments for the conveyance of forms, leases for hire of buildings and lands for the P & T Forms Store, Calcutta; by the Superintendent, P & T Forms Store, Calcutta.
 13. Agreements and other instruments for the conveyance of forms; by the Superintendent, P & T Forms and Seals, Aligarh.”
2. In Part IX, which relates to the Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division), under Head C, in item 4, after the words “by the Chief Accounts Officers”, the words “or Assistant Collectors of Customs” shall be inserted.
3. In Part X, which relates to the Ministry of Food and Agriculture, under head 2, relating to the Directorate General of Food, in item (v), after the words “Assistant Directors”, the words “Technical Officers” shall be inserted.
4. In Part XIX, which relates to the Ministry of Railways,—
 - (i) letter 'A' occurring in Head 'A' shall be omitted; and
 - (ii) Head B and the entries thereunder shall be omitted.
5. In Part XXI, which relates to the Ministry of Transport, under Head C, after item 2 and the entries thereunder, the following item and entries shall be inserted, namely:—
 - “3. Contracts and other instruments relating to the Vizagapatam Port and matters concerning its ordinary Administration and working:
 - (i) (a) Security bonds for the due performance of their duties by civil servants whom the Port Administrative Officer has power to appoint;
 - (b) all instruments relating to advances for the purchase of conveyances; and
 - (c) all agreements with temporary establishment; by the Port Administrative Officer, Vizagapatam Port.
 - (ii) All contracts, deeds and instruments not exceeding Rs. 25,000 in value for the execution of works chargeable to Capital or Depreciation Fund and Rs. 10,000 in the case of work chargeable to the Revenue Funds of the Port; by the Port Engineer or Superintendent (Mechanical) of Vizagapatam Port.
 - (iii) All contracts, deeds and instruments exceeding Rs. 25,000 but not exceeding Rs. 10 lakhs in value for the execution of works chargeable to Capital or Depreciation Fund and exceeding Rs. 10,000 but not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 in the case of works chargeable to the Revenue Funds of the Port; by the Port Administrative Officer, Vizagapatam Port.
 - (iv) All contracts, deeds and instruments relating to works undertaken by the Port authorities on behalf of any other department of the Central Government or any State Government or any private body—
 - (a) if the amount or value does not exceed Rs. 25,000; by the Port Engineer or the Superintendent (Mechanical), Vizagapatam Port.
 - (b) if the amount or value exceeds Rs. 25,000 but does not exceed Rs. 10,00,000 by the Port Administrative Officer, Vizagapatam Port.
 - (v) Leases of harbour land, storage sheds, godowns and other buildings, licences for cutting grass and grazing rights, usufruct of trees, fishing rights in harbour waters and plying of boats and renewal of such leases and licenses:
 - (a) if the period of each lease or each separate renewal does not exceed three years and the rent reserved does not exceed Rs. 5,000 a month; by the Port Administrative Officer, Vizagapatam Port.
 - (b) If such period or amount exceeds the above limits; by the Port Administrative Officer, Vizagapatam Port, with the prior approval of the Central Government.
 - (vi) All contracts for the handling of goods and merchandise not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 in value; by the Port Administrative Officer, Vizagapatam Port.

- (vii) All agreements relating to the salvage of vessels in distress and cargo therein; *by the Deputy Conservator, Vizagapatam Port.*
- (viii) All contracts for lending of tools, plant, equipment and machinery to contractors and others not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in value; *by Superintendent (Mechanical) Vizagapatam Port.*
- (ix) Agreements relating to supply of electric power, electricity or water to the Port by other agencies or by the Port to other agencies; *by the Port Administrative Officer, Vizagapatam Port."*

6. In Part XXII, which relates to the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply, for Head B and the entries thereunder, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“B.—In the case of the Printing and Stationery Department:—

- 1. (a) (i) Contracts for the supply of Stationery;
- (ii) bonds of employee when it is necessary that they should be executed by the obligee; *by the Chief Controller of Printing and Stationery, or the Controller of Stationery, Calcutta, or the Deputy Controller, Stationery, Calcutta, or the Assistant Controller, Stationery (Purchase).*
- (b) Contracts for printing work; *by the Chief Controller of Printing and Stationery, or the Controller of Printing, or the Deputy Controller, Printing or the Assistant Controllers, Printing, or the Assistant Controller, Outside Printing, Calcutta.*
- 2. (a) Contracts relating to the disposal of waste paper and purchase of local stores, etc., and
- (b) Contracts for clearance, handling conveyance, and delivery of consignments and supply of labour, etc.; *by the Chief Controller of Printing and Stationery, or the Controller of Printing, or the Controller of Stationery, or the Deputy Controllers in the Office of the Chief Controller of Printing and Stationery, or the General Manager or Manager of the Press, or Manager, Government of India, Forms Press or the Head of the Branch concerned.*
- 3. Contracts for the periodical inspection and upkeep of typewriters, accounting machines, etc.; *by the Controller of Stationery, Calcutta or the Deputy Controller, Stationery, Calcutta.*
- 4. Contracts with the Advertisement Agent/Agents for Government of India Publications; *by the Chief Controller of Printing and Stationery.*
- 5 Contracts relating to the advertisement of Government of India Publications and contracts relating to the advertisements appearing in Government of India Publications; *by the Manager of Publications, Government of India Publication Branch."*

[No. F.42(3)/56-J.]

P. K. BOSE, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi-2, the 8th January, 1957

S.R.O. 175.—In the Ministry of Home Affairs Notification No. 17/4/56-AIS(III) dated the 20th December, 1956, published in Part II, Section 3 Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 24th December, 1956.

- (i) in the first Schedule, annexed thereto
- (a) for the heading “Modifications to the Indian Administrative Service (appointment by Competitive Examination) Regulations, 1955”, read “Modifications to the Indian Administrative Service (appointment by Competitive Examination) Regulations, 1955”
- (b) In clause 4(i) (a), after the figure ‘21’ add the word and figures ‘and 24’
- (ii) in Part I of the Second Schedule annexed thereto, for the word “Coonsider” occurring in the fifth line of clause 1, read “consider”.

[No. 17/4/56-AIS (III).]

P. PRABHAKAR RAO, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

New Delhi-3, the 4th January 1957

S.R.O. 176.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 50 of the Special Marriage Act, 1954 (43 of 1954), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendments in the Special Marriage (Diplomatic and Consular Officers) Rules, 1955, published with the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of External Affairs S.R.O. No. 1679, dated the 29th July, 1955, namely:—

In the said rules—

1. in Rule 11, the brackets and figure "(1)" occurring in sub-rule (1) and sub-rule (2) shall be omitted;
2. Form III shall be omitted.

[No. F.27(13)-Cons.I/56.]

N. V. AGATE, Under Secy.

New Delhi-3, the 8th January 1957

S.R.O. 177.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922 (7 of 1922) and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of External Affairs No. 935-Emi, dated the 9th October, 1953, the Central Government hereby defines in column (1) of the Table hereto annexed, the areas to which the authority of the Protectors of Emigrants specified in column (2) of the said Table against the corresponding entries in column (1) thereof shall extend.

TABLE

Area to which authority of the Protector of Emigrants shall extend	Protector of Emigrants*
(1)	(2)
The whole of the State of West Bengal and such territories as may, from time to time, fall within the administrative jurisdiction of the Government of West Bengal.	The Protector of Emigrants, Calcutta.
The whole of the State of Orissa and such territories as may, from time to time, fall within the administrative jurisdiction of the Government of Orissa.	The Protector of Emigrants, Gopalpur.
The whole of the States of Madras, Mysore, Kerala and Andhra Pradesh and such territories as may, from time to time, fall within the administrative jurisdiction of the Governments of these States.	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="flex-grow: 1; margin-right: 10px;"> <p>The Protector of Emigrants, Madras.</p> <p>The Protector of Emigrants Nagapattinam.</p> <p>The Protector of Emigrants, Dhanushkodi (at Mandapam Camp).</p> <p>The Protector of Emigrants Tuticorin.</p> </div> <div style="font-size: 2em; margin-right: 10px;">{</div> </div>
The whole of the State of Bombay and such territories as may, from time to time, fall within the administrative jurisdiction of the Government of Bombay.	The Protector of Emigrants, Bombay.

[No. 1-Emi/57.]

[No. F.17-9/56-Emi.]

P. SOMASEKHARAN,
for Controller General of Emigration and Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CONSUMER INDUSTRIES

New Delhi, the 7th January 1957

S.R.O. 178.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952 (74 of 1952), read with Article 46 of the Articles of Association of the Central India Cotton Association Ltd., Indore (hereinafter referred to as the Association), the Central Government hereby appoints each of the persons specified in column 2 of the table annexed hereto on the the Board of Directors of the Association to represent interests specified in the corresponding entry in column 3 of the table.

TABLE

S. No.	Name	Interest Represented
1	2	3
1.	Shri E. K. Vasudevan, B.A. (Hons.) Research Officer, Forward Markets Commission, Bombay	Central Government.
2.	Shri N. Sundaram, I.A.S., Director of Industries, Government of Madhya Pradesh, Indore.	
3.	Capt. H.C. Dhanda, M.A. (Oxon) Bar-at-law, Advocate, Supreme Court, 2, South Tukoganj, Indore.	Interests not directly represented through membership of the Association.
4.	Shri N. V. Joshi, General Manager, Bank of Indore Ltd., Indore.	

[No. F.40-Exp.(10)/56.]

New Delhi, the 14th January 1957

S.R.O. 179.—The following amendments made by the Saurashtra Oil and Oil-seeds Association, Ltd., Rajkot in its bye-laws, with the previous approval of the Central Government are hereby published:

(1) In the said bye-laws for bye-law 199, the following shall be substituted namely:—

“199. The following shall be the rates of brokerage on groundnut oil and groundnut kernels:

Rs. 0-1-0 per each transaction of 100 tins (Rajkot ring)

Rs. 0-3-0 per each transaction of 100 tins (Bhavnagar ring)

Rs. 0-2-6 per each transaction of 25 candies (Dhoraji and Jamnagar rings)

Rs. 0-5-0 per each transaction of 25 candies (Veraval ring)

The seller shall pay brokerage on the above basis. The Association shall recover for itself staff fees to be credited to the account of the respective rings at the rate of Rs. 0-0-4½ per each rupee of brokerage.’

(2) In the Appendix under the heading “Contract for groundnut oil”;

(i) Under sub-heading “Tenderable”, in sub-clause (a) of Clause 2, for the figure ‘1½” occurring in line 2 thereof, the figure ‘½” shall be substituted;

(ii) Under sub-heading “Delivery conditions” for sub-clause (c) of Clause 6 the following shall be substituted namely:—

“(c) The seller shall give Re. 0-3-0 per tin, over and above the railway freight to the buyer as out station expenses for delivery orders issued for delivery of oil at centres other than the ring centre where the contract has been entered into. This amount shall represent cartage, cooly charges, marfat, octroi or terminal tax etc.”; and

(iii) Under the heading "Contract for groundnut kernels" and sub-heading "Refractioinal allowances";

(i) in sub-clause (e) of Clause 11 regarding Splits for the figure "1/6th" occurring in line 2 thereof, the figure "1/16th" shall be substituted.

(ii) after clause 11 the following Clause shall be added namely:—

"12. Driage Allowances.—In the event of the question of driage being not settled amicably between the buyer and the seller, the matter will be referred to the surveyors according to SURVEY bye-laws and the following allowances shall be made in respect of the same.

(i) Driage allowance upto 1 lb. per bag will be paid at the rate of actual allowance.

(ii) Driage allowance over 1 lb. per bag will be paid at double the allowance awarded, but if driage is over 4 lbs. per bag the buyer shall have the option to reject."

In pursuance of the proviso to sub-section (4) of section 11 of the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952 (74 of 1952), the Central Government in the interest of the trade dispenses with the condition of previous publication of the amendments aforesaid in the Gazette of India and the Gazette of the Bombay Government.

[No. F. 40-Exp(4)/56.]

T. S. KUNCHITHAPATHAM, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 10th January 1957

S.R.O. 180.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955) as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby directs that—

(1) the notifications specified in Schedule I hereto;

(2) the Orders specified in column (1) of Schedule II hereto; and

(3) the notifications specified in column (2) of the said Schedule II issued under the orders specified in the corresponding entries in column (1) of Schedule II aforesaid;

shall also apply to the said State of Pondicherry.

SCHEDULE I

Notification No. S.R.O. 1252, dated the 27th June, 1953, of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

Notification No. S.R.O. 1150, dated the 30th May, 1955, of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

SCHEDULE II

Name of the Orders	Particulars of Notifications
(1)	(2)
Cotton Textiles (Control) Order, 1948. Clause 12.	{ S.R.O. 1423 dated 23-5-1956. S.R.O. 1424 dated 23-5-1956.
Clause 20	{ No. TCS. I/20 dated 22-9-1949. No. 9(9)-Tex. I/49 dated 15-4-1950.
Clause 20A.	{ No. S.R.O. 2822 dated 26-8-1954. TC(29)/53 dated 23-4-1953.
Clause 20B.	TC(16)2/52 dated 15-5-1952.
Clause 21.	{ No. 80-Tex. I/48 (ii) dated 22-5-1948. No. 9(9)-Tex. I/49(i) dated 3-9-1949. No. 9(9)-Tex. I/49 dated 27-12-1951. No. 9(9)-Tex. I/49 dated 10-1-1952.

(1)

(2)

Clause 22.	No. TC(6)1/44 dated 19-2-1944. No. 80-Tex.1/48(iii) dated 2-8-1948. No. 9(9)-Tex.1/49(i) dated 6-7-1950.
Clause 23.	No. 9(9)-Tex.1/49 dated 25-6-1949. No. TC(27)9/52 dated 30-7-1953.
Clause 26	No. 9(9)-Tex.1/49(i) dated 30-4-1949.
Clause 31	No. TC(24)1/52 dated 16-6-1956.
Clause 34	No. 80-Tex.1/48(iii) dated 27-4-1948. No. 80-Tex.1/48(v) dated 27-4-1948. No. 9(9)-Tex.1/49 dated 12-11-1951. No. T.C. (11A)/54 dated 10-11-1954.
·Cotton Textiles (Export Control) Order, Clause 2(f) 1949.	No. 32/6-Tex.2/50(1) dated 5-4-1952. No. TCS.II/TEC-2 dated 30-4-1952. No. TCS.II/TEC-32 dated 10-7-1956.
·Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1948.	Clause 5(i) 67-C.W.(25A)/48 dated 26-3-1949. S.R.O. 1317 dated 9-6-1956. S.R.O. 2243 dated 29-9-1956.
·Cotton Control Order, 1955.	Clause 2(e) No. TCS.IV/CTM/13 dated 30-11-1951. No. TCS.IV/CTM/39 dated 5-9-1952. No. TCS.IV/CTM/60 dated 26-3-1953.
·Cotton Textiles (Production by Handloom) Control Order, 1956.	Clause 3(i) No. 15/Tex.1/49 dated 31-8-1949. No. TCS.IV/CTM/78 dated 8-9-1953. Clause 8 No. TCS.IV/CTM/56 dated 27-1-1953. Clause 3 No. S.R.O. 2241 dated 26-9-1956. Clause 4 No. S.R.O. 2202 dated 24-9-1956. Clause 20 No. S.R.O. 1104 dated 28-4-1956. Clause 2 No. S.R.O. 1589 dated 23-6-1956.

[No. F. 8(28)-Tex(A)756.]
V. V. NENE, Under Secy.

RUBBER CONTROL

New Delhi, the 11th January 1957

S.R.O. 181.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Rubber Act, 1947 (24 of 1947) read with sub-rule (3) of rule 3 of the Rubber Rules, 1955, the Central Government hereby nominates Shri George Thomas, I.A.S., Secretary, Industries Department, Government of Kerala and Shri P. D. Nair, Director of Agriculture, Government of Kerala, to be the members of the Rubber Board, in the vacancies caused by the resignation of Shri V. V. Joseph, I.A.S., and Shri N. Sankara Menon, respectively; and directs that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Commerce and Industry No. S.R.O. 1765, dated the 10th August, 1955 namely:—

In the said Notification, for the entry—

“(4) Shri V. V. Joseph, I.A.S., Secretary, Development Department, Trivandrum,

—nominated by the Government of Travancore-Cochin”

the following entry shall be substituted, namely,

“(4) Shri George Thomas, I.A.S., Secretary, Industries Department, Trivandrum,

—nominated by the Government of Kerala”, and for the entry—

“(3) Shri N. Sankara Menon, Director of Agriculture, Trivandrum

—nominated by the Government of Travancore-Cochin”

the following entry shall be substituted namely,

.. “(3) Shri P. D. Nair, Director of Agriculture, Trivandrum,
—nominated by the Government of Kerala”.

[No. 20(6) Plant (B)/56.]
P. V. S. SARMA, Dy. Secy.

(Indian Standards Institution)

Delhi, the 2nd January 1957

S.R.O. 182—In pursuance of sub-regulations (2) and (3) of regulation 3 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Indian Standards particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been established during the period 16th to 31st December, 1956.

THE SCHEDULE

Serial No.	No. of Title of the Indian Standard established	No. and Title of the Indian Standard or Standards, if any, superseded by the new Indian Standard	Brief Particulars
1	2	3	4
1	IS:770-1955 General Classification of Coal (<i>Tentative</i>).	—	This standard prescribes a general classification of coals in India based upon calorific value, ash content, moisture and coking property. It also indicates the kind of coal recommended for different uses. (Price—Rs. 3/-/-)
2	IS:868-1956 Specification for Sealing Wax.	—	This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of test for three grades of sealing wax generally used for sealing packages made up in paper or in cloth covers. (Price—Re. 1/-/-)

Copies of these Indian Standards are available for sale with the Indian Standards Institution 19, University Road, Delhi-8.

D. V. KARMARKAR,
Deputy Director (Marks).

[No. MDC/II(4)]

S.R.O 183—In pursuance of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 8 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955 the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that five licences, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have been renewed for a period of one year.

THE SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Licence No. and Date	Period of Validity		Name and Address of Licensee	Article(s)/Process covered by the Licence	Relevant Indian Standards
		From	To			
1	CM/L-2 7-12-55	1-1-1957	31-12-1957	The Indian Cable Company Limited, 9, Hare Street, Calcutta.	Hard-Drawn Stranded Aluminium and Steel-Cored Aluminium Conductors.	IS:398-1953
2	CM/L-3 7-12-1955	1-1-1957	31-12-1957	-do-	Cotton-Covered High-Conductivity Annealed Round Copper Wire.	IS:450-1953
3	CM/L-4 7-12-55	1-1-1957	31-12-1957	-do-	Hard-Drawn Copper Solid and Stranded Circular Conductors.	IS:282-1951
4	CM/L-5 7-12-55	1-1-1957	31-12-1957	-do-	Bare Annealed High-Conductivity Copper Wire.	IS:396-1953
5	CM/L-6 7-12-55	1-1-1957	31-12-1957	The Indian Cable Company Limited, 9-Hare Street, Calcutta.	Rubber-Insulated Cables and Flexible Cords.	IS:434-1953

D. V. KARMARKAR,
Deputy Director (Marks).

[No. MDC/12(1).]

S.R.O. 184—In pursuance of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 8 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that two licences, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have been granted authorizing the licensees to use the Standard Mark.

THE SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Licence No. and Date	Period of Validity		Name and Address of Licensee	Article(s)/Process covered by the Licence	Relevant Indian Standards
		From	To			
1	CM/L-23 19-12-1956	1-1-1957	31-12-1957	Messrs Deccan Aluminium Stores, 56, 1st Bhoiwada, Bombay-2.	Wrought Aluminium Utensils—Grade A.	IS:21-1953 Specification for Wrought Aluminium for Utensils.
2	CM/L-24 19-12-1956	1-1-1957	31-12-1957	Messrs Light Metal Works, New Sun Mill Compound, Delisle Road, Bombay-13.	Wrought Aluminium Utensils—Grade A.	IS:21-1953 Specification for Wrought Aluminium for Utensils.

D. V. KARMARKAR,
Deputy Director (Marks).

[No. MDC/12(83).]

Delhi, the 3rd January, 1957

S.R.O.185 -In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 3 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Rules, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Indian Standards given in the schedule hereto annexed have been established during the quarter ending 31 December 1956.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. of Indian Standard	Title of Indian Standard	
1	IS:364-1956	Specification for Fanlight Catch.	
2	IS:496-1955	Specification for Internal Combustion Engine Lubricating Oils.	
3	IS:554-1955	Specification for Pipe Threads for Gas List Tubes and Screwed Fittings (<i>Tentative</i>).	
4	IS:618-1956	Specification for Kegs (Open Top Drums) for Paints.	
5	IS:640-1956	Specification for Ready Mixed Red Oxide Paint for Hessian (Colour Unspecified).	
6	IS:657-1956	Specification for Materials for Use in the Manufacture of Magnesium Oxychloride Flooring Compositions (<i>Tentative</i>).	
7	IS:725-1956	Specification for Copper Wire Nails.	
8	IS:726-1956	Specification for Mild Steel Buckets for General Use and for Fire Fighting Purposes.	
9	IS:728-1956	Methods for Determination of Weight, Thickness and Uniformity of Coating on Galvanized Articles other than Wires and Sheets.	
10	IS:731-1956	General Requirements and Methods of Test for Porcelain Insulators for Overhead Lines with a nominal Voltage of 1000 Volts and Above (<i>Tentative</i>).	
11	IS:733-1956	Specification for Wrought Aluminium and Aluminium Alloys, Bars, Rods and Sections (for General Engineering Purposes).	
12	IS:739-1956	Specification for Wrought Aluminium and Aluminium Alloys, Wire (for General Engineering Purposes).	
13	IS:740-1956	Specification for Wrought Aluminium and Aluminium Alloys, Rivet Stock (for General Engineering Purposes).	
14	IS:770-1955	General Classification of Coal (<i>Tentative</i>).	
15	IS:868-1956	Specification for Sealing Wax.	
16	IS:870-1956	Specification for Ready Mixed Paint, Brushing, Finishing, Egg Shell Gloss, for Interior Use, to Indian Standard Colours. No. 101 Sky Blue No. 219 Sage Green No. 216 Eau-de-Nil No. 275 Opaline Green No. 217 Sea Green No. 281 Apple Green	
17	IS:871-1956	Specification for Ready Mixed Paint, Brushing, Finishing, Egg Shell Gloss, for Interior Use to Indian Standard Colours. Class A Class B No. 218 Grass Green No. 221 Brilliant Green	
18	IS:872-1956	Specification for Ready Mixed Paint, Brushing, Finishing, Egg Shell Gloss, for Interior Use, to Indian Standard Colours. No. 412 Dark Brown No. 413 Nut Brown	
19	IS:877-1956	Methods of Sampling and Test for Activated Carbon Used for Decolourizing Vegetable Oils and Sugar Solutions.	

D. V. KARMARKAR,
Dy. Director (Marks).

ERRATUM

At the end of the Ministry of Commerce and Consumer Industries notification No. 24(68)/55-Tex-C, dated the 19th December 1956, published as S.R.O. 3151 in the Gazette of India, Part II-Section 3, dated the 29th December 1956, the following Forms "A" and "B" be added:—

FORM "A"

(See Clause 4)

Form of application for registration of an existing powerloom used for the manufacture of cloth made of woollen yarn, artificial silk yarn or staple fibre yarn.

1. Name and full address of applicant.
2. Exact location of the powerloom.
3. Number of powerlooms in the possession of the applicant used for the manufacture of cloth made of—
 - (i) Woollen yarn
 - (ii) artificial silk yarn
 - (iii) staple fibre yarn.

Declaration

I hereby declare that the above information is true.

(Signature of applicant).

Date:

NOTE.—Separate applications should be made for registering powerlooms used for the manufacture of cloth made of woollen yarn, artificial silk yarn and staple fibre yarn.

FORM 'B'

(See Clause 5)

Registration Certificate for Existing Powerlooms

No.....

1. Name and address of the owner.
2. Exact location of the powerlooms.
3. Number of powerlooms registered for being used for the manufacture of cloth made of—
 - (i) woollen yarn
 - (ii) artificial silk yarn
 - (iii) staple fibre yarn.

(Signature of the Registering Authority).

Place.....

Date.....

MINISTRY OF FOOD
New Delhi, the 14th January 1957

S.R.O. 186.—Ess/Com./Sugar.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 10 of the Sugar (Control) Order, 1955, and in supersession of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture Notifications S.R.Os. 714, 1390 and 1475 dated the 14th April, 1952, 20th April and 1st May, 1954, respectively, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the powers conferred upon it under clause 6(ii) of the said Order shall also be exercisable by the Director and the Deputy Directors in the Directorate of Sugar and Vanaspati.

[No. F.9-5/56-SV.]

S. D. UDHRAIN, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

(ICAR)

New Delhi, the 4th January 1957.

S.R.O. 187.—In pursuance of the provisions of Rule 22(4) of the Indian Central Coconut Committee Rules, 1945, the Central Government hereby publish the following audited accounts of Receipts and expenditure of the Indian Central Coconut Committee for the year 1954-55 together with the Auditors' Report:—

INSPECTION REPORT

I. The audited statements of receipts and payments for the year 1954-55 are herewith attached. They are forwarded to the Government of India for publication in the Gazette as required under Rule 22(4) of the Indian Coconut Committee Act, 1944, and the Rules and Regulations thereunder.

II. *Cess collections*:—As against the demand of Rs. 10,94,389-0-8 for the year under report, only a sum of Rs. 6,82,366-12-2 was realised till the end of 3/55. Although a sum of Rs. 2,87,486-1-4 has since been realised in the current year, a sum of Rs. 1,24,536-3-2 remains yet to be collected of which Rs. 1,15,850-6-4 relates to the Travancore-Cochin State. The collection of cess should not be allowed to fall into arrears. Prompt steps may therefore be taken in the matter and the result intimated to audit.

III. The printing of the monthly bulletins in English, Malayalam and Kannada is now being done by a private Press at rates agreed to by them in 1953. It has not been considered by the Committee whether the rates quoted by the Press in question continue to be competitive and whether quotations should not be invited to ensure that the rates are still economical. The Secretary has stated that the Press which they have engaged executes its work satisfactorily and that the rates are reasonable when compared with the rates of the Government Press, Ernakulam, for similar items of work. Invitation of tenders may be arranged for to ensure that the rates at which the work is got done continue to be economical and competitive.

IV. Stationery articles like copying pencils, twine balls, type-writer paper, sealing Wax, tags, Short-hand pencils, gums, etc., are locally purchased although they are available with the Controller of Stationery. The Secretary has stated that local purchase is resorted to as considerable delay was experienced in obtaining the supplies from the Stationery Stores. The Secretary has promised to reduce the local purchases in future.

(Sd.) K. ATCHUTHAN PILLAI,
 Asstt. Accounts Officer.

Countersigned

(Sd.)

Deputy Comptroller.

Receipts and payments of the Indian Central Cocoanut Committee for the period from 1-4-1954 to 31-3-1955

RECEIPTS			PAYMENTS		
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
To opening balance as on 1-4-1954 . . .	2,13,206 11 10			I. A. Administration—	
Less security deposit . . .	200 0 0	2,13,006 11 10		By salary of Secretary and staff . . .	50,757 2 0
To cash security . . .	400 0 0			Allowances & honoraria . . .	30,769 13 0
Less refund . . .	100 0 0	300 0 0		Leave salary & pension contribution . . .	1,629 12 8
To coconut cess receipts : Madras . . .	86,867 0 6	2,13,306 11 10		I.C.C.O.C. Provident Fund con- tribution . . .	2,781 8 0
Bombay . . .	1,94,249 12 9			Contingencies . . .	16,384 15 11
Travancore-Cochin . . .	3,99,997 2 1				
Baroda . . .	284 14 0				
Mysore . . .	155 0 0				
Andhra . . .	790 13 10				
Madhya Pradesh . . .	22 1 0				
		6,82,366 12 2		II. Agricultural Research— (A) Research Stations :	
				(i) C.C.R.S. Kasaragod : (a) Capital expenditure Buildings, residential and non-residential etc.	
To other receipts : (i) Publication receipts		14,331 4 9			1,22,568 5 2
(ii) Miscellaneous re- ceipts . . .					1,629 8 0
(iii) (a) Farm produce & other receipts : C.C.R.S. Kasaragod		216 6 9			
(b) Farm produce and other receipts : C.C.R.S. Kayangulam		51,540 4 0		Stores Dead and Live Stock — Implements, Tools etc. . .	246 4 0
(iv) Receipts from sch- eme for control of leaf diseases (old & extension)		17,750 2 6		Laboratory equipment . . .	13,334 15 0
				Photographic equipment . . .	99 14 6
				Furniture & equipment . . .	355 4 3
				Works Animals . . .	485 0 0
		9,958 1 0			

RECEIPTS		PAYMENTS		
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amounts	
			Rs.	A. P.
(b) Recurring expenditure—				
1. Staff salary		54,225	3	0
2. Allowance & honoraria		29,802	15	0
3. Leave salary & pension contributions		6,414	4	0
4. Indian Central Coconut Committee Provident Fund		2,997	0	0
Contingencies—				
1. Petty construction and repairs		5,662	12	8
2. Farm working expenses		32,895	4	6
3. Apparatus & Materials		9,404	3	7
4. Books & Periodicals		2,648	9	6
5. Office contingencies		7,860	9	6
1,51,910				13 9
(ii) C.C.R.S. Kayangulam :				
(a) Capital expenditure : Buildings, residential and non-residential				
2,058				13 1
Stores—				
Implement, tools etc.		1,200	2	9
Furniture & Office equipment		105	0	0
Laboratory equipment		3,906	11	5
Meteorological observatory		960	12	0
Photographic equipment		587	13	6
6,760				7 8
(b) Recurring expenditure—				
Pay of officers & staff		60,021	4	0
Allowances & honoraria		27,644	6	0
Leave salary & pension contributions		1,256	4	0
Indian Central Coconut Committee Provident Fund contribution		3,139	0	0
92,060				14 0

Contingencies—

1. Petty construction and repairs	829	1	6	
2. Farm works expenses	23,774	5	9	
3. Apparatus & Materials	8,481	3	9	
4. Books & Periodicals	1,271	14	0	
5. Office contingencies	3,132	10	9	
	<u>37,489</u>	3	9	

(c) Scheme for control of leaf
disease of coconut

11,845 13 3

B. Grant-in-aid scheme (a) Re-
search schemes Regional Co-
conut Research Station,
Orissa

5,000 0 0

(b) *Coconut nurseries—*

Marudur	2,290	0	0	
Comprehensive scheme, Orissa	4,000	0	0	
West Bengal	7,500	0	0	
Andhra	5,000	0	0	

18,790 0 0

(c) *Miscellaneous—*

Zonal parasite breeding station
for biological control of
Nephantis serinopa

4,650 0 0

Scheme for development of
coconut cultivation in
Andamans

14,600 0 0

Crop competition for coco-
nut

202 15 1

Scheme for the investigation
of Band disease in Bombay
State

2,122 0 0

Crotalaria Striata Scheme,
Travancore-Cochin

67 10 0

21,642 9 1

RECEIPTS		PAYMENTS	
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
(iv) <i>Marketing Scheme</i> —			
Badagara Kiln	12,900 0 0		
Cooperative Marketing scheme, Sakhigopal	2,500 0 0		
		12,900 0 0	15,400 0 0
(v) Repayment of Government of India Loan			
By closing balance with Imperial Bank of India, Cochin	1,49,889 0 0		95,288 0 0
Imprest, I.C.C.O.C.	750 0 0		
C.C.R.S. Kasaragod	1,500 0 0		
C.C.R.S. Kayangulam	1,500 0 0		
	3,750 0 0		
Advances recoverable account :—			
Indian Central Coconut Com- mittee	1,026 0 0		
C.C.R.S. Kasaragod	33,290 15 6		
C.C.R.S. Kayangulam	10,885 0 0		
Advance for purchase of con- veyance	105 0 0		
Caution money deposit	50 0 0		1,98,995 15 6
9,89,469 11 0			9,89,469 11 0

(Sd.)
Accountant.(Sd.)
Secretary.

TRUE COPY

(Sd.)
Assistant Accounts Officer.(Sd/-)
Assistant Accounts Officer.

Receipts and payments account of the Indian Central Coconut Committee

Provident Fund for the period from 1-4-1954 to 31-3-55

Receipts	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Payments	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
By subscribers account:—					
To opening balance as on 1-4-1954 Post Office Savings Bank Accounts		8,607 12 0	Advance to subscribers . . .	5,305 0 0	
To subscription account:			By Investment account:—		
Subscription received	14,577 0 0		Post Office National Saving Certificates	28,200 0 0	
Refund of advance with interest	3,939 0 0	18,516 0 0	By closing balance in the Post office of Savings Bank Account	3,083 11 0	
To contribution account:					
Contribution received		18,895 12 0			
To interest account :					
Special contribution by the committee to subscribers		555 8 0			
Interest on Post Office Savings Bank Account for the year 1953-54		13 11 0			
		36,588 11 0			36,588 11 0

Income and Expenditure account

EXPENDITURE

Interest credited to subscription account
 Interest credited to contribution account
 Excess interest on Post office Savings Bank account, taken credit in 1953 44

INCOME

1,969 0 0	By special contribution from the committee for payment of interest	555 8 0
1,035 0 0	By interest on National Savings Certificates	2,422 8 0
0 1 0	By interest on post office saving Bank account	26 1 0
3,004 1 0		3,004 1 0

Receipts	Rs. A. P.	Payments	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
<i>Balance sheet as at 31st March, 1955</i>				
<i>ASSETS</i>				
LIABILITIES				
Subscription account				
As per last balance sheet	54,229 0 0	Post office National Saving Certificates:		
Subscription received during the year	14,577 0 0	As per last balance sheet	73,350 0 0	
Refund of advance with interest	3,939 0 0	Investment during the year	28,200 0 0	1,01,550 0 0
Add interest credited	1,969 0 0	Balance in Post Office Savings Bank Account		3,083 11 0
	<u>74,714 0 0</u>	Interest accrued on Post office Savings Bank accounts for 1954-55		26 1 0
Less advance to subscribers	<u>5,305 0 0</u>	Interest accrued on Post Office National Saving Certificates upto 31-3-1955		<u>6,450 0 0</u>
	69,409 0 0			<u>1,11,109 12 0</u>
Contribution account		TRUE COPY		
As per last balance sheet	31,770 0 0			
Contribution received during the year	8,895 12 0			
Add interest credited	1,035 0 0			
	<u>41,700 12 0</u>			
	<u>1,11,109 12 0</u>			

(Sd.)
Accountant.(Sd.)
Secretary.(Sd.)
Assist. Accounts Officer.

[No. 7-28/56-Com.I.]
MOKAND LALL, Under Secy.

Directorate of Marketing and Inspection

New Delhi, the 4th January 1957

S.R.O. 188.—For the purposes of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division), Notification No. S.R.O. 3184 dated the 28th December, 1956, published in the Gazette of India Part II Section 3, Extraordinary, dated the 28th December, 1956, I hereby authorise Shri R. S. Bhatnagar, Senior Marketing Development Officer, Wool Bristles and Goat Hair Grading Scheme, Bombay, Shri B. S. Dane, Chief Chemist, Agmark Control Laboratory, Nawabganj, Kanpur and Shri K. N. Gopinathan Nair, Deputy Marketing Development Officer, Essential Oils Grading Scheme, Cochin to issue certificates to the effect that Sandalwood oil has been graded in accordance with the provisions of the Essential Oils Grading and Marking Rules, 1954, issued under Section 3 of the Agricultural Produce (Grading & Marking) Act, 1937 (1 of 1937), with effect from the 28th December, 1956, until further orders.

[No. F. 3(110)/30/56-P(E.O.)]

M. B. GHATGE,
Agricultural Marketing Adviser.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi-2, the 8th January 1957

S.R.O. 189.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section (2) of section 10 of the Dentists Act, 1948 (16 of 1948), the Dental Council of India, after consulting the Government, and the State Council, of the State of Punjab, hereby declares that B.D.S. degree of the Punjab University, Solan, when granted after the 1st June, 1956, shall be a recognised dental qualification.

S. BRATT, Secretary,
Dental Council of India.

[No. F.6-53/56-MI.]

New Delhi-2, the 11th January 1957

S.R.O. 190.—Dr. P. N. Wahi, Dean of the Faculty of Medicine, Medical College, Agra, has been duly elected as a member of the Medical Council of India under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1953 (XXVII of 1953), with effect from the 20th December, 1956 *vide* Dr. H. N. Bhatt, M.B. B.S., F.R.C.S., D.M.R.E., P.M.S.

[No. F. 5-94/56-MI.]

KRISHNA BIHARI, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEAVY INDUSTRIES

New Delhi, the 10th January, 1957

S.R.O. 191—/ESS. COMM/IRON & STEEL-2(c)/AM(14).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (c) of Clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Control) Order, 1956, the Central Government hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made to the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Commerce and Industry, No. S.R.O. 1112/ESS. COMM/IRON & STEEL-2(c), dated the 8th May, 1956, namely:—

in the Schedule annexed to the said notification, the entries relating to PEPSU in Columns 1 to 3 of the Schedule shall be deleted.

[No. IS(A)-4(253)/II.]

P. S. V. RAGHAVAN, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 14th January 1957

S.R.O. 192.—In pursuance of clause (d) of Rule 2 of the Central Advisory Council (Procedural) Rules, 1952, and in supersession of the late Ministry of Commerce and Industry Notification No. S.R.O. 1560, dated the 9th September 1952, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri P. S. Sundaram, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of Heavy Industries, to carry on the functions of Secretary to the Central Advisory Council.

[No. 3(15)IA(GB)/56.]

S. V. R. CHARI, Under Secy.

ORDER

New Delhi, the 15th January 1957

S.R.O. 193/DCPR/2.—In pursuance of clause (c) of rule 2 of the Development Councils (Procedural) Rules, 1952, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri R. K. Gejji, Development Officer, Development Wing, New Delhi, as Secretary to the Development Council established by the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Heavy Industries S.R.O. No. 130, dated the 11th January, 1957, for the scheduled industry engaged in the manufacture and production of machine tools with effect from 11th January, 1957.

[No. 5(27)IA(GB)/56.]

P. S. SUNDARAM, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

(Transport Wing)

MERCHANT SHIPPING

New Delhi, the 12th January 1957

S.R.O. 194.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 191 and sub-section (1) of section 216A of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (21 of 1923), read with clause (1) of sub-section (1A) of the said section 216A, the Central Government hereby makes the following Rules, the same having been previously published as required by the said sections, namely:—

1. **Short title and commencement.**—(1) These Rules may be called the Indian Merchant Shipping (Fire Appliances) Rules, 1956.

(2) They shall come into force on the 1st February, 1957.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

- (a) “crew space” means accommodation provided exclusively for the use of the crew;
- (b) “international voyage” means a voyage from a country to which the Safety Convention applies to a port outside such country, or conversely; and for this purpose every territory for the international relations of which a Contracting Government is responsible or for which the United Nations are the administering authority is regarded as a separate country;
- (c) “length”, in relation to a ship, means the registered length;
- (d) “passenger space” means space provided for the use of passengers;
- (e) “passenger steamer” means a steamer carrying more than 12 passengers;
- (f) “portable fire extinguisher” in relation to a carbon dioxide fire extinguisher, means a fire extinguisher with a capacity of not more than 15 lb. of carbon dioxide, and, in relation to any other fire extinguisher, means a fire extinguisher with a capacity of not more than 3 gallons of fluid;

(g) "short international voyage" means an international voyage in the course of which a ship is not more than 200 miles from a port or place in which the passengers and crew could be placed in safety, and which does not exceed 600 miles in length between the last port of call in the country in which the voyage begins and the final port of destination;

(h) "tanker" means a cargo ship constructed or adapted for the carriage in bulk of liquid cargoes of an inflammable nature;

(i) "tons" means gross tons.

3. These rules shall apply to—

(a) all ships registered in India;

(b) other ships while they are within any port in India.

Provided that these rules shall not apply to—

(i) a ship by reason of her being within a port in India, if she would not have been in any such port but for stress of weather or any other circumstances that neither the Master nor the owner nor the charterer (if any) of the ship could have prevented or forestalled;

(ii) pleasure yachts which are not passenger steamers and do not exceed 15 tons burden;

(iii) ships plying under the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917 (I of 1917).

4. **Classification of ships.**—For the purpose of these rules, ships shall be arranged in the same classes in which ships are arranged for the purpose of the Indian Merchant Shipping (Life-Saving Appliances) Rules, 1956, and any reference in these rules to a ship of any class shall be construed accordingly.

PASSENGER SHIPS

5. **Ships of Clas I—Fire Patrol, Detection and Alarm Systems.**—(1) In every ship of Class I an efficient patrol system shall be maintained so that any outbreak of fire may be promptly detected. Manual fire alarms shall be fitted throughout the passenger spaces and crew spaces which will enable the fire patrol to give an alarm immediately to the bridge or fire control station.

(2) In every ship of Class I a fire alarm or fire detection system shall be provided which will be capable of indicating, at one or more points in the ship so as to come rapidly to the notice of the master and crew, the presence and position of fire in any part of the ship which is inaccessible to the fire patrol.

(3) The Central Government may exempt any ship from the requirements of sub-rule (2) if it is satisfied that to require compliance therewith would be unreasonable on account of the short duration of the voyages on which the ship is engaged.

6. **Passenger and crew spaces.**—Every ship of Class I shall be provided with appliances whereby at least two powerful jets of water can be rapidly and simultaneously directed upon any part of the passenger spaces and crew spaces when all watertight doors and all doors in the bulkheads constructed in compliance with sub-rule (2) of rule 60 of the Indian Merchant Shipping (Construction and Survey of Passenger Steamers) Rules, 1956, are closed. In addition, on each deck in each of these spaces there shall be provided at least two portable fluid fire extinguishers. When passengers are carried in any enclosed spaces above the bulkhead deck, there shall be at least one such extinguisher on each side of the ship in such spaces.

7. **Cargo spaces and store rooms.**—(1) Every ship of Class I shall be provided with appliances whereby at least two powerful jets of water can be rapidly and simultaneously directed into any cargo space or store room.

(2) Every ship of Class I of 1,000 tons or over shall be provided with appliances whereby fire-smothering gas can be rapidly conveyed by a permanent piping system into any compartment appropriated for the carriage of cargo. The volume of free gas shall be at least equal to 30 per cent. of the gross volume of the largest hold in the ship which is capable of being effectively closed; provided that steam may be substituted for fire-smothering gas in any ship in which there are available boilers capable of evaporating 1 lb. of steam per hour for each 12 cubic feet of the gross volume of the largest hold in the ship.

(3) The Central Government may exempt any ship from the requirements of sub-rule (2) if it is satisfied that to require compliance therewith would be unreasonable on account of the short duration of the voyages on which the ship is engaged.

8. Machinery spaces, General.—Every ship of Class I shall be provided with appliances whereby at least two powerful jets of water can be rapidly and simultaneously directed into any part of the coal bunker spaces, if any, and the machinery spaces.

9. Machinery spaces, ships fitted with main or Auxiliary Oil-fired Boilers.—(1) Every ship of Class I fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers, shall be provided in the machinery spaces with—

- (a) at least two fire hydrants, one on the port side and one on the starboard side, and
- (b) for each such hydrant, a fire hose with a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil.

(2) In each firing space of every ship of Class I fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers a receptacle shall be provided which shall contain at least 10 cubic feet of sand, or other dry material suitable for quenching oil fires. Scoops shall be provided for distributing the contents of the receptacle.

(3) In each firing space in every such ship and in each compartment which contains the whole or part of the oil fuel installation, at least two portable fire extinguishers shall be provided which shall be capable of discharging froth or other substance suitable for quenching oil fires.

(4) A froth installation, complying with the requirements specified in the First Schedule to these Rules, shall be provided in every such ship whereby froth can be rapidly discharged and distributed over each boiler room, and over any space which contains the whole or part of the oil fuel installation. The froth available for discharge shall be sufficient in quantity to cover to a depth of 6 inches the largest single area over which oil fuel may spread in the event of leakage. If the engine room and boiler room are separated from each other by a bulkhead and fuel oil may drain from the boiler room into the engine room bilges, the engine room and boiler room shall, for the purpose of this sub-rule, be regarded as a single area.

The aforesaid appliances shall be capable of being controlled from an easily accessible position which is not likely to be cut off in the event of fire. The Central Government may exempt any ship from the requirements of this sub-rule if it is satisfied that the boiler room and the spaces containing the oil fuel installation are adequately protected by a permanent piping system for the discharge of smothering-gas, or water at high pressure.

(5) One froth fire extinguisher of at least 30 gallons capacity shall be provided in every such ship with one boiler room, and two such extinguishers shall be provided in every such ship with more than one boiler room. Every such extinguisher shall be provided with a reel of hose capable of reaching every part of the boiler room and of any space which contains the whole or part of the oil fuel installation. A carbon dioxide extinguisher of at least 100 lb. capacity may be provided in lieu of such froth fire extinguisher.

10. Engine rooms, Motor Ships.—Every ship of Class I propelled by internal combustion machinery shall be provided in the compartment containing that machinery with at least—

- (a) two fire hydrants, one on the port side and one on the starboard side;
- (b) for each such hydrant, a fire hose with a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil;
- (c) one froth fire extinguisher of at least 30 gallons capacity or a carbon dioxide fire extinguisher of at least 100 lb. capacity, so however that in any ship in which fire extinguishers are provided in a boiler room in accordance with sub-rule (5) of rule 9, the extinguisher required by this clause shall not be required to exceed 10 gallons in capacity in the case of a froth extinguisher, or 35 lb. in the case of a carbon dioxide extinguisher; and
- (d) one portable froth fire extinguisher for each 1,000 B.H.P. of the said machinery or fraction thereof, but in no event less than 2 such extinguishers; provided that no more than 6 such extinguishers shall be required in any one compartment.

11. **Fire Pumps.**—(1) Every ship of Class I of 4,000 tons or over shall be provided with at least 3 fire pumps operated by power, and every such ship of under 4,000 tons with at least 2 such fire pumps.

(2) In every ship of Class I fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers or internal combustion propelling machinery, the arrangements of sea connections, pumps and the sources of power for operating them shall be such as will ensure that a fire in any one compartment will not put all the fire pumps out of action.

12. **Water pipes, Hydrants and Fire Hoses.**—Every ship of Class I shall be provided with water pipes and hydrants. The diameter of the water pipes shall be sufficient to enable an adequate supply of water to be provided for the simultaneous operation of at least two fire hoses and for the projection thereby of two powerful jets of water. The number and position of the hydrants shall be such that at least two such jets may be directed into any part of the ship by means of two fire hoses each not exceeding 60 feet in length, each jet being supplied from a separate hydrant. At least one fire hose shall be provided for each hydrant.

13. **Firemen's Outfits.**—Every ship of Class I shall be provided with at least—

(a) two safety lamps,

(b) two fireman's axes,

(c) one smoke helmet for each 100 ft. registered length of ship (with a minimum of two of the air hose type). The smoke helmets, additional to the two minimum of the air hose type, may, if desired, be breathing apparatus or smoke masks. The breathing apparatus, smoke helmets and smoke masks should comply with the requirements respectively specified in the Sixth Schedule to these Rules.

The outfits shall be suitably distributed in widely separated places.

14. **Portable Drilling Machine.**—Every ship of Class I shall be provided with a portable electric drilling machine to provide emergency means of access to fires through decks, casings or bulkheads.

15. **Ships of Class II.**—Rules 5 to 14 inclusive shall apply to ships of Class II as they apply to ships of Class I.

16. **Ships of Class III.**—Rules 5 to 14 inclusive shall apply to ships of Class III as they apply to ships of Class I.

17. **Ships of Class IV.**—Rules 5 to 14 inclusive shall apply to ships of Class IV as they apply to ships of Class I.

18. **Ships of Class V.**—Sub-rule (1) of Rule 5 and Rules 6 to 14 inclusive shall apply to ships of Class V as they apply to ships of Class I.

19. **Ships of Class VI—Passenger and Crew Spaces.**—(1) Every ship of Class VI shall be provided with appliances whereby a powerful jet of water can be rapidly directed upon any part of the passenger spaces and crew spaces.

(2) Every such ship shall be provided with at least one portable fluid fire extinguisher in each of the passenger spaces above the upper deck and with at least two extinguishers in each of the crew spaces, and of the passenger spaces below that deck.

20. **Cargo Spaces and Store Rooms.**—Every ship of Class VI shall be provided with appliances whereby a powerful jet of water can be rapidly directed into any cargo space or store room.

21. **Machinery Spaces, etc.**—(1) Every ship of Class VI shall be provided with appliances whereby a powerful jet of water can be rapidly directed into any part of the coal bunker spaces, boiler rooms and engine rooms.

(2) Every ship of Class VI fitted with oil-fired boilers or internal combustion propelling machinery shall be provided in the machinery spaces with at least one fire hydrant and fire hose with a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil.

22. **Machinery Spaces: Ships fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers.**—(1) Every ship of Class VI fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers shall be provided in each firing space with a receptacle which shall contain an adequate quantity of sand, or other dry material suitable for quenching oil fires. Scoops shall be provided for distributing the contents of the receptacle.

(2) Two portable fire extinguishers, capable of discharging froth or another substance suitable for quenching oil fires, shall be provided in the boiler room of every such ship and in each machinery space therein which contains a part of the oil fuel installation.

(3) A froth installation, complying with the requirements specified in the First Schedule to these rules, shall be provided in every such ship whereby froth can be rapidly discharged and distributed over each boiler room, and over any space which contains the whole or part of the oil fuel installation. The froth available for discharge shall be sufficient in quantity to cover a depth of 6 inches in the largest single area over which oil fuel may spread in the event of leakage. If the engine room and boiler room are not separated from each other by a bulk-head and fuel oil may drain from the boiler room into the engine room bilges, the engine room and boiler room shall, for the purpose of this sub-paragraph, be regarded as a single area. The aforesaid appliances shall be capable of being controlled from an easily accessible position which is not likely to be cut off in the event of fire. The Central Government may exempt any ship from the requirements of this sub-rule if it is satisfied that the boiler room and the spaces containing the oil fuel installation are adequately protected by a permanent piping system for the discharge of smothering-gas or water at high pressure.

(4) Two froth fire extinguishers each of at least 10 gallons capacity shall be provided in the machinery spaces of every such ship. Every such extinguisher shall be provided with a fire hose capable of reaching every part of the boiler room and of any space which contains a part of the oil fuel installation. A carbon dioxide fire extinguisher of at least 35 lb. capacity may be provided in lieu of a froth fire extinguisher of 10 gallons capacity.

23. Engine Rooms: Motor Ships.—Every ship of Class VI propelled by internal combustion machinery shall be provided in each machinery compartment with at least—

- (a) one froth fire extinguisher of at least 10 gallons capacity or one carbon dioxide fire extinguisher of at least 35 lb. capacity;
- (b) one portable froth fire extinguisher for each 1,000 B.H.P. or fraction thereof of the said machinery, but in no event less than 2 such extinguishers; provided that not more than 6 such extinguishers shall be required in any ship.

24. Water pipes, Hydrants and fire hoses.—Every ship of Class VI shall be provided with water pipes and hydrants. The diameter of the water service pipes shall be sufficient to enable an adequate supply of water to be provided for the operation of at least one fire hose and the projection thereby of a powerful jet of water. The number and position of the fire hydrants shall be such that at least one such jet may be directed into any part of the ship by means of a fire hose not exceeding 60 feet in length. At least one fire hose shall be provided for each hydrant.

25. Fire Pumps.—(1) Every ship of Class VI shall be provided with at least one fire pump operated by power.

(2) Every ship of Class VI fitted with oil-fired main or auxiliary boilers or internal combustion propelling machinery shall be provided with an additional fire pump, which shall not be required to be operated by power and shall be permanently connected to the water pipes referred to in Rule 24. Such pump and its source of power, if any, shall not be situated in the same compartment as the pump required by sub-rule (1). If a hand pump is provided in compliance with this sub-rule, it shall be of the rotary type. A sea suction valve for use with the additional pump shall be provided and shall be capable of being controlled from outside the machinery space.

26. Ships of Class VII.—Every ship of Class VII shall be provided with—

- (a) one pump and one fire hose whereby a powerful jet of water can be rapidly directed into any part of the ship;
- (b) sufficient portable fire extinguishers to ensure that at least one is available for immediate use in each compartment of the crew spaces and of the passenger spaces, if any;

(c) fire buckets in accordance with the following table—

<i>Length of ship in feet</i>		<i>Minimum Number of Buckets</i>
50 or under	..	2, one of which shall be fitted with a lanyards.
Over 50 but not over 70	..	3, two of which shall be fitted with lanyards.
Over 70	..	4, two of which shall be fitted with lanyards.

NON-PASSENGER SHIPS

27. Ships of Class VIII—Cargo Spaces.—(1) Every ship of Class VIII of 2,000 tons or over shall be provided with appliances whereby fire-smothering gas can be rapidly conveyed by a permanent piping system into any compartment appropriated for the carriage of cargo. The volume of free gas available shall be at least equal to 30 per cent. of the gross volume of the largest hold in the ship which is capable of being effectively closed.

Provided that—

(a) steam may be substituted for fire-smothering gas in any ship in which there are available boilers capable of evaporating 1 lb. of steam per hour for each 12 cubic feet of the gross volume of the largest hold in the ship;

(b) in the cargo spaces of any tanker a froth installation, complying with the First Schedule to these Rules, may be substituted for a system for conveying fire-smothering gas.

(2) The Central Government may exempt any ship other than a tanker, from the requirements of sub-rule (1) if it is satisfied that—

(a) the holds therein are provided with steel hatch covers and effective means of closing all ventilators and other openings leading to the holds;

(b) the ship is constructed for, and employed solely in the carriage of ore or coal; or

(c) to require compliance with the requirements of the aforesaid sub-rule would be unreasonable on account of the short duration of the voyages on which the ship is engaged.

28. Fire-Hoses and Pumps.—(1) Every ship of Class VIII of 1,000 tons or over shall be provided with appliances whereby at least two powerful jets of water can be rapidly and simultaneously directed on any part of the ship. Such appliances shall include two fire hoses and a spare fire hose 30 feet in length, together with two pumps operated by power.

(2) Every ship of Class VIII of under 1,000 tons shall be provided with appliances whereby at least one powerful jet of water can be rapidly directed into any part of the ship. Such appliances shall include one fire hose and a spare fire hose 30 feet in length, together with two pumps operated by power.

(3) If, in any ship of Class VIII, fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers or with internal combustion propelling machinery, a fire in any one compartment might put out of action every fire pump provided in the ship, alternative means for extinguishing the fire shall be provided.

29. Portable fire extinguishers.—Every ship of Class VIII shall be provided with a sufficient number of portable fire extinguishers to ensure that at least one such extinguisher will be readily available for use in every compartment of the crew spaces and passenger spaces, if any. The number of such extinguishers shall be not less than five in a ship of 1,000 tons or over and not less than three in a ship of under 1,000 tons.

30. **Firemen's outfits.**—Every ship of Class VIII shall be provided with—

(a) *Safety Lamps* :

Ships of 4000 tons and over	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	two.
Ships under 4000 tons	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	one.

(b) *Fireman's Axes* :

Ships of 4000 tons and over	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	two.
Ships under 4000 tons	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	one.

(c) Breathing Apparatus Smoke Helmets or Smoke Masks, complying with the requirements respectively specified in the Sixth Schedule to these Rules, to the following Scale:—

Ships of 500 upto 2500 gross tons.	.	.	1	Smoke Helmet of the air hose type.
Ships of 2500 upto 4000 gross tons.	.	.	2	Smoke Helmets, one of which must be of the air hose type and the other may, if desired, be either a breathing apparatus or smoke mask.

Ships of 4000 gross tons and upwards.	.	.	3	Smoke Helmets, two of which must be of the air hose type and the other may, if desired, be either a breathing apparatus or smoke mask.
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The outfits shall be suitably distributed in widely separated places.

31. **Portable drilling machine.**—Every ship of Class VIII on which a supply of electrical energy is available, other than a tanker, shall be provided with a portable electric drilling machine to provide emergency means of access to fires through decks, castings or bulkheads.

32. **Machinery Spaces: Ships with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers.**—(1) Every ship of Class VIII fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers shall be provided in the machinery spaces with—

- (a) at least two fire hydrants, one on the port side and one on the starboard side; and
- (b) for each such hydrant a fire hose with a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil.

(2) In each firing space of every ship of Class VIII fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers a receptacle shall be provided which shall contain at least 10 cubic feet of sand, or other dry material suitable for quenching oil fires. Scoops shall be provided for distributing the contents of the receptacle.

(3) In each firing space in every such ship and in each compartment therein containing the whole or part of the oil fuel installation, at least two portable fire extinguishers shall be provided which shall be capable of discharging froth or another substance suitable for quenching an oil fire.

In addition, one such extinguisher of at least 10 gallons capacity, or a carbon dioxide extinguisher of at least 35 lb. capacity shall be provided in each boiler room if the number of burners therein is five or more. If the number of burners in a boiler room is less than five, there shall be provided there in one froth fire extinguisher of at least 2 gallons capacity for each burner.

(4) A froth installation, complying with the requirements specified in the First Schedule to these Rules, shall be provided in every such ship whereby froth can be rapidly discharged and distributed over each boiler room, and over any space which contains the whole or part of the oil fuel installation. The froth available for discharge shall be sufficient in quantity to cover to a depth of 6 inches the largest single area over which oil fuel may spread in the event of leakage. If the engine room and boiler room are not separated from each other by a bulkhead and fuel oil may drain from the boiler room into the engine room bilges, the engine room and boiler room shall for the purpose of this sub-paragraph, be regarded as a single area. The aforesaid appliances shall be capable of being controlled from a readily accessible position which is not likely to be cut off in the event of fire. The Central Government may exempt any ship from the requirements of this sub-rule if it is satisfied that the boiler room and the spaces containing the oil fuel installation are adequately protected by—

- (a) a permanent piping system for the discharge of smothering-gas, steam or water at high pressure; and
- (b) if such system discharges steam and the ship is fitted only with water-tube boilers, a froth fire extinguisher of at least 30 gallons capacity or a carbon dioxide extinguisher of at least 100 lb. capacity.

33. Engine Rooms: Motor Ships.—In every ship of Class VIII fitted with internal combustion propelling machinery, the following fire appliances shall be provided in the compartment containing that machinery:—

- (a) two fire hydrants, one on the port side and one on the starboard side;
- (b) for each such hydrant, a fire hose with a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil;
- (c) two froth fire extinguishers each of at least 10 gallons capacity or two carbon dioxide fire extinguishers each of at least 35 lb. capacity, provided that only one such extinguisher shall be required in any ship in which a froth fire extinguisher of at least 10 gallons capacity or a carbon dioxide extinguisher of at least 35 lb. capacity is provided in compliance with sub-rule (3) or (4) of rule 32; and
- (d) portable fire extinguishers, capable of discharging froth or another substance suitable for quenching oil fires, in accordance with the following table—

<i>B.H.P. of main Engines</i>	<i>Number of Portable extinguishers</i>
Not over 1,000	2
Over 1,000 but not over 2,000	3
Over 2,000 but not over 3,000	4
Over 3,000 but not over 4,000	5
Over 4,000	6

SHIPS OF CLASS IX

34. Ships of 1,000 tons and over.—Rules 28 to 33, inclusive, shall apply to ships of Class IX of 1,000 tons and over as they apply to ships of Class VIII.

35. Ships of 500 tons or over but under 1,000 tons.—(1) This Rule applies to ships of Class IX of 500 tons or over but under 1,000 tons.

(2) Every ship to which this Rule applies shall be provided with at least—

- (a) one pump operated by power and one fire hose whereby a powerful jet of water can be rapidly directed into any part of the ship, together with a spare fire hose 30 feet in length;
- (b) three portable fire extinguishers readily accessible for use in the crew spaces and passenger spaces, if any; and
- (c) a fireman's outfit consisting of a safety lamp, a fireman's axe, and a smoke helmet of the air hose type, complying with the requirements specified in the Sixth Schedule to these Rules.

(3) Every ship to which this Rule applies, being a ship fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers or internal combustion propelling machinery, shall be provided in the machinery spaces with a hydrant and a fire hose with a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil.

(4) (a) Every ship to which this Rule applies, being a ship fitted with oil-fired boilers, shall be provided in each boiler room with—

- (i) a receptacle containing an adequate quantity of sand, or other dry material suitable for quenching oil fires;
- (ii) a scoop for distributing the contents of the receptacle.

(b) In each firing space in every such ship and in each compartment therein containing the whole or part of the oil fuel installation, at least two portable fire extinguishers shall be provided which shall be capable of discharging froth or some other substance suitable for quenching an oil fire. In addition one such extinguisher of at least 10 gallons capacity or a carbon dioxide extinguisher of at least 35 lb. capacity shall be provided in each boiler room if the number of burners therein is five or more. If the number of burners in a boiler room is less than five there shall be provided therein one froth extinguisher of at least two gallons capacity for each burner.

(c) A froth installation, complying with the requirements specified in the First Schedule to these Rules, shall be provided in every such ship whereby froth can be rapidly discharged and distributed over each boiler room, and over any space which contains the whole or part of the oil fuel installation. The froth available for discharge shall be sufficient in quantity to cover to a depth of 6 inches the largest single area over which oil fuel may spread in the event of leakage. If the engine room and boiler room are not separated from each other by a bulkhead and fuel oil may drain from the boiler room into the engine room bilges, the engine room and boiler room shall, for the purpose of this clause be regarded as a single area. The aforesaid appliances shall be capable of being controlled from a readily accessible position which is not likely to be cut off in the event of fire. The Central Government may exempt any ship from the requirements of this clause if it is satisfied that the boiler room and the spaces containing the oil fuel installation are adequately protected by—

- (i) a permanent piping system for the discharge of smothering-gas, steam, or water at high pressure;
- (ii) if such system discharges steam and the ship is fitted only with water-tube boilers, a froth fire extinguisher of at least 30 gallons capacity or a carbon dioxide extinguisher of at least 100 lb. capacity.

(5) Every ship to which this rule applies, being a ship fitted with internal combustion propelling machinery, shall be provided in the machinery spaces with portable fire extinguishers capable of discharging froth or another substance for quenching oil fires, in accordance with the following table—

B.H.P. of main Engines	number of portable extinguishers
Not over 100	3
Over 100 but not over 150	4
Over 150 but not over 200	5
Over 200 but not over 250	6
Over 250	7

Provided that, for the number of portable fire extinguishers set forth in the foregoing table, there may be substituted two such extinguishers as are referred to in the foregoing provision, and either—

- (a) one froth fire extinguisher of at least 10 gallons capacity; or
- (b) one carbon dioxide fire extinguisher of at least 35 lb. capacity.

36. Ships of 150 tons or over but under 500 tons.—(1) This rule applies to ships of Class IX of 150 tons or over but under 500 tons.

(2) Every ship to which this rule applies shall be provided with at least—

- (a) one pump operated by power and one fire hose whereby a powerful jet of water can be rapidly directed into any part of the ship;
- (b) four fire buckets and a fireman's axe.

(3) Every ship to which this rule applies, being a ship fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers or internal combustion propelling machinery, shall be provided with a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil by means of the fire hose referred to in sub-rule (2).

(4) (a) Every ship to which this rule applies, being a ship fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers, shall be provided in the machinery space with—

- (i) a receptacle containing an adequate quantity of sand, or other dry material suitable for quenching oil fires;
- (ii) a scoop for distributing the contents of the receptacle.

(b) The boiler room in every such ship and each compartment in the ship which contains the whole or part of the oil fuel installation, shall be provided with at least two portable fire extinguishers capable of discharging froth or another substance suitable for quenching oil fires.

(c) A froth installation, complying with the requirements specified in the First Schedule to these Rules, shall be provided in every such ship whereby froth can be rapidly discharged and distributed over each boiler room, and over any space which

contains the whole or part of the fuel installation. The froth available for discharge shall be sufficient in quantity to cover to a depth of 6 inches the largest single area over which fuel oil may spread in the event of leakage. If the engine room and boiler room are not separated from each other by a bulkhead and fuel oil may drain from the boiler into the engine room bilges, the engine room and boiler room shall, for the purpose of this clause, be regarded as a single area. The aforesaid appliances shall be capable of being controlled from a readily accessible position which is not likely to be cut off in the event of fire. The Central Government may exempt any ship from the requirements of this clause if it is satisfied that the boiler room and the spaces containing the oil fuel installation are adequately protected by a permanent piping system for the discharge of smothering gas, steam, or water at high pressure.

(5) Every ship to which this rule applies, being a ship fitted with internal combustion propelling machinery, shall be provided in the engine room with—

- (a) a receptacle containing an adequate quantity of sand, or other dry material suitable for quenching oil fires;
- (b) a scoop for distributing the contents of the receptacle;
- (c) at least two portable extinguishers capable of discharging froth or another substance suitable for quenching oil fires.

37. **Ships of under 150 tons.**—(1) This rule applies to ships of Class IX of under 150 tons.

(2) Every ship to which this rule applies shall be provided with—

- (a) one pump and one fire hose whereby a powerful jet of water can be rapidly directed into any part of the ship; and
- (b) at least three fire buckets and a fireman's axe.

Provided that in open ships fitted with internal combustion propelling machinery two fire buckets with lanyards attached may be substituted for a pump and a fire hose. Such buckets shall be additional to the buckets referred to in clause (b).

(3) Every ship to which this rule applies, being a ship fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers or internal combustion propelling machinery, shall be provided with—

- (a) a receptacle containing an adequate quantity of sand, or other dry material suitable for quenching oil fires;
- (b) a scoop for distributing the contents of the receptacle;
- (c) if the ship is provided with a fire hose, a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil by means of that hose;
- (d) at least two portable fire extinguishers capable of discharging froth or another substance suitable for quenching oil fires.

38. **Ships of Class X.**—(1) Rules 34 to 37, inclusive shall apply to ships of Class X.

(2) The Central Government may exempt any ship of Class X from any of the requirements of these rules.

39. **Ships of Class XI.**—(1) Every ship of Class XI shall be provided with—

- (a) One pump operated by power and one fire hose whereby a powerful jet of water can rapidly be directed into any part of the ship; provided that a hand pump may be substituted for a power pump in ships of under 70 feet in length and in ships in which sails are the main means of propulsion; and

(b) fire buckets in accordance with the following table—

Length of ship in feet	Minimum No. of buckets
50 and under	2, one of which shall be fitted with a lanyard.
Over 50 but not over 70	3, two of which shall be fitted with lanyards.
Over 70	4, two of which shall be fitted with lanyards.

(2) Every ship of Class XI fitted with oil-fired boilers and every decked ship of Class XI fitted with internal combustion propelling machinery shall be provided with a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil by means of the fire hose referred to in sub-rule (1).

(3) Every ship of Class XI fitted with main or auxiliary oil-fired boilers shall be provided in the boiler room with—

- (a) a receptacle containing an adequate quantity of sand, or other dry material suitable for quenching oil fires;
- (b) a scoop for distributing the contents of the receptacle;
- (c) at least two portable extinguishers capable of discharging froth or another substance suitable for quenching oil fires; and
- (d) a froth installation, complying with the requirements specified in the First Schedule to these rules, whereby froth can be rapidly discharged and distributed over each boiler room, and over any space which contains the whole or part of the fuel installation. The froth available for discharge shall be sufficient in quantity to cover to a depth of 6 inches the largest single area over which oil fuel may spread in the event of leakage. If the engine room and boiler room are not separated from each other by a bulkhead and fuel oil may drain from the boiler room into the engine room bilges, the engine room and boiler room shall, for the purpose of this clause, be regarded as a single area. The aforesaid appliances shall be capable of being controlled from a readily accessible position which is not likely to be cut off in the event of fire. The Central Government may exempt any ship from the requirements of this clause if it is satisfied that the boiler room and the spaces containing the oil fuel installation are adequately protected by a permanent piping system for the discharge of smothering-gas, steam, or water at high pressure.

(4) Every ship of Class XI fitted with internal combustion propelling machinery shall be provided in the machinery space with portable fire extinguishers capable of discharging froth or another substance suitable for quenching oil fires. The number of such extinguishers shall be in accordance with the following table—

B.H.P. of main Engines	Number of extinguishers
Not over 500	2
Over 500 but not over 1,000	3
Over 1,000 but not over 2,000	4

(5) The Central Government may exempt any ship of Class XI from any of the requirements of these rules.

40. Ships of Class XII.—Rule 26 shall apply to ships of Class XII as it applies to ships of Class VII.

41. Ships of Class XIII.—(1) Every ship of Class XIII of 70 feet in length and over shall be provided with a pump and a fire hose whereby a powerful jet of water can rapidly be directed into any part of the ship.

(2) Every ship of Class XIII shall be provided with fire buckets in accordance with the following table—

Length in Feet	Minimum No. of Puckets
50 or under	2, one of which shall be fitted with a lanyard.
Over 70	3, two of which shall be fitted with lanyards.
Over 50 but not over 70	4, two of which shall be fitted with lanyards.

(3) Every ship of Class XIII of 70 feet in length and over and fitted with internal combustion propelling machinery shall be provided with a nozzle suitable for spraying water on oil by means of the fire hose referred to in sub-rule (1).

(4) Every ship of Class XIII fitted with internal combustion propelling machinery shall be provided with portable fire extinguishers capable of discharging forth or another substance suitable for quenching oil fires. The number of such extinguishers shall be in accordance with the following table—

B.H.P. of Main Engines	Number of Extinguishers
Not over 500	2
Over 500	3

(5) Every ship of Class XIII in which sails are the only means of propulsion shall carry not less than two portable fire extinguishers.

(6) The Central Government may exempt any ship of Class XIII from any of the requirements of these rules.

GENERAL

42. Power Pumps.—(1) Every pump required by these rules to be operated by power shall be operated by means other than the ship's main engines, and shall not be used for pumping oil.

(2) Every such pump shall be capable of producing a throw of at least forty feet at every nozzle, other than a spray nozzle, when used with any of the fire hoses and nozzles provided in compliance with these Rules.

(3) Escape valves shall, whenever necessary, be provided in connection with every such pump and shall be so placed and adjusted as to prevent excessive pressure in any part of the water pipes served by the pump.

(4) In every ship required by these rules to be provided with pumps operated by power, the total pumping capacity of the pumps provided in compliance with that requirement shall not be less than two-thirds of the total pumping capacity of the bilge pumps provided in the ship.

43. Water Pipes and Hydrants.—(1) All water pipes and fire hydrants provided in compliance with these rules shall be so placed that fire hoses may easily be coupled to them. In ships which may carry dock cargo, the hydrants shall be so placed that the deck cargo will not hinder access to them, and the water pipes shall be protected from damage by the cargo.

(2) The water pipes shall not be made of cast iron, and, if made of iron or steel, shall be galvanised.

(3) Cocks or valves shall be fitted to the water pipes and shall be so arranged that any fire hoses coupled thereto may be removed while fire pumps are in operation.

44. Fire Hoses, Nozzles, etc.—(1) Fire hoses provided in compliance with these rules shall not exceed 60 feet in length and shall be made of leather, seamless hemp, closely woven flax canvas, or other suitable material and shall be provided with couplings, conductors and other necessary fittings, and with a plain nozzle of not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch diameter in addition to any spray-nozzle required by these rules.

(2) Every fire hose provided in compliance with these rules, together with the tools and fittings necessary for its use, shall be kept in a conspicuous position near the water hydrants or connections with which it is intended to be used.

(3) Except in ships of Class VI and in ships of Classes XI and XIII fire hoses provided in compliance with these rules shall not be used for any purpose other than extinguishing fire or testing with fire appliances.

45. Fire Buckets.—(1) Every fire bucket provided in compliance with these rules shall be painted red and shall be clearly and permanently marked with the word "FIRE". Every such bucket shall be kept filled with sand or water.

(2) At least half the number of fire buckets provided in compliance with these rules shall be fitted with lanyards of sufficient length to enable the buckets to be filled from the sea.

(3) Fire buckets provided in compliance with these rules shall not be used for any purpose other than extinguishing fire.

46. Fire Extinguishers.—(1) The Fire extinguishers provided in compliance with these rules shall be constructed in accordance with the Schedules to these rules respectively specified in the second column of the following table—

Type of Extinguisher	Schedule
Non-portable forth	Second
Portable or non-portable carbondioxide.	Third
Portable carbon tetrachloride	Fourth
Any other type of portable extinguisher	Fifth

(2) Not more than two types of portable fire extinguisher shall be provided in the passenger and crew spaces of any ship to which these rules apply.

(3) A spare charge shall be provided for every portable fire extinguisher provided in compliance with these rules.

(4) Fire extinguishers in which the substance for extinguishing fire is stored under pressure shall not be provided for use in passenger spaces or crew spaces.

(5) For the purpose of these rules the capacity of any fire extinguisher other than a carbon dioxide fire extinguisher shall be taken to be the greatest volume of solution which it can contain when sufficient air space is left to ensure the proper operation of the extinguisher.

(6) For the purposes of these rules the capacity of a carbon dioxide fire extinguisher shall be taken to be the greatest weight of carbon dioxide which it can, without danger of exploding, contain in a tropical climate.

(7) Every fire extinguisher provided in compliance with these rules shall at all times be kept fully charged.

47. Smothering Gas or Steam Installations.—(1) Every piping system provided in a ship to which these rules apply for conveying smothering-gas or steam shall be capable of being controlled by valves or cocks which shall be capable of being locked and shall be readily accessible from the deck. Such cocks or valves shall be clearly and permanently marked to indicate the compartments which they serve. Every piping system which serves a compartment to which passengers may have access shall be fitted with an additional cock or valve capable of being locked.

(2) The piping shall be so arranged as to distribute the smothering-gas or steam in an efficient manner. Where necessary for that purpose, at least two pipes shall be provided in cargo spaces, one in the forward part of the space and the other in the after part. Except in tankers and ships used for the conveyance of coal, pipes for conveying steam shall be fitted with outlets as low as practicable in the space which they serve.

(3) In tankers, the piping system shall be so arranged that the steam or fire-smothering-gas will be distributed over the surface of the cargo.

(4) When carbon dioxide is provided as an extinguishing medium discharged into boiler rooms by a piping system, the quantity of gas available shall be sufficient to give a minimum volume of free gas equal to 30 per cent. of the gross volume of the largest boiler room measured to the top of the boilers. If the engine and boiler rooms are not separated by a bulkhead and fuel oil may drain from the boiler room into the engine room bilges, the combined engine and boiler rooms shall, for the purposes of this sub-rule, be regarded as a single area.

(5) For the purpose of determining the quantity of liquified carbon dioxide required to produce the volume of smothering-gas required by these rules, 1 lb. of liquified carbon dioxide shall be deemed to produce 9 cubic feet of gas.

(6) Means shall be provided for giving audible warning when carbon dioxide is about to be released into any working space.

48. Stopping of Fans and closing of openings.—In every ship to which these rules apply, means shall be provided for rapidly stopping all fans and closing all openings which might admit air to spaces provided with a piping system for the discharge of smothering-gas, steam or froth. The means of stopping the fans shall be situated outside such spaces.

49. Safety Lamps.—Every safety lamp provided in compliance with these rules shall be operated by an electric battery and be capable of burning for a period of at least three hours.

50. Stowage of movable Fire Appliances.—All movable fire appliances, other than firemen's outfits, provided in compliance with these rules shall be stowed where they will be readily accessible from the spaces in which they are intended to be used, and, in particular, fire extinguishers shall be stowed near the entrances to the spaces in which they are intended to be used.

51. Equivalents and Exemptions.—Where these rules require that a particular fitting, appliance or apparatus, or type thereof, shall be fitted or carried in a ship, or that any particular provision shall be made, the Central Government may allow any other fitting, appliance or apparatus, or type thereof, to be fitted or carried, or any other provision to be made in that ship, if it is satisfied that the other fitting, appliance or apparatus, or type thereof, or provision, is at least as effective as that required by these Rules.

The Central Government may, on such conditions as it thinks fit, exempt any ship constructed before the coming into operation of these rules from any of the requirements of these rules if it is satisfied that the requirement is either impracticable or unreasonable in the case of that ship.

52. Penalty.—Whoever commits a breach of the provisions of these Rules shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to two hundred rupees and in the case of a continuous breach, with a further fine which may extend to twenty rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

THE FIRST SCHEDEULE

1. Froth fire extinguishing installations.—Every froth fire extinguishing installation of the gravity type provided in compliance with these rules shall be provided with—

- (a) containers for the froth-forming solution, so placed that a fire in the space intended to be protected will not interfere with the effective working of the installation;
- (b) outlet valves for the containers, so arranged that the solutions will be released from the containers simultaneously and in proper proportions by the operation of a control-wheel or control-handle, in either case so placed as not to be rendered inaccessible by a fire in the space intended to be protected;
- (c) means for agitating and sampling the froth-forming solutions and for testing the expansion rates thereof.

2. In every froth fire extinguishing installation of the continuous-generator type provided in compliance with these rules, the froth-forming apparatus, pumps and sources of power for the pumps, together with all controlling devices and other accessories necessary for efficient operation, shall be so arranged that a fire in the space intended to be protected will not prevent the efficient working of the installation.

3. Every such installation of the gravity or continuous generator type shall be provided with a system of distribution pipes so arranged as to enable the froth to be effectively distributed. Provision shall be made to prevent the obstruction of the pipes or their outlets by water or otherwise, and to enable the efficiency of the pipes to be readily tested. The pipes shall not be led through any refrigerated space unless they are insulated and provision is made for draining them.

4. Instructions in clear and permanent lettering shall be affixed to the equipment or in a position adjacent thereto.

THE SECOND SCHEDEULE

1. Non-portable froth fire extinguishers.—Every froth fire extinguisher, other than a portable fire extinguisher, provided in compliance with these rules shall be so designed and constructed that the interior of the extinguisher can be examined.

2. The body of the extinguisher shall be cylindrical with ends which shall be dished outwards, without reverse flanging, to a radius not exceeding the diameter of the body. The body and ends shall be made of sheet steel which shall be tinned or lead-coated internally, and every part of the extinguisher shall, where necessary, be protected against corrosion.

3. The body of the extinguisher shall be welded or riveted. All riveted joints shall be soldered.

4. The body shall be provided with an opening for the introduction of an inner container. The opening shall be fitted with a cap of gunmetal or other suitable material, screwed with a continuous thread, through the side of which safety holes or slots shall be provided so that when the cap is being removed any pressure of gas remaining in the container may be released gradually should the discharge opening be chocked. The cap joint shall be made with acid-resisting rubber, greased leather, or other suitable material.

5. If the extinguisher is provided with an inner container, such container shall be adequately supported.

6. A reinforced discharge hose shall be provided together with a nozzle, the area of which shall be such that, when the extinguisher is operated, the froth is projected a distance of 45 feet for a period of not less than 100 seconds, in the case of an extinguisher of 30 gallons capacity or over, and a distance of 35 feet for a period of not less than 90 seconds in the case of an extinguisher of under 30 gallons capacity.

7. The charge and the air space above the level of the solution in the body shall be so regulated that the maximum pressure in the extinguisher when put into action, with all outlets closed, does not exceed 280 lbs. per square inch with the solution at a temperature of 100 F.

8. The extinguisher shall be capable of withstanding for a period of 5 minutes an internal pressure of $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the pressure in the extinguisher when put into action with all outlets closed, and in no event of less than 360 lb.

9. The outside of the extinguisher shall be clearly and permanently marked with—

- (a) the name of the maker or vendor of the extinguisher;
- (b) the capacity of the extinguisher;
- (c) the level of the solution, when the extinguisher is filled to its working capacity;
- (d) the pressure under which the extinguisher was tested;
- (e) instructions for operating the extinguisher; and
- (f) the year in which the extinguisher was manufactured.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE

1. *Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.*—Every carbon dioxide fire extinguisher provided in compliance with these rules shall be provided with cylinders constructed in accordance with any one of the following British Standard Specifications—

No. 401, No. 1287, No. 1288.

2. Each cylinder shall be provided with an internal discharging tube, and a valve to release the gas.

3. The extinguisher shall be provided with a discharge hose which shall be reinforced so as to withstand a pressure of at least 1,800 lb. per square inch when the necessary couplings are fitted. The bore of the discharge hose shall not be less than the sizes respectively set forth in the following table—

Capacity of Extinguisher	Minimum bore of discharge hose
10 lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ inch.
35 lb.	$\frac{3}{8}$ inch.
100 lb.	$\frac{1}{2}$ inch.

The discharge hose shall be provided with a horn which shall be insulated and of a design which will reduce the velocity of the gas discharged.

4. At any temperature between 50°F. and 70°F. inclusive, the extinguisher shall discharge gas at such a rate that carbon dioxide equal in weight to 3/4 of the capacity of the container will be discharged in the periods respectively set forth in the following table—

Capacity of Extinguisher	Period
10 lb.	20 seconds.
35 lb.	35 "
100 lb.	70 "

5. The outside of the extinguisher shall be clearly and permanently marked with—

- (a) the name of the maker or vendor of the extinguisher;
- (b) instructions for operating the extinguisher;
- (c) markings which will indicate the respective weights of the extinguisher when empty and when filled; and
- (d) the year in which the extinguisher was manufactured.

THE FOURTH SCHEDULE

1. *Carbon Tetrachloride fire extinguishers.*—Every carbon tetrachloride fire extinguisher provided in compliance with these rules shall be of a nominal fluid capacity of one quart.

2. The body of the extinguisher shall be cylindrical and shall be constructed of copper or brass, in either case of a thickness not less than No. 22 L.S.G. All internal fittings of the extinguisher shall be made of copper, brass, bronze or lead, and all joint washers shall be made of material which will resist carbon tetrachloride.

3. Provision shall be made by which the carbon tetrachloride in the extinguisher can be sealed off from the atmosphere when the extinguisher is not in use, so as to prevent evaporation of the carbon tetrachloride.

4. The extinguisher shall be provided with a hand pump which shall be self-contained and double-acting. The plunger-packing shall consist of material which will resist carbon tetrachloride. The extinguisher shall be capable of discharging substantially the whole of the carbon tetrachloride which it contains, whatever the position in which it is held, and of projecting that fluid for a distance of 20 feet through a period of one minute.

5. The carbon tetrachloride provided for use with the extinguisher shall be of a standard of purity not less than that specified in British Standard Specification No. 575.

6. The outside of the extinguisher shall be clearly and permanently marked with—

- (a) the name of the maker or vendor of the extinguisher;
- (b) the capacity of the extinguisher;
- (c) instructions for operating the extinguisher;
- (d) the year in which the extinguisher was manufactured; and
- (e) a notice indicating that if the extinguisher is used for extinguishing fire in a confined space dangerous fumes will be given off and must not be inhaled.

THE FIFTH SCHEDULE

1. *Portable Fire Extinguishers (Other than carbon Dioxide and Carbon Tetrachloride Extinguishers).*—Every portable fire extinguisher provided in compliance with these rules, other than a carbon dioxide or carbon tetrachloride fire extinguisher, shall be of a capacity of not less than two gallons.

2. The body of every portable extinguisher shall be cylindrical with dished ends or conical with the larger end dished. The dishing shall be outwards, without reverse flanging, to a radius not exceeding the diameter of the body. If the extinguisher stands vertically a metal support shall be securely attached to the body.

3. The body and ends of the extinguisher shall be made of sheet steel or copper, in either case tinned or lead-covered internally, and every part of the extinguisher shall, where necessary, be protected against corrosion.

4. If the body is made of sheet steel, it shall be solid drawn, welded or riveted. All rivet holes shall be drilled, and all riveted joints shall be soldered.

5. If the body is made of copper it shall be solid drawn or riveted. All rivet holes shall be drilled and all riveted joints shall be soldered or brazed.

6. The body shall be provided with an opening for the introduction of an inner container. The opening shall not be less than 3 inches in diameter and shall be fitted with a gun-metal cap, the screwed part of which shall be approximately 3/4 inch deep and shall be screwed with a continuous thread through the side of which safety holes or slots shall be provided so that when the cap is being removed any pressure of gas remaining in the container will be released gradually should the discharge opening be choked. The cap joint shall be made with acid resisting rubber, greased leather, or other suitable material, and shall not exceed $\frac{1}{8}$ inch in thickness. Any cage for holding glass bottles shall be removable so as to facilitate the cleaning and inspection of the interior of the extinguisher. Any protector fitted to a plunger shall be of the open or cage type. The body shall be capable of withstanding an internal pressure of 350 lbs. per square inch for five minutes.

7. Extinguishers containing fluid shall be provided with a device which will, when the extinguisher is not in use, prevent the fluid from rising in the discharge tube in consequence of a rise in the temperature of the atmosphere. The discharge tube or opening in such extinguishers shall be fitted with a strainer. Any internal discharge tubes shall be of sufficient length to discharge substantially the whole of the fluid in the extinguisher. No cocks or valves shall be fitted for stopping the discharge of the fluid.

8. The extinguisher shall be capable of projecting fluid for a distance of 20 feet during a period of one minute.

9. The extinguisher shall be provided with fixed handles which will enable it to be readily transported and used.

10. The discharge tube or opening shall be provided with a screwed connection which will facilitate testing.

11. The charge and the air space above the level of the fluid in the body shall be so regulated that, if the extinguisher is put into action with all outlets closed, the internal pressure will not exceed 200 lbs. per square inch when the fluid is at a temperature of 100°F.

12. The outside of the extinguisher shall be clearly and permanently marked with—

- (a) the name of the maker or vendor of the extinguisher;
- (b) the capacity of the extinguisher;
- (c) the level of the fluid, when the extinguisher is filled to its working capacity;
- (d) a certificate by the maker that the extinguisher has been tested by hydraulic pressure to 350 lbs. per square inch;
- (e) instructions for operating the extinguisher; and
- (f) the year in which the extinguisher was manufactured.

THE SIXTH SCHEDEULE

1. *Breathing Apparatus, Smoke Helmets and Smoke Masks.*—Every breathing apparatus provided in compliance with these rules shall be self-contained. Means shall be provided for warning the wearer that any reacting chemicals forming part of the apparatus are about to be exhausted.

Every smoke helmet or smoke mask provided in compliance with these rules shall be provided with a hose for the supply of air from the outside atmosphere. The hose shall be of a non-collapsing type and shall be sufficient in length to enable the inlet end to be on deck or elsewhere in clean air while the wearer of the helmet or mask is in any part of the cargo space, crew space or passenger space, if any. If the hose is more than 90 feet in length a pump or bellows shall

be provided which shall be suitable for pumping air through the hose. Efficient couplings shall be provided if two or more lengths of hose are joined in order to reach the aforesaid spaces. The inlet end of the hose shall be capable of being secured in position and shall be so protected as to ensure that the supply of air cannot be obstructed.

3. The following equipment shall be provided for use with the breathing apparatus, smoke helmet, or smoke mask:—

- (a) a life and signalling line at least 10 feet longer than is required to reach from the deck or elsewhere in clean air to any part of the cargo space, crew space, or passenger space, if any; the line shall be made of hemp-covered wire rope at least $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in circumference; the wire incorporated in the rope shall have a breaking strength of less than 1 ton and shall be made of copper or galvanised steel; provided that, in any tanker, rope made without wire, but having a breaking strength of not less than 1 ton, may be carried in lieu;
- (b) an adjustable safety belt or harness to which the aforesaid line shall be securely attached;
- (c) means for protecting the eyes and face of the wearer against smoke.

4. The breathing apparatus, smoke helmet or smoke mask shall each be clearly and permanently marked with the name of the maker or vendor and the year in which they were manufactured. Operating instructions in clear and permanent lettering shall be affixed to the said equipment.

[F. No. 51-M.A. (5)/54.]

A. V. SUBRAMANIA IYER, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

New Delhi, the 10th January, 1957

S.R.O. 195.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1948 (53 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Mineral Concession Rules, 1949, namely:—

In clause (ii) of rule 3 of the said rules, for the words "ordinary sand", the words "ordinary sand used for non-industrial purposes" shall be substituted.

[No. MII-152(68)/54]

R. N. VASUDEVA, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 14th January 1957

S.R.O. 196.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1948 (53 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Mining Leases (Modification of Terms) Rules, 1956, namely:—

In rule 4 of the said Rules, for the words 'Mineral Concession Rules' wherever they occur, the words "Minerals Conservation and Development Rules" shall be substituted.

[No. 176(5)/56-MIV.]

G. C. JERATH, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF PRODUCTION

New Delhi, the 8th January, 1957

S.R.O. 197.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 17 of the Coal Mines (Conservation and Safety) Act, 1952 (12 of 1952), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Coal Mines (Conservation and

Safety) Rules 1954, [the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section], namely:—

Amendment

In sub-rule (4) of Rule 38 of the said rules, for the words "one full month", the words "three full months" shall be substituted.

[C5-5(3)/56.]

S. N. DANDONA, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY

New Delhi, the 12th January 1957

S.R.O. 198.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Petroleum Rules, 1937, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (2) of section 5, sub-section (2) of section 14, sections 21 and 22 and sub-section (1) of section 29 of the Petroleum Act, 1934 (30 of 1934), is published as required by sub-section (2) of section 29 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 28th January, 1957. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

In the said Rules —

(1) In sub-rule (2) of rule 1, the words "except the State of Jammu and Kashmir" shall be omitted.

(2) for rule 2A, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"2A. Special provision for the State of Jammu and Kashmir:—

If the Chief Inspector considers it necessary or expedient so to do for avoiding any hardship or anomaly, or removing any difficulty that may arise as a result of the extension of these rules to the State of Jammu and Kashmir, the Chief Inspector may, by general or special order, permit any licence to be granted or anything to be done which is not in conformity with these rules but which was permitted to be granted or done by or under any rule in force immediately before the coming into force of these rules in the State.

Provided that no order so made shall have effect after the 31st day of December, 1958".

(3) for the first proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 115, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that in the case of Jammu and Kashmir State, every licence in force on the 1st November, 1956 shall continue to remain in force till the 30th June, 1957".

[No. S. & P. II-128(1)/54-I.]

S.R.O. 199.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Carbide of Calcium Rules, 1937, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 and sub-section (1) of section 29 of the Petroleum Act, 1934 (30 of 1934), as applied to Carbide of Calcium by the notification of Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Labour No. M-826(1), dated the 15th October, 1936, is published as required by sub-section (2) of section 29 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 28th January, 1957. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

In the said Rules—

(1) In sub-rule (2) of rule 1, the words "except the State of Jammu and Kashmir" shall be omitted.

(2) for rule 2A, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“2A. Special provision for the State of Jammu and Kashmir.—If the Chief Inspector considers it necessary or expedient so to do for avoiding any hardship or anomaly, or removing any difficulty that may arise as a result of the extension of these rules to the State of Jammu and Kashmir, the Chief Inspector may, by general or special order, permit any licence to be granted or anything to be done which is not in conformity with these rules but which was permitted to be granted or done by or under any rule in force immediately before the coming into force of these rules in the State.

Provided that no order so made shall have effect after the 31st day of December, 1956”.

(3) for the first proviso to sub-rule (ii) of rule 33, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

“Provided that in the case of Jammu and Kashmir State, every licence in force on the 1st November, 1956 shall continue to remain in force till the 30th June, 1957”.

[No. S&P.II-128(1)/54-II.]

New Delhi, the 14th January 1957

S.R.O. 200.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Cinematograph Film Rules, 1948, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 and sub-section (1) of section 29 of the Petroleum Act, 1934 (30 of 1934) is published as required by sub-section (2) of section 29 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 28th January 1957. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

In the said Rules—

(1) In sub-rule (2) of rule 1, the words “except the State of Jammu and Kashmir” shall be omitted.

(2) for rule 2A, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“2A. Special provision for the State of Jammu and Kashmir.—If the Chief Inspector considers it necessary or expedient so to do for avoiding any hardship or anomaly, or removing any difficulty that may arise as a result of the extension of these rules to the State of Jammu and Kashmir, the Chief Inspector may, by general or special order, permit any licence to be granted or anything to be done which is not in conformity with these rules but which was permitted to be granted or done by or under any rule in force immediately before the coming into force of these rules in the State.

Provided that no order so made shall have effect after the 31st day of December, 1956”.

(3) for the first proviso to sub-rule (ii) of rule 33, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

“Provided that in the case of Jammu and Kashmir State, every licence in force on the 1st November, 1956 shall continue to remain in force till the 30th June, 1957”.

[No. S&P.II-128(1)/54-III.]

M. N. KALE, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

New Delhi, the 9th January 1957

S.R.O. 201.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Rule 160 of the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1937, the Central Government hereby directs that during the period

from 1st January 1957 to 31st December 1957, the following concessions shall be admissible to candidates for the grant of a Commercial Pilot's 'B' licence, namely:—

1. Every such candidate shall be permitted to reappear not more than thrice (instead of twice) for examination in any of the groups (so far as the candidate for the grant of 'B' licence is concerned) of the Technical examinations specified in paragraph 3 of Section 'C' in Schedule II to the said Rules, in which he has failed.
2. The total period during which any such candidate shall pass in all the groups (so far as the candidate for the grant of 'B' Licence is concerned) of the said Technical Examinations shall be one year (instead of six months) from the date of the first successful examination.
3. The flying tests specified in Section 'C' of Schedule II to the said Rules shall continue to be carried out within a maximum period of 2 months from the date of the first test undertaken and together with the technical examinations specified in that Section shall be completed within the overall period of 12 months from the date of the first preceding the date of receipt in Director General of Civil Aviation's Office of complete papers for the issue of 'B' Licence.

[No. AR/1937 (26).]

[F. No. 10-A/1-57.]

D. R. KOHLI, Under Secy.

(Posts and Telegraphs)

New Delhi, the 8th January 1957

S.R.O. 202.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Indian Post Office Rules, 1933, namely:—

In the said Rules—

- (1) rule 32 shall be omitted;
- (2) after rule 49, the following shall be inserted, namely:—
"Suspension or restriction of transmission of Postal articles.

49A. The Postmaster-General may at any time, in respect of any particular office or offices, suspend the acceptance or despatch of all or any of the classes of postal articles or restrict the number or description or both of all or any of the classes of postal articles to be accepted or despatched."

[No. C.47-1/54.]

V. M. BHIDE, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

New Delhi, the 7th January, 1957

S.R.O. 203.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri Damodar Dass, I.A.S., Deputy Secretary in the Rehabilitation Department of the State of Punjab to the Post of Settlement Commissioner in the State of Punjab in addition to his own duties for the purpose of performing the functions assigned to the Settlement Commissioner by or under the said Act.

[No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-I]

S.R.O. 204.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri Shamsher Singh, Assistant Director, Rural in the Rehabilitation Department of the State of Punjab to the post of an Assistant Settlement Commissioner in the State of Punjab in addition to his own duties for the purpose of performing the functions assigned to an Assistant Settlement Commissioner by or under the said Act.

[No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-II]

S.R.O. 205.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints S. Balwant Singh Tehsildar in the Rehabilitation Department of the State of Punjab to the post of a Settlement Officer in the State of Punjab in addition to his own duties for the purpose of performing functions assigned to a Settlement Officer by or under the said Act.

[No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-III]

ORDER

S.R.O. 206.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954, (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby directs that the officers specified in column 1 of the Schedule below who have been appointed under the said sub-section to the posts specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule shall perform the functions respectively assigned to them by or under the said Act only in respect of agricultural lands situated in the State of Punjab in any rural area as defined in clause (f) of rule 2 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Rules, 1955, including houses, if any, in any such area allotted along with such lands.

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i> <i>Name of Officer</i>	<i>Column 2</i> <i>Appointment made</i>
1. Shri Demoder Das, Deputy Secretary to Government of Punjab, Rehabilitation Department, Jullundur.	Settlement Commissioner in the State of Punjab.
2. S. Shamsher Singh, Assistant Director Rural in the Rehabilitation Department of the State of Punjab.	Assistant Settlement Commissioner in the State of Punjab.
3. Shri Balwant Singh, Tehsildar in the Rehabilitation Department of the State of Punjab.	Settlement Officer

[No. S.III-1(7)(1)/56-IV.]

New Delhi, the 10th January 1957

S.R.O. 207.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), and in supersession of this Ministry's notification No. SIII-7(57)/55-I, dated 20th February, 1956, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri A. L. Fletcher, I.C.S., Financial Commissioner, Revenue and Rehabilitation, Punjab Government to the post of Settlement Commissioner in the re-organised State of Punjab in addition to his own duties for the purpose of performing the functions assigned to the Settlement Commissioner by or under the said Act.

[No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-I.]

S.R.O. 208.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), and in supersession of this Ministry's notification No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-I, dated 15th June, 1956, (regarding appointment of Shri Harnam Singh Wasu), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri Harnam Singh Wasu, Additional Custodian of Evacuee Property, Punjab, to the post of an Additional Settlement Commissioner in the re-organised State of Punjab in addition to his own duties for the purpose of performing the functions assigned to an Additional Settlement Commissioner by or under the said Act.

[No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-II.]

S.R.O. 209.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), and in supersession of this Ministry's notification No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-III, dated 15th June, 1956, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri Hari Singh Mumtaz, an officer in the Rehabilitation Department, of the State of Punjab to the post of an Assistant Settlement Commissioner in the reorganised State of Punjab for the purpose of performing the functions assigned to an Assistant Settlement Commissioner by or under the said Act.

[No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-III.]

S.R.O. 210.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), and in supersession of this Ministry's notification No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-I, dated 15th June, 1956 (regarding appointment of Shri Pritam Singh), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri Pritam Singh, Deputy Registrar, Land Claims,

Jullundur, to the post of a Settlement Officer in the re-organised State of Punjab, in addition to his own duties, for the purpose of performing the functions assigned to a Settlement Officer by or under the said Act.

[No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-IV.]

ORDER

S.R.O. 211.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954, (44 of 1954) and in supersession of this Ministry's orders noted below, the Central Government hereby directs that the officers specified in column 1 of the Schedule below who have been appointed under the said sub-section to the posts specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that schedule shall perform the functions respectively assigned to them by or under the said Act only in respect of agricultural lands, situated in the State of the re-organised Punjab in any rural area as defined in clause (f) of rule 2 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Rules, 1955, including houses, cattle sheds and vacant sites if any, in any such area allotted alongwith such lands.

(1) Order No. SIII-7(57)/55-II, dated 20th February, 1956, regarding exercise of powers by Shri A. L. Fletcher.

(2) Order No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-II, dated 15th June, 1956, regarding exercise of powers by Shri Harnam Singh Wasu.

(3) Order No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-IV, dated 15th June, 1956, regarding exercise of powers by Shri Hari Singh Mumtaz.

(4) Order No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-II, dated 15th June, 1956, regarding exercise of powers by Shri Pritam Singh.

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1, Name of the Officer</i>	<i>Column 2, Appointment made</i>
1) Shri A.L. Fletcher, I.C.S., Financial Commissioner, Revenue & Rehabilitation, Punjab.	Settlement Commissioner in the State of Punjab in addition to his own duties.
2) Shri Harnam Singh Wasu, Additional Custodian of Evacuee Property, Punjab.	Additional Settlement Commissioner in the State of Punjab in addition to his own duties.
3) Shri Hari Singh Mumtaz, PCS, Rehabilitation Department, Punjab Government.	Assistant Settlement Commissioner in the State of Punjab.
4) Shri Pritam Singh, Dy. Registrar, Land Claims, Rehabilitation Department, Punjab Government, Jullundur.	Settlement Officer in the State of Punjab.

[No. SIII-1(7)(1)/56-V.]

H. S. NAIR, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 8th January, 1957

S.R.O. 212.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (2) of Section 16 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints each of the following officers to be the Managing Officers for the custody, management and disposal of Compensation Pool in the State of Rajasthan:—

1. Shri Ram Nath Mehta.
2. Shri Hem Chandra.
3. Shri Umesh Dutt Sharma.

[F. No. 10/28/56 SII.]

New Delhi, the 9th January 1957

S.R.O. 213.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950, (XXXI of 1950), the Central Government, hereby appoints with effect from the 24th November, 1956 for the State of Bombay (Saurashtra Region) Shri J. K. Gohel, I.A.S., Additional Regional Settlement Commissioner, Rajkot as Additional Custodian of Evacuee Property, for the purpose of discharging the duties imposed by or under the said Act.

[No. XVI-1(19)/56-Prop.II.]

MANMOHAN KISHAN, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

New Delhi, the 7th January, 1957

S.R.O. 214—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal Dhanbad, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Nowrozabad Colliery of the Associated Cement Companies Limited and their workmen.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL AT DHANBAD

Before Shri Syed Matin Ahmed, B.A.L.L.B., Member, Labour Appellate Tribunal of India, and Sole Member, Central Government Industrial Tribunal, constituted by Order, No. S.R.O. 1448, dated 14th June 1956 read with Order No. L.R. II/2/55/55 dated 10th December 1956 with headquarters at Dhanbad.

REFERENCE No. 1 of 1956(L)

In the matter of an industrial dispute between the employers in relation to Nowrozabad Colliery of Messrs. Associated Cement Companies Limited in the State of Vindhya Pradesh and their workmen.

APPEARANCES

Shri R. L. Malviya and Shri K. B. Chaugule—*For the workmen.*

Shri R. H. Ranga Rao & Shri K. Rajagopalswamy—*For the Employers.*

AWARD

The Government of India, in the Ministry of Labour, by Order No. S.R.O. 1448 dated 14th June 1956 (L.R. II-2(55)/55-I constituted an Industrial Tribunal under Section 10(1)(c) of the Industrial Disputes Act 1947 with myself as the Sole Member thereof, for adjudication of an industrial dispute existing between the employers in relation to the Nowrozabad colliery of the Associated Cement Companies Ltd., in the State of Vindhya Pradesh and their workmen, with headquarters at Lucknow which were later changed to Dhanbad.

The following were the matters of dispute referred to this Tribunal for adjudication as subsequently amended by Corrigendum No. L.R. II-2(55)/55 dated 24th July 1956.

- (i) Are certain categories of workmen entitled to 12½% increase in their basic wages, according to the Rewa Award? If so, what categories, from what date and on what basic wage?
- (ii) Are the workmen entitled to refund of the amount deducted from their wages on account of cost of explosives during the whole or any part of the period 1948 to 1952?
- (iii) Are the workmen entitled to any payment for lead and lift? If the answer is in the affirmative, are they entitled to any payment on this account in respect of the work done in the past and, if so, from which date and at what rates?
- (iv) Have the increments of certain workmen been wrongfully withheld with effect from 1954? (specific cases to be cited by workmen). If so, to what relief are such workmen entitled?
- (v) Is the system of deduction of coal tubs on the ground of under-loading justified? If not, to what relief are the workmen entitled and from what date?
- (vi) Were 19 miners in July 1955, 42 workmen in February and March 1956, 129 miners from No. 2 and 70 miners from No. 4 incline from 8th February 1956 to 12th February 1956, illegally locked-out as alleged by the union or did they go on illegal strike as alleged by the management? If they were illegally locked-out to what relief are they entitled?
- (vii) Alleged victimisation of certain workmen, by transfer, during the year 1956 (specific cases to be cited by workmen).
- (viii) Are the persons called Commission holders in Nowrozabad Mines 'Workmen' as defined under Section 2(s) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, and have old commission holders been wrongfully replaced by new ones? If so, to what relief are the replaced commission holders entitled?

(iv) Was the system of departmental labour substituted by contract labour during the year 1956? If the answer is in the affirmative, did such substitution amount to a change in the service conditions of the affected workmen, and if so, to what relief are such workmen entitled?"

Both the parties to this dispute filed lengthy written statements in support of their respective contentions, and the proceedings were fixed for hearing and final disposal at Nagpur on 17th December 1956 at the request of the parties. On this date, the parties informed the Tribunal that they had amicably settled their dispute as per memorandum of agreement marked Annexures and did not wish to adduce any evidence or argue the case on merits.

I have perused the terms of the above agreement, arrived at between the parties, and consider them as fair and reasonable.

I accordingly pass an award in terms of the agreement and order that Annexures containing the terms of agreement between the parties shall form part of this award.

CAMP: NAGPUR;

Dated the 19th December, 1956.

S. M. AHMED,
Member.

Labour Appellate Tribunal of India and
Sole Member, Central Government Industrial
Tribunal, Dhanbad.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT'S INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (AD-HOC)
TRIBUNAL, LUCKNOW, PRESENTLY AT DHANBAD

REFERENCE NO. 1 OF 1956

BETWEEN

The Associated Cement Cos. Ltd., Nowrozabad Colliery, P.O. Nowrozabad, (Vindhya-
Pradesh).

AND

Their Workmen.

In the matters as per Schedule in the Government of India Order No. LR-II-2
(55)/55-I dated New Delhi, 14th June 1956.

MAY IT PLEASE THIS HON'BLE TRIBUNAL :

1. The above dispute has been referred to this Hon'ble Tribunal for adjudication by the Government of India by its Order No. LR-II-2(55)/56-I dated 14th June, 1956. It has been marked as Reference No. 1 of 1956 before this Hon'ble Tribunal.
2. The parties have been called upon to file their pleadings and they have so filed their pleadings before this Hon'ble Tribunal.
3. In the meanwhile the parties have by agreement settled each and all the issues referred to adjudication as per copy of Settlement (Annexure I) annexed hereto and signed by the parties. The parties are of the opinion that the settlement is in the interest and to the benefit of the workers and management concerned.
4. In order that this Settlement may have the maximum coverage, the parties desire the terms of this settlement to be given the widest publicity by publication in the Nowrozabad Colliery and by such other means this Hon'ble Tribunal may deem fit to direct.

5. The parties, therefore, pray this Hon'ble Tribunal be pleased

- (a) to direct the parties to post copies of this Settlement at the Colliery and to give such other directions the Hon'ble Tribunal may think fit in the matter, and
- (b) to pass an Award in terms of the Settlement hereeto annexed.

For and on behalf of the Workmen of The Associated Cement Cos. Ltd., Nowrozabad Colliery, Nowrozabad:

(Sd.) D. N. PATHAK,

President,

Nowrozabad Colliery
Mazdoor Sangh.

(Sd.) K. RAJAGOPALASWAMY,

Executive Head,

(Collieries Department).

(Sd.) K. B. CHOUGULE,
General Secretary,
Nowrozabad Colliery
Mazdoor Sangh.

(Sd.) G. H. JHA,
Manager,
Nowrozabad Colliery.

NOWROZABAD;

File,

(Sd.) S. M. AHMED, 17-12-56.

Dated 9th day of November 1956.

ANNEXURE I

Terms of Settlement between the Associated Cement Cos. Ltd., Nowrozabad Colliery, Nowrozabad, and their Workmen (a) to be filed before the Ad Hoc Industrial Tribunal in Reference No. 1 of 1956 and (b) to be registered under the Industrial Disputes (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, with the Conciliation Officer (Central)

The Associated Cement Companies Ltd., Nowrozabad Colliery, Nowrozabad, and their Workmen at that Colliery are convinced of the following:

- (a) That the period of dispute which has created unfriendliness and lack of co-operation between them should be put an end to.
- (b) That in friendly partnership they must do their best to assist in the achievement of the target set in the Second Five-Year Plan for the raising of coal within India.
- (c) That in order to achieve this target not only is industrial peace necessary at the Colliery, but also that the bonds of mutual respect, understanding and friendship between the workers and the management must constantly be strengthened.

"In order to bring about this state of affairs, the two parties mutually agree and enter into a settlement as follows:

1. The Parties will make a joint application in Reference No. 1 of 1956 before Shri Mati Ahmed, Ad Hoc Industrial Tribunal, presently at Dhanbad, stating that all the claims under each and every one of the items mentioned in the Schedule to the Order of Reference (No. LR-II-2 (55)/55-1, dated New Delhi, 14-6-1956) have been settled by this SETTLEMENT and praying the Hon'ble Tribunal to pass an award in terms of this SETTLEMENT which shall be annexed and form part of such joint Application.
2. In order to give the widest coverage and greatest sanction to this AGREEMENT, the Parties shall include a further prayer in the Application that the Hon'ble Tribunal be pleased to give the widest publicity to this Settlement by directing the Company to post notices and a copy of this Settlement, at the Nowrozabad Colliery and by such other means as the Hon'ble Tribunal may deem fit.
3. For the same reason the Parties shall under a letter signed by both of them, send copies of this Settlement to the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Nagpur and the Conciliation Officer (Central) with a request to take them on their files and register them as a memorandum of Settlement under the Industrial Disputes (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act.
4. In satisfaction of all the claims of workers concerned, under items (i) to (ix) (inclusive) of the Order of Reference, the Company shall set apart and make available a sum of Rs. 1,80,000/- or as near to this figure as practicable.
5. The said sum shall be distributed by the Company in the following manner as indicated by the workers through their representatives.

6. *Item No. i to the Schedule to the Order of Reference.*—Daily time-rated workers (including trammers and wagon-loaders) who were on the Muster Rolls of the Colliery as daily time-rated workers on 26-5-1956 (the date of implementation of the Award of the All India Industrial Tribunal, Colliery Disputes) or who have been reinstated on 10-10-1956, and whose basic wage did not exceed Rs. 2-8-0 per day on 1-1-1953, are to be paid for the period 1-1-1953 to 26-5-56, at the rate of 12½ per cent of their basic wage as on 1-1-53. In the case of workers who joined after 1-1-53, they are to be paid on the basis of 12½% of their basic wage at the time of joining. Monthly paid workers drawing up to Rs. 65/- per month are to be treated as on a par with daily-rated workers drawing upto Rs. 2-8-0 per day for the purpose of this benefit.

Example:—If a time-rated worker was drawing say, Re. 1 basic per day on 1-1-1953, he is to be paid at the rate of Annas 2 per day and 26 days a month, for $40.5/6$ months, i.e., $2 \times 26 \times 40.5/6$ annas or Re. 132-11-4.

If he is a daily-rated monthly paid worker who was being paid for all the 30 days of the month, he would be entitled to receive Annas 2 per day, for 30 days a month and for 40.5/6 months, i.e. $2 \times 30 \times 40.5/6$ annas or Rs. 153-2-0.

The amount involved under this head Rs. 68,877 3 6

NOTE:—(a) The attendance Register of the Colliery as on 26-5-1956 shall be final as to who were still working at the Colliery. Their basic wages on 1-1-1953 as shown in the Muster Roll of that date (or in the case of those who joined after 1-1-53, the Muster Roll of the date of their joining) shall be final for purposes of calculation.

“A”

(b) The list of workers referred to above, together with the amounts payable to each under this head, forms Annexure 'A'.

7. *Item No. ii to the Schedule to the Order of Reference*:-—The 212 miners who were offered a refund of the amounts deducted in 1952 on account of excess use of explosives are to be paid, in lieu of the refund, a sum of Rs. 15 per head.

The amount involved under this head Rs. 3,180 0 0

•B•

NOTE:—The list of miners under the head together with the amounts payable to each is annexed as Annexure 'B'.

8. *Items Nos. iii. & v to the Schedule to the Order of Reference:—* All miners working at the Colliery as on 26-5-56 and those who have been reinstated on 10-10-56 are to be paid a consolidated rate of 2.4 annas per tub on the number of tubs raised by each individual during the period 1-1-52 to 26-5-56.

The amount involved under this head Rs. 47,333 13 9

NOTE:—(a) The Colliery Attendance Register shall be final as to the names of miners working at the Colliery as on 26-5-56.

(b) The Company's books shall be final as to the tubs raised by each individual to be paid under this head.

657

(c) The list of miners under the head together with the amounts payable to each is annexed as Annexure 'C'.

9. Item No. iv to the Schedule to the Order of Reference.-(i) Single increments effective from 1-1-56 are to be granted to Monthly-paid staff members who did not get any increment during the year 1956.

The amount involved in respect of additional payment by way of increase in Basic wage, Dearness allowance and Bonus up to 31-12-1956.

(ii) Such of those monthly-paid staff members who did not get any increments during the year 1955, are to be paid cash, equivalent to what they would have earned by way of single increments in the basic wage and corresponding dearness allowance and bonus during the year.

The amount involved in respect of the above for the year 1955 Rs. 4,198 8 0

Total amount involved under (i) and (ii) above Rs. 8,808, 3 6

‘D’	Note.—The list of workers under this head together with the quantum of increment granted to each worker for the year 1956 and the amounts due to each for the years 1956 and 1955 is annexed as Annexure ‘D’.	
‘E’	10. <i>Items Nos. vi, vii, viii & in to the Schedule to the Order of Reference.</i> — (i) Workers listed in Annexure ‘E’ have been reinstated with effect from 10-10-56 and shall receive the sum noted against each.	
	Amount involved	Rs. 12,241 9 3
‘F’	(ii) Workers and Commission Holders listed in Annexure ‘F’ will not be reinstated but will be paid the sums noted against each, subject to their vacating the Company’s quarters, if any of them are still in occupation of such quarters. They shall leave the Colliery area and will not re-enter the same except to visit their relations.	
	Amount involved	Rs. 16,773 1 9
‘G’	(iii) Special cases of certain miners and daily-rated workers, listed in Annexure ‘G’ who have left the Colliery on their own and who are not to be reinstated.	
	Amount involved	Rs. 1,444 4 9
‘H’	(iv) Staff members listed in Annexure ‘H’, whose salaries do not exceed Rs. 300/- per month and who have not been benefited by any of the provisions under the above mentioned heads.	
	Amount involved	Rs. 1,402 12 0
	Total amount involved under i, ii, iii, and iv above	Rs. 31,861 11 9
	Total amount payable against items i to ix (both inclusive) of the Order of Reference	Rs. 1,59,961 0 6
11.	To each recipient of any sum under this Settlement, an additional ex-gratia amount of 2 Annas in the rupee	Rs. 19,995 2 0
	GRAND TOTAL	Rs. 1,79,956 2 6

For and on behalf of the Workmen of The Associated Cement Cos. Ltd., Nowroza-bad Colliery, Nowrozabad :

(Sd.) D. N. PATHAK,

President,
Nowrozabad Colliery
Mazdoor Sangh.

(Sd.) K. B. CHOUGULE,
General Secretary,
Nowrozabad Colliery
Mazdoor Sangh.

NOWROZABAD;
Dated 9th day of November 1956.

For and on behalf of The Associated Cement Cos. Ltd., Nowrozabad Colliery, Nowrozabad :

(Sd.) K. RAJAGOPALASWAMY,

Executive Head,
(Collieries Department).

(Sd.) G. D. JHA,
Manager,
Nowrozabad Colliery.

ANNEXURE ‘A’

Nowrozabad Colliery

Item No. 1 to the schedule to the order of Reference.—Daily Time rated workers (including Trammers and Wagon Loaders) who were on the muster rolls of the colliery as daily Time-rated workers on 26-5-56 (the date of the implementation of the Award of the All India Industrial Tribunal, Colliery Disputes) or who have been reinstated on 10-10-56 and whose basic wage did not exceed Rs. 2-8-0 per day on 1-1-53 to be paid for the period from 1-1-53 to 26-5-56, at the rate of 12½% of their basic wage as on 1-1-53. In the case of workers who joined after 1-1-53, they are to be paid on the basis of 12½% of their basic wage at the time of joining. Monthly paid workers

drawing up to Rs. 65/- per month are to be treated as on a par with daily rated workers drawing up to Rs 2/8/- per day for the purpose of this benefit.

SUMMARY

Page No.	Amount	Page No.	Amount
	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.
1	1,580 9 0	23	987 1 0
2	1,672 4 9	24	914 14 6
3	1,782 4 0	25	5,252 13 6
4	3,032 9 0	26	1,032 8 9
5	2,451 13 0	27	778 3 3
6	2,204 6 3	28	902 9 6
7	2,275 15 3	29	949 11 0
8	2,103 5 0	30	1,223 7 0
9	2,782 1 6	31	431 7 6
10	2,474 12 0	32	349 0 0
11	2,659 2 3	33	209 4 6
12	2,187 8 6	34	431 11 0
13	1,522 8 9	35	2,292 2 6
14	2,587 9 6	36	2,137 11 6
15	2,416 6 6	37	1,026 2 0
16	1,539 1 9	38	711 7 3
17	1,947 14 3	39	557 1 0
18	1,579 4 0	40	771 8 6
19	489 14 6	41	832 1 0
20	227 9 6		
21	6,334 12 3		
22	1,234 10 9		
		TOTAL	68,877 3 6

ANNEXURE 'A'

Nowrozabad Colliery

Item No. 1 to the schedule to the order of Reference.— Daily time rated workers (including trammers & wagon loaders) who were on the Muster Rolls of the colliery as daily time rated workers on 26-5-56 (the date of implementation of the Award of the All India Industrial Tribunal, Colliery Disputes) or who have been reinstated on 10-10-56, and whose basic wage did not exceed Rs. 2/8/- per day on 1-1-1953 are to be paid for the pd. 1-1-53 to 26-5-56, at the rate of 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ % of their basic wage as on 1-1-53. In the case of workers who joined after 1-1-53, they are to be paid on the basis of 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ % of their basic wage at the time of joining. Monthly paid workers drawing upto Rs. 65/- per month are to be treated as on a par with daily rated workers drawing upto Rs. 2/8/- per day for the purpose of this benefit.

No.	Name/Father's name	Designation	Amount
1	2	3	4
1	Khunoopal/Barclal	Mason	199 2 0
2	Ramsahai/Dadua	Mazdoor	78 13 3
3	Surja/Sukhdeo	"	70 8 6
4	Dasaiya/Jawahir	"	70 5 6
5	Samni/Surja	"	58 1 3
6	Ketki/Manoo	"	49 12 6
7	Lalti/Sataiya	"	49 12 6
8	Mehboob/Shahjad	Chainman	87 1 9
9	Ramzan/Akbar	Mazdoor	87 1 9
10	Piyaria/Bhagwat	"	58 1 3
11	Lalan Singh/Changoos Singh	"	70 8 6
12	Ram Pd./Budhoo	Chainman	74 10 9

I	2	3	4
			Rs. As. P.
13 Nathoolal/Budi	.	Rod Bender	132 12 0
14 Namaiya/Bahoran	.	Mazdoor	87 1 9
15 Abdul Mehoob/Ab. Khalik	.	Chairman	74 10 9
16 Ali Mohd./Irdaj Ali	.	Mazdoor	82 15 6
17 Lamia/Rigaiya	.	"	49 12 6
18 Phool Khan/Shabbir Khan	.	Mason	199 2 0
19 Sukhroo/Bharosa	.	Chairman	82 15 6
20 Barclal/Rambharose	.	Carpenter	149 5 6
21 Dukali/Manbharan	.	Mazdoor	66 6 0
22 Ramkishore/Dudhoo	.	"	99 9 0
23 Sarjoo singh/Bansdhari	.	"	66 6 0
24 Sardar Ali/Akbar	.	Office peon	96 4 9
25 Amir Ali/Akbar	.	"	87 14 9
26 Dhanoo/Sarjoo	.	"	87 14 9
27 Kadir Bux/Jhagroo	.	"	87 3 0
28 Ramkrishna/Rajishah	.	Sample boy	74 10 9
29 Sahaiya/Channa	.	"	70 8 6
30 Bihari/Futtoo	.	"	70 8 6
31 Nakehediram/Patti	.	"	70 8 6
32 Yusuf Khan/Sarifuddin.	.	Watchman	77 8 0
33 Bhagwat/Fulla	.	"	82 5 6
34 Narbad Singh/Govind Singh	.	"	77 8 0
35 Pitaiya/Marroo	.	"	101 11 3
36 Babulal/Karia	.	"	77 8 0
37 Thola/Kampta	.	"	92 0 6
38 Nathoo/Budhi	.	Mazdoor G. Shop	82 15 6
39 Bajoo/Thakurdin	.	"	70 8 6
41 Dhirsai/Ramlal	.	Grain Mazdoor	72 13 3
42 Bhimsen/Girdhari	.	"	70 3 6
43 Bhagta/Zalimsingh	.	Driver	107 13 9
44 Sukhu/Milan	.	Fitter	74 10 9
45 Jankiram/Sardaram	.	Ward Attend.	74 10 9
46 Girdhari/Bhakoo	.	Garden Mazdoor	77 8 0
47 Chadammoo/Mandhari	.	"	82 5 6
48 Sukhlal/Dhanno	.	"	96 14 0
49 Premlal/Domari	.	"	77 8 0
50 Ramratan/Bachai	.	"	77 8 0
51 Nanhoo/Domari	.	"	96 14 0
52 Moti/Budhoo	.	"	87 3 0
53 Bharosa/Laxman	.	"	77 8 0
54 Sheo Prasad/Jageswar	.	"	87 3 0
55 Putti/Budhoo	.	"	58 2 0
56 Daddi/Karia	.	"	77 8 0
57 Sheocharan/Jodha	.	Watchman	66 6 0
58 Bhayalal/Anantsingh	.	Mazdoor	74 10 9
59 Gandhoo/Ganpat	.	"	74 10 9
60 Gokul/Chunnoo	.	"	66 6 0
61 Bharat/Sukhai	.	W/Man	77 8 0
62 Chuttoo/Mahadeo	.	G/shop/Mazdoor	66 6 0
63 Shankar Dut/Bajnath	.	Store Mazdoor	53 15 0

I

2

3

4

Rs. As. P.

64	Murariram/Maheshram	.	.	.	.	Turbine driver	190	13	3
65	Kalicharan/Bhadai	.	.	.	.	S. B. Attend.	165	15	0
66	Jahangirkhan/Sadiqkhan	.	.	.	.	"	165	15	0
67	Prabhakar/Ramkisan	.	.	.	.	"	107	13	9
68	Jhinga/Tirai	.	.	.	.	Pump Attend.	78	13	3
69	Haria/Bhikua	.	.	.	.	Oilman	78	13	3
70	Sk. Aziz/Sk. Imam	.	.	.	.	Pumpdriver	70	8	6
71	Debidayal/Ramgarib	.	.	.	.	Elec. fitter	182	8	6
72	Sudarshan/Gangaram	.	.	.	.	"	182	8	6
73	Sunil/D. C. Khajanchi	.	.	.	.	Elec. App.	149	5	6
74	Bhagwatisaran/Hardayal	.	.	.	.	Elec. Helper	107	13	9
75	Ram kumarsingh/Bhangoo singh	.	.	.	.	"	107	13	9
76	K. P. Banerjee/Bijoygopal	.	.	.	.	"	99	9	0
77	K. K. Das/K. N. Das	.	.	.	.	Asst. Elec.	132	12	0
78	Milan/Banda	.	.	.	.	Elec. Helper	78	13	3
79	Babon/Ramkishan	.	.	.	.	"	70	8	6
80	Lakhanlal/Dalchand	.	.	.	.	"	70	8	6
81	Babulal/Tidwa	.	.	.	.	A. Fitter	165	15	0
82	K. G. Santhanam/K. G. Chari	.	.	.	.	Fitter	182	8	6
83	Deodut/Kaluram	.	.	.	.	A. Fitter	165	15	0
84	Sudhoo/Chunkai	.	.	.	.	"	116	2	6
85	R. Mazmudar/T. Mazmudar	.	.	.	.	"	107	13	9
86	Ramsai/Sukla	.	.	.	.	Mazdoor	70	8	6
87	Bala Pd./Nanhelal	.	.	.	.	Fireman	182	8	6
88	Kamalbhan/Lakhansingh	.	.	.	.	Fireman	165	15	0
89	Chotelal/Bharat	.	.	.	.	"	149	5	6
90	Thengaiya/Chunnoo	.	.	.	.	"	149	5	6
91	Kanhaiyalal/Durgasingh	.	.	.	.	Ashman	149	5	6
92	Babulal/Kalun	.	.	.	.	"	78	13	3
93	Ram Pd./Kampta	.	.	.	.	"	78	13	3
94	Punjabsingh/Gopalsingh	.	.	.	.	"	78	13	3
95	Laloo/Seolal	.	.	.	.	"	78	13	3
96	Jagola/Maluka	.	.	.	.	"	78	13	3
97	Ramsahai/Ganga	.	.	.	.	"	78	13	3
98	Mandhani/Adhln	.	.	.	.	"	78	13	3
99	Motilal/Ghura	.	.	.	.	"	78	13	3
100	Jaipal/Lobra	.	.	.	.	"	78	13	3
101	Ramdhani/Dina	.	.	.	.	"	70	8	6
102	Changoo/Ganga	.	.	.	.	"	70	8	6
103	Kodco/Hiran	.	.	.	.	"	66	6	0
104	Jamuna Pd. /Baldeo	.	.	.	.	Moulder	199	2	0
105	Akberali/Rahman	.	.	.	.	Ashman	66	6	0
106	Bisali/Bharosa	.	.	.	.	Oilman	66	6	0
107	Jhura/Pengai	.	.	.	.	Mazdoor	74	10	9
108	Gulla/Bharosa	.	.	.	.	Oilman	66	6	0
109	M. Nagarkar/K. Nagarkar	.	.	.	.	Asst. Elec.	165	15	0
110	Parmesardin/Ramcharan	.	.	.	.	Tel. operator	199	2	0
111	Madhukar/Ramkrishna	.	.	.	.	"	82	15	6
112	Manna/Paragoo	.	.	.	.	Ashman	66	6	0
113	Jamna Pd./Seonath	.	.	.	.	Sirdar	213	2	0
114	Sattar/Sakur	.	.	.	.	"	116	2	6
115	Sk. Rasool/Sk. Mohd.	.	.	.	.	"	141	0	9
116	Mahesh/Janakdeo	.	.	.	.	Tubewriter	132	12	0
117	Sheomangal/Rambharos	.	.	.	.	A. S. Firer	149	5	6
118	Laxman/Matwar	.	.	.	.	"	66	6	0
119	Kushal/Sahadeo	.	.	.	.	"	66	6	0

1	2	3	4
Rs. As. P.			
120	Mangal/Ramnath	Timberman	..
121	Makhan/Ganesha	Helper	74 10 9
122	Premsingh/Lahoran	Do.	74 10 9
123	Bhaiyalal/Raghobir	Limomistry	116 2 6
124	Hanuman/Gauna	Do.	99 9 0
124-a	Budhoo/Kalloo	Do.	78 13 3
125	Rammanohar/Janki Pd.	Do.	66 6 0
126	Bisram/Dhiraj	Do.	74 10 9
127	Birbahadur/Namsingh	2nd Driver	132 12 0
128	Pheran/Babadin	Helper	91 4 3
129	Jhalla/Dhansha	Do.	82 15 6
130	Gayuprasad/Surjoo Pd.	Do.	74 10 9
131	Dadon /Ram Pd.	Do.	91 4 3
132	Rewa Pd./Narbuda Pd.	Shotfirer	91 4 3
133	Jhuloo/Jetho	D. M. Driver	103 11 6
134	Aziz Mohd/Ab. Rahim	D. M. Dr.	103 11 6
135	Jageswar/Maloo	Waterballer	70 8 6
136	Premalal/Kamanchoo	Do.	66 6 0
137	Lal Govind/Kallsingh	Pump Driver	..
138	Arjun/Bahari	Do.	70 8 6
139	Dalchand/Damree Lal	Do.	66 6 0
140	Dalla/Gurdin	Do.	66 6 0
141	Bhaiyalal/Mahangoo	Sirdar	213 2 0
142	C. R. Mukherji/R. P. Mukherji	Do.	141 0 9
143	Mangalsingh/Sheopratapsingh	Do.	141 0 9
144	Bishnoo/Bajinath	Do.	132 12 0
145	Tarmandershekar/Haridin	S/firer	116 2 6
146	Puttoo/Hafizulla	Do.	149 5 6
147	Karim/Sattar	Do.	116 2 6
148	Lasgarla/Kamta	Do.	70 8 6
149	Parmoo/Govind	D. N. Driver	74 10 9
150	Gorelal/Chandidin	Rollerman	70 8 6
151	Bisram/Ramadhin	Do.	70 8 6
152	Avaorajsingh/Surjansingh	T. Greaser	71 8 6
153	Ramoharan/Narain	Toolkeeper	95 6 6
154	Surjon Singh/Dobisingh	Timberman	124 7 3
155	Laiman/Bobhal	L. N. Helper	78 13 3
156	Surajbali/Bhadai	Do.	87 1 9
157	Daemansingh/Holkatsing	Do.	78 13 3
158	Randhir/Chetan	L. M. Helper	112 0 0
159	Jaikaran/Baloosingh	Do.	116 2 6
160	Bisali/Gourilal	C. C. M. Helper	107 13 9
161	Holai/Ramlal	Do.	107 13 9
162	Ramzan/Jhakar	C. C. M. Dr.	132 12 0
163	Balgovind/Amalsingh	Helper	82 15 6
164	Aziz Khan/Murikhan	Do.	82 15 6
165	Katkoo/Hiralal	2nd Dr.	132 12 0
166	Bisali/Mangali	Helper	116 2 6
167	Ramzan/Rehmottula	Do.	107 13 9
168	Noorkhana/Chandkhan	D. M. Dr.	91 4 3
169	Bensi/Mangloo	Sweeper	66 6 0
170	Bedhoosingh/Laloosing	Pump-driver	78 13 3
171	P. K. Bhattacharji/S. G. Bhattacharji	Do.	70 8 6
172	Dasroo/Bhai	Do.	70 8 6
173	Mathura/Jodha	Do.	78 13 3
174	Mohd. Nazir/Sk. Gazzi	Do.	70 8 6
175	Sukkoo /Bharosa	Do.	70 8 6

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				Rs.	As.	P.
176	Manna Singh/Shoorpratap	.	.	Pump Driver	70	8 6
177	Ramdas/Zhaproo	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
178	Dedi/Sarda	.	.	C. Staff	66	6 0
179	Ramsaran/Kodu	.	.	Roof tester	66	6 0
180	Pratapsingh/Rameswarsingh	.	.	S/firet	70	8 6
181	Balgovind/Kodoo	.	.	Water bailer	66	6 0
182	Gulsher/Hussain Bux	.	.	C. C. M. Helper	132	12 0
183	Sultan/Alaf Khan	.	.	Do.	91	4 3
184	Jaidayal/Narayan Dass	.	.	T. Clerk	174	6 0
185	S. S. Dass/S. C. Dass	.	.	Do.	155	0 0
186	Lachman Singh/Bhura Singh	.	.	Sirdar	182	8 6
187	Ganesh Puri/Sukhdeo Puri	.	.	Do.	232	8 0
188	Narbad/Hardan	.	.	Asst. Sirdar	141	0 9
189	Gangaram/Kashiram	.	.	Do.	141	0 9
190	Shyamal/Ramavtar	.	.	Do.	141	0 9
191	Bhagwath/Raghubir	.	.	Do.	141	0 9
192	Chotelal/Tanti	.	.	S/f.	132	12 0
193	Dhukuwa/Sukhlal	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
194	Darbari/Balla	.	.	Sweeper	66	6 0
195	Jagannath/Sonelal	.	.	K. Oil Issuer	101	11 3
196	Satulia/Ganga	.	.	P/Maker	49	12 6
197	Bharosa/Balambi	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
198	Sarabnarayan/Santprasad	.	.	W/Man	77	8 0
199	Dulare /Kandhai	.	.	S/f.	116	2 6
200	Nandalal/Chainoo	.	.	T/M Helper	82	15 6
201	Sukhdeona/Baneoo	.	.	L/M/Helper	91	4 3
202	Lalloo/Akberkhan	.	.	Fitter	82	15 6
203	Ghotelal/Jageswar	.	.	Do.	95	6 6
204	Ramkripal/Rammanohar	.	.	Do.	95	6 6
205	Serjoo/Sital	.	.	Do.	124	7 3
206	Ramcharan/Sarjoo	.	.	Fitter	120	4 9
207	Baisakhoo/Malki	.	.	R/man	70	8 6
208	Gorelal/Madhai	.	.	D. M. Dr.	99	9 0
209	Bhiwa/Rajeswar	.	.	Do.	91	4 3
210	Baboo Khan/Basir Khan	.	.	Do.	82	15 6
211	Ishwari Pd./Kriparam	.	.	E/H. Driver	95	6 6
212	Sukhdeo /Baldeo	.	.	Do.	95	6 6
213	Ramcharan/Sataiya	.	.	P. Driver	66	6 0
214	Mangalia /Dhanoo	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
215	Lala/Prasadi	.	.	M/bailer	66	6 0
216	Kodu/Baldeo	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
217	Molaiya/Chakori	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
218	Pankhari/Podali	.	.	C. C. M. Dr.	132	12 0
219	Ramgopal/Sukroo	.	.	Helper	99	9 0
220	Mangal/Thoki	.	.	S. mazdoor	87	1 9
221	SayambergirBrijmohangir	.	.	W/man	82	5 6
222	Anoop Singh/Sadhuo Singh	.	.	L. Mistry	99	9 0
223	Ghisal/Pagalmal	.	.	P. Driver	66	6 0
224	A. K. Sen/A. N. Sen	.	.	T. Clerk	193	12 0
225	Yasin/Ihagroo	.	.	O/Boy	66	6 0
226	Bheloo/Udhoram	.	.	B. smith	190	13 3
227	Ram Pd./Kamta	.	.	Do.	190	13 3
228	Nirpat/Luson	.	.	A. B. Smith	149	5 6
229	Satalal/Daddiram	.	.	Do.	128	9 9

I	2	3	4	Rs. As. P.
230	Gahbour/Lotan	.	.	A. B. Smith 120 4 9
231	Kamptai/Kanhodi	.	.	Do. 112 0 0
232	Rambisal/Babadin	.	.	Hammerman 78 13 3
233	Ramadhin/Budharam	.	.	Moulder 174 3 9
234	Babadin/Hiradaiya	.	.	Mazdoor 87 1 9
235	Kamla/Beni	.	.	Do. 87 1 9
236	Dindiyal/Chutuwada	.	.	Carpenter 174 3 9
237	Mohd./Umrardin	.	.	Do. 165 15 0
238	K. P. Datta/M. N. Datta	.	.	Do. 107 13 9
239	T. Fulton/M. Fulton	.	.	Fitter 182 8 6
240	Bharosa/Kampta	.	.	Thrcader 124 7 3
241	Sunderlal/Sirman	.	.	Latheman 132 12 0
242	Ganga/Fodali	.	.	Fitter 116 2 6
243	Shaukat/Din Mohd.	.	.	Asst. fitter 116 2 6
244	Gangadayal/Ramratan	.	.	Do. 107 13 9
245	Hani/Sk. Hyder	.	.	Welder helper 91 4 3
246	Ramnilon/Fodda	.	.	Mazdoor 78 13 3
247	Gaya Pd./Budhi	.	.	Driller 107 13 9
248	Bhagwandin/Dasar	.	.	Do. 99 9 0
249	Gokul/Dhirej	.	.	Mazdoor 87 1 9
250	Pannalal/Manbbharan	.	.	Do. 87 1 9
251	Dasar/Mangalia	.	.	Do. 78 13 3
252	Maikoo/Satai	.	.	Do. 70 8 6
253	Dhanoo/Lutani	.	.	Do. 70 8 6
254	Chitrabhadur/Ahiman	.	.	Watchman 77 8 0
255	Budhoo/Bhagwato	.	.	Moulder 199 2 0
256	Sukhdeo /Lusan	.	.	A. B. Smith 116 2 6
257	Gaya Pd./Khilari	.	.	B. Smith 120 4 9
258	Sipahiya/Parsadi	.	.	Do. 70 8 6
259	Biseswar/Siraman	.	.	T. Smithboy 49 12 6
260	Chatroo/Raiya	.	.	S. Mazdoor 91 4 3
261	Debidin/Bahadur	.	.	Do. 74 10 9
262	Sakaria/Behari	.	.	Do. 78 13 3
263	Sobhalya/Butari	.	.	Do. 66 6 0
264	Kunghat/Hanuman	.	.	Do. 70 8 6
265	Rupasi/Sukali	.	.	Do. 66 6 0
266	Babli/Ramsingh	.	.	Do. 66 6 0
267	Bhullan/Ramdayal	.	.	Do. 66 6 0
268	Parma Nand/Chuhar Ram	.	.	Expls. Issuer 116 2 6
269	Jairam Pant/Ganesh	.	.	Do. 116 2 6
270	Babulal/Ramnath	.	.	W/Man 96 14 0
271	Bhura/Banoo	.	.	Do. 116 4 0
272	Nabi Bux/Modi Bux	.	.	Do. 87 3 0
273	Prabhat Singh/Tikaram	.	.	Mazdoor 87 1 9
274	Bhadai/Aghania	.	.	Do. 70 8 6
275	Bhoop Singh/Baldeo	.	.	Do. 95 6 6
276	Hirasingh/Ramcharan	.	.	Do. 95 6 6
277	Bajrangi/Raghbir	.	.	Do. 91 4 3
278	Baura/Sonsari	.	.	Do. 66 6 0
279	Sukhia/Saddi	.	.	Do. 58 1 3
280	Sirbatia/Lalla	.	.	Do. 58 1 3
281	Siratia/Milon	.	.	Do. 49 12 6
282	Hiria/Jagdeo	.	.	Do. 49 12 6
283	Janki/Mangali	.	.	Do. 49 12 6
284	Siraram/Pitai	.	.	Ward Attend 74 10 9

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RS. AS. P.

285	Chotelal/Hirwa	Mazdoor	66	6	0
286	Sukhaiya/Sahaiya	Do.	66	6	0
287	Makkoo/Bhagola	Do.	66	6	0
288	Ramkumar/Kalia Pd.	.	.	.	.	.	Ward Attend.	87	3	0
289	Udal/Jagola	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	66	6	0
290	Balia/Gora	.	.	.	.	.	Mazdoor	87	1	9
291	Shadilal/Makkoo	.	.	.	.	.	A. Dresser	91	4	3
292	Chotelal/Ganesha	.	.	.	.	.	Mazdoor	66	6	0
293	Nafadin/Sanghi	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	82	15	6
294	Chota/Bendi	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	66	6	0
295	Daddi/Bendi	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	70	8	6
296	Prem/Bansi	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
297	Bando/Nafadin	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
298	Shanti/Sadilal	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
299	Gujratia/Nafadin	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
300	Hiria/Darbaria	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
301	Maikee/Banshi	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
302	Kalia/Chotelal	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
303	Phulia/Chotelal	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
304	Betibai/Darbaria	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
305	Kapuria/Mahadeo	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	58	1	3
306	Harla/Ram Pd.	.	.	.	.	.	W/Man	77	8	0
307	Ramsahai/Rakhan	.	.	.	.	.	H. Dr.	103	11	6
308	Punjabsingh/Bharatsing	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	99	9	0
309	Jamnasingh/Bharatsing	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	103	11	6
310	Kishanlal/Raghonath	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	95	6	6
311	Mursali/Mangali	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	103	11	6
312	Hardeosing/Kunjilal	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	91	4	3
313	Ranmatsing/Madroopsingh	.	.	.	.	.	Fitter	190	13	3
314	Shyamal/Sayamber	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	182	8	6
315	Jugannath/Mahadeo	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	174	3	9
316	Jawala Pd./Chakori	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	103	11	6
317	Ramkumar/Husnua	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	103	11	6
318	Maniram/Jagannath	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	99	9	0
319	Sakoorbux/Rehimbux	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	95	6	6
320	Samrjitsingh/Babooosing	.	.	.	.	.	Tub Rep.	174	3	9
321	Sadhooram/Manbodhi	.	.	.	.	.	B. Smith	128	9	9
322	Dindayal/Kimda	.	.	.	.	.	Helper	66	6	0
323	Ganga/Sumar	.	.	.	.	.	E. H. Dr.	91	4	3
324	Osman/Subhankhan	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	120	4	9
325	Hukumchand/Nanheylal	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	107	13	9
326	Motilal/Bahadur	.	.	.	.	.	C. C. M. Helper	66	6	0
327	Chuttooram/Bodhuram	.	.	.	.	.	W/Man	125	15	0
328	Ramanandsingh/Perai Singh	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	96	14	0
329	Ali Mohd/Mohd. Makkoo	.	.	.	.	.	P/Maker	66	6	0
330	Puran Sukhdeo	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	66	6	0
331	Endia/Sarman	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
332	Bhagwania/Golaiyya	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
333	Sirbatla/Narayan	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	49	12	6
334	Baiyalal/K. Yadav	.	.	.	.	.	Timekeeper	193	12	0
335	N. K. Mukherjee/J. C. Mukherjee	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	193	12	0
336	Pratap Singh/Gajroopsingh	.	.	.	.	.	T. Clerk	135	0	0
337	Chemroo/Narayan	.	.	.	.	.	P/Maker	66	6	0
338	R. K. Misra/N. P. Misra	.	.	.	.	.	L/Supervisor	182	8	6
339	Nachattersing/Sundersingh	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	182	8	6
340	B. C. Joshi/B. D. Joshi	.	.	.	.	.	Do.	165	15	0

			3	4	Rs.	As.	P.
1	2						
341	Ali Mohd/Mohd Maikan	.	.	.	Chowkidar	103	11 6
342	Butam/Pardeshi	.	.	.	Do.	87	1 9
343	Raheman/Ismail	.	.	.	S/Mate	107	13 9
344	Budha/Nanda	.	.	.	S/Picker	66	6 0
345	Thakurram/Sarman	.	.	.	Do.	70	8 6
346	Bhadaiyya/Sudhoo	.	.	.	Do.	70	8 6
347	Sewa Singh/Shiv Prasad	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
348	Jailal/Sitaram	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
349	Pardeshi/Balbir	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
350	Mahesh/Gayadin	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
351	Pachaiya/Sonsari	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
352	Aghania/Shalko	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
353	Ram Prasad/Jhurha	.	.	.	Do.	70	8 6
354	Mon Bharan/Bhagawat	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
355	Charka/Jetho	.	.	.	Do.	70	8 6
356	Bhukha/Holker	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
357	Suklal/Ladha	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
358	Sherkhan/Jan Mohd	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 6
359	Dhania/Chaita	.	.	.	Do.	49	12 6
360	Bhuria/Chatula	.	.	.	Do.	49	12 6
361	Itwaria/Sarman	.	.	.	Do.	49	12 6
362	Ram Pd./Hirwa	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
363	Durbasis/Kamalsingh	.	.	.	Shunting Labour	49	12 6
364	Ramkee/Debidin	.	.	.	Do.	49	12 6
365	Bhura/Rotho	.	.	.	Do.	70	8 6
366	Beni/Ramsaran	.	.	.	Do.	70	8 6
367	Shamal/Girdhari	.	.	.	Do.	70	8 6
368	Gorcjal/Balam	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
369	Urani/Mithoo	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
370	Marjoo/Tejoo	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
371	Sudhoo/Munda	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
372	Ramkali/Bhurwa	.	.	.	Wagon-Loader	49	12 6
373	Baisakhia/Bakshi	.	.	.	Do.	49	12 6
374	Kashiram/Gangaram	.	.	.	L/Mistry	107	13 9
375	Kurbankhan/Kedarkhan	.	.	.	C. C. M. Helper	82	15 6
376	Majid/Gulab	.	.	.	Do.	99	9 0
377	Jumman/Suleman	.	.	.	Do.	82	15 6
378	Pachaiya/Punao	.	.	.	Pump-driver	82	15 6
379	Sataiya/Nanda	.	.	.	Fitter	99	9 0
380	Muria/Kampta	.	.	.	Pump-driver	70	8 6
381	K. Bhattacharji/S. K. Bhattacharji	.	.	.	Do.	66	6 0
382	Ramsewak/Baldeo	.	.	.	A/Sirdar	99	9 0
383	Shankar/Chanderabhan	.	.	.	T. Greaser	66	6 0
384	Randas/Rithoo	.	.	.	W/Bailer	70	8 6
385	Bisali/Bharosa	.	.	.	Ashman	66	6 0
386	Sukdeo/Bansoo	.	.	.	Do.	74	10 9
387	Sk. Mohd/Nabit	.	.	.	Mazdoor	74	10 9
388	Batasia/Tedda	.	.	.	S. Reja	49	12 6
389	Chironjia/Goresingh	.	.	.	Do.	49	12 6
390	Thanki/Chamroo	.	.	.	Do.	49	12 6
391	Baisakhia/Bakshi	.	.	.	Do.	49	12 6
392	Gumtania/Bella	.	.	.	S. Mazdoor	49	12 6
393	Sukarti/Bhagwat	.	.	.	Do.	49	12 6

1	2	3	4	Rs. As. P.
394	Damroolal/Sadilal	Fitter	99	9 0
395	Mowalal/Ramnath	Pump-driver	66	6 0
396	Seokaran Pd.	Teacher	130	12 3
397	Gulwant Kau/Nachhatarasing	Do.	116	4 0
398	Bhagwansing/Gokulsingh	Mason	199	2 0
399	Ganesh/Chakouri	Do.	70	8 6
400	Jahorkhan/Musafirkhan	Do.	116	2 6
401	Jagatdhari/Bhajan	Do.	87	1 9
402	Kashi/Jodha	Do.	74	10 9
403	Kapuria/Babadin	Do.	49	12 6
404	Lalman/Janak	Do.	78	13 3
405	Pooranlal/Baure	Do.	120	4 9
406	Ramadhin/Rethoo	Do.	66	6 0
407	Sundi/Ramadhin	Do.	70	8 6
408	Daddi/Molla	Do.	66	6 0
409	Indrapal/Matadin	Do.	78	13 3
410	Dhyansingh/Jethoo	Do.	74	10 9
411	Indrapal/Baboo	Do.	77	8 0
412	Akali/Chakouri	W. Loader	66	6 0
413	Ramaiya/Shevbaksha	Do.	66	6 0
414	Adhina/Kamloo	Do.	66	6 0
415	Narbodia/Dasai	Do.	49	12 6
416	Chaiteo/Tilla	Do.	49	12 6
417	Mahia/Gauria	Do.	49	12 6
418	Kauria/Katkoo	Do.	49	12 6
419	Shambai/Ramsingh	Do.	49	12 6
420	Jalebia/Lukwa	Do.	49	12 6
421	Shasti/Ramsingh	Do.	49	12 6
422	Etwaria/Basanta	Do.	49	12 6
423	Ramnia/Malthoo	Do.	49	12 6
424	Parbati/Samaru	Do.	49	12 6
425	Kuarja/Nandlal	Do.	49	12 6
426	Ramnatsingh/Siobarnsingh	Do.	8	11 0
427	Baisakhu/Balbir	Do.	5	5 0
428	Shamlal/Sarman	Do.	9	4 0
429	Ramdhani/Khilari	Do.	9	4 0
430	Mangalia/Shiocharan	Do.	28	12 0
431	Piyare/Kandhai	Do.	9	4 0
432	Gahanoo/Firai	Do.	3	13 0
433	Jhalia/Bajari	Do.	6	8 3
434	Belia/Andhoo	Do.	6	8 3
435	Shambati/Mahonya	Do.	6	8 3
436	Malia/Pola	Do.	5	10 0
437	Lilla/Punaw	Do.	29	3 3
438	Phulmati/Khilari	Do.	29	3 3
439	Etwaria/Punaw	Do.	10	0 6
440	Budhis/Gunda	Do.	46	3 6
441	Sarswati/Ramcharan	Do.	0	11 3
442	Kauria/Bajari	Do.	9	2 3
443	Basantee/Mahangu	Do.	9	2 3
444	Rambai/Dhanpat	Do.	13	5 0
445	Rampatia/Hannoo	Do.	44	5 6

							1	2	3	4	Rs. As. P.	
446	Sukbaria/Teju	W.	Loader	.	3	2	3
447	Baisakhia/Oirdhari	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		15	12	0
448	Samundari/Akali	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		35	0	3
449	Sukharti/Dasai	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		49	12	6
450	Hirondia/Dularc	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		11	11	9
451	Narbadia/Mahadeo	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		49	12	6
452	Shanti/Jageswar	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		16	5	0
453	Chironja/Shidraj	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		39	3	9
454	Sudhia/Chhatdhari	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		3	14	3
455	Sukbaria/Ramsingh	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		3	14	3
456	Kuaria/Chukai	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		3	14	3
457	Matia/Chhota	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		3	14	3
458	Shambai/Nandoo	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		0	9	9
459	Siabai/Gayadin	.	.	.	.	.	Do.		0	9	9
							TOTAL	Rs.	38,846	11	0	

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Monthly paid staff

No.	Name		Amount
	M/s.		Rs. As. P.
1	B. N. Srivastva	.	67 8 0
2	Smt. Gian Verma	.	25 14 6
3	G. M. Muzumdar	.	336 10 9
4	G. R. Swamy	.	259 2 3
5	L. P. Gupta	.	233 5 9
6	Babulal (Magazine)	.	310 0 0
7	Mohanlal Khare	.	283 5 9
8	M. Roy	.	336 10 9
9	T. K. Bishnu	.	259 2 3
10	Mohammad Khan	.	310 0 0
11	Sambhoo Singh	.	336 10 9
12	Mahadeo	.	310 0 0
13	Babulal (W/shop)	.	283 5 9
14	Pundlik Rao	.	336 10 9
15	R. P. Pandey	.	336 10 9
16	Gurman Singh	.	310 0 0
17	Nahar Singh	.	283 5 9
18	Durga Pd.	.	336 10 9
19	Makrand Prasad	.	232 8 0
20	Premalal	.	259 2 3
21	S. K. Mukerjee	.	310 0 0
22	Inderjitsingh	.	259 2 3
23	C. D. Ghosh	.	268 13 3

6,334-12-3

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

12½% for those who are appointed after 1-1-53

No.	Name/Father's Name	Amount	Rs. As. P.		
			1	2	3
1	Abdul Majid/Ali Mohd.	42 0 0			
2	Ab. Kayyum/Md. Ullah	50 10 0			
3	Ab. Rahman/Abdul Karim	46 14 0			
4	Abbas Ali/Asraf Ali	123 14 9			
5	Alim Bux/Karim Bux	38 8 0			
6	Anwar Khan/Gulab Khan	60 5 0			
7	Asgar Ali/Asraf Ali	27 3 0			
8	Anupia/Sumera	19 10 9			
9	Ab. Mannan/Ab. Rehman	28 7 0			
10	Amol Singh/Arjoon Singh	48 14 0			
11	Bodla/Ranmat	45 11 3			
12	Babulal/K. Yadaw	140 12 6			
13	Bulla/Burkoo	55 10 0			
14	Babulal/Tidoo	56 11 0			
15	Bhaiyalal/Dimari	56 10 0			
16	Babulal/Ramlal	56 13 0			
17	Badal/Chota	39 11 0			
18	Babaram/Krparam	49 5 0			
19	Bhukam Deodutt	103 10 0			
20	Bhaiyalal/Ramsaroop	24 13 6			
21	Bhukanlal/Budha	48 12 0			
22	Balwant Singh/Premshingh	63 14 0			
23	Budhoo/Dhanpat	5 15 0			
24	Baisakho/Badli	56 6 0			
25	Bhondoolal/Terai	7 7 0			
26	Bhondoo/Bazari	7 14 0			
27	Budhoo/Mahadeo	7 7 0			
28	Babulal/Lalal	38 5 0			
29	Biran/Chotelal	57 4 0			
30	Bawra/Bansoo	58 8 0			
31	Bhukan/Lalloo	16 11 0			
32	Barati/Karia	47 2 0			
33	Bisnath/Bewra	5 6 0			
34	Bharosa/Tejasia	48 5 0			
35	Bisnath/Patita	46 7 0			
36	Bisohna/Bharosa	42 4 0			
37	Budhoo/Bharosa	42 4 0			
38	Barey/Ganesha	57 5 0			
39	Choraman/Mandhari	58 12 0			
40	Chunilal/Makhan	52 3 0			
41	Chotelal/Chouhindasingh	30 5 0			
42	Charka/Nabi	49 2 0			
43	Dammoo/Samali	30 6 0			
44	Dadua/Kuwartsun	53 4 0			
45	Dasrath/Rampratap	14 15 0			
46	Dadooram/Ratanlal	12 5 0			
47	Dhanpat/Kodoo	42 0 0			
48	Daddi/Chunnoo	52 0 0			
49	Dammoo/Pusow	52 14 0			

	1	2	3	Rs. As. P.
50	Daddi/Saddi	.	.	23 4 0
51	Dasai/Juggoo	.	.	44 5 0
52	Fuggoo/Khilari	.	.	7 7 0
53	Fusingh/Kunjilal	.	.	55 15 0
54	Gorelal/Sonsai	.	.	54 7 0
55	Gokul/Bharosa	.	.	6 12 0
56	Ganesha/Chakauri	.	.	see part I
57	Hetram/Ramadhin	.	.	6 12 0
58	Haria/Bisohna	.	.	38 1 0
59	Hanumanti/Kandhali	.	.	44 7 0
60	Inderbhan/Pitambar	.	.	51 6 0
61	Jugraj/Ramdayal	.	.	64 12 0
62	Jagdish/Mangalia	.	.	46 8 0
63	Jahoor Khan/Musafir Khan	.	.	see part I
64	Jagannath/Bodhiram	.	.	22 9 0
65	Jagatdhari/Bhajan	.	.	see part I
66	Jogol/Ramadhari	.	.	60 11 0
67	Jaibhansingh/Rameswar	.	.	13 3 0
68	Joeswar/Malka	.	.	47 4 0
69	Khajoo/Badhoo	.	.	61 12 0
70	Kazamkhan/Kamalkhan	.	.	44 13 0
71	Kartarnath/Tulsidas	.	.	112 10 0
72	Kundhai/Aghania	.	.	15 7 0
73	Kusum/Shamilal	.	.	38 4 0
74	Kora/Rangaswamy	.	.	42 15 6
75	Khorop/Bansoo	.	.	11 6 0
				<u>914 14 6</u>
1	Ramsewak/Ganga	.	.	248 14 6
2	Hopdarkhan/Rasoolkhan	.	.	207 6 9
3	Nahar Singh/Prem Singh	.	.	240 9 9
4	Banwarilal	.	.	265 8 0
5	Ramkishore	.	.	232 5 0
6	B.C. Dass	.	.	18 7 0
7	Nandilal	.	.	13 7 0
8	Sirajuddin	.	.	265 8 0
9	Bajiram	.	.	207 6 9
10	Piyarelal	.	.	215 11 6
11	Ramdas/Hiralal	.	.	257 3 3
12	Ramsewak	.	.	215 11 6
13	Hukim Khan	.	.	215 11 6
14	Rajaram	.	.	180 2 9
15	B. L. Choube	.	.	271 4 0
16	Babboo Singh/Gajroop	.	.	251 14 0
17	Sonelal	.	.	271 4 0
18	Tajkhan	.	.	215 11 6
19	Ramswaroop	.	.	215 11 6
20	Gafar Khan	.	.	251 14 0
21	Lakhi Singh	.	.	251 14 0
22	Mahadeo Prasad	.	.	224 0 3
23	H. S. Gyani	.	.	251 14 0
24	Kesheo Prasad Shrivastav	.	.	251 14 0
25	Gopal/Lalman	.	.	11 7 0
26	Bazaria/Dhanaiya	.	.	2 11 0
27	Kishorilal/Ram Pd.	.	.	12 8 3
28	Katkoo/Mithoo	.	.	4 7 0
29	Chunbudhia/Mahadeo	.	.	14 7 3
30	Kishandut/Ramnath	.	.	12 4 9
31	Bisram/Charkoo	.	.	5 0 0

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			Rs.	As.	P.
32	Jaggi/Tulsi	.	106	10	0
33	Dalchand/Gangaram	.	43	1	0
34	Chotclal/Kodu Pd.	.	3	3	3
35	Manbharan/Mathura	.	20	4	0
36	Ganpatrao/Udhoram	.	101	10	6
37	S. B. Chouguley/B. Chouguley	.	115	7	6
38	B. G. Sen/A. C. Sen	.	23	12	6
39	B. G. Pan/U. G. Pan	.	65	0	0
40	Narmada Pd./Budhoo	.	118	15	6
41	Kodu/Kirwa	.	64	10	9
42	Nandeo/Kalwa	.	47	7	3
43	Jugdish Pd./Ramlal	.	13	3	6
44	Dasajiya /Sudhaw	.	10	8	0
45	Kishandut/Ramnath	.	6	2	0
46	K. C. Pathak	.	36	1	3
47	Namaiya/Samuha	.	62	6	6
48	Mohan/Jagannath	.	7	13	6
49	Motilal/Rammoo	.	9	15	6
50	Tek Bahadur	.	22	8	0
51	Sundar/Butari	.	58	14	0
52	Saddi/Gultai	.	44	8	0
53	Jogeswar/Hirai	.	47	10	0
54	Mithoo/Sukhaiya	.	8	13	0
55	Manfaria/Lahoria	.	39	0	0
56	Bataiya/Kuwarwa	.	12	12	0
57	Behari/Nandwa	.	35	5	0
58	Holker/Baura	.	8	9	0
59	Anand/Ganesh	.	8	14	0
60	Hiralal/Makhan	.	8	10	0
61	Sarjoo/Babadin	.	45	12	0
62	Matadin/Deonath	.	22	14	6
63	Afzal/Ataullah	.	7	8	9
64	Baisakho/Kodoo	.	8	12	6
65	R. M. Ghosal	.	166	13	6
66	Ramcharan/Shivraj.	.	110	10	0
67	Darbari/Jodha	.	41	8	0
68	Chutovada/Raghunath	.	40	6	0
69	Kanchedi/Manik	.	2	0	0
70	Mohan/Narmada Pd.	.	7	12	0
71	Pramlal/Prahlad	.	5	1	0
72	Sheonath/Piyare	.	46	12	0
73	Kampta/Govind	.	47	5	0
74	Radheysham/Bholanath	.	55	10	0
76	Kamaloo/Jhaluse	.	24	13	0
77	Kuwartsingh/Jailal	.	9	14	0
78	Lalla/Balbir	.	53	15	0
79	Matwa/Sadhuwa	.	60	9	0
80	Mosai/Budhoo	.	29	1	0
81	Murli Singh/Budhoo	.	66	1	6
82	Mangal/Mandhir	.	40	2	0
83	Mohanti/Bela	.	27	12	0
84	Mangalia/Bandi	.	20	6	0
85	Manji/Suklal	.	9	0	9
86	Munshi/Likhan	.	28	15	9
87	Md. Saddique/Lal Mohd.	.	9	7	0
88	Manbharan/Mathura	.	20	2	0

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Rs. As. P.

89	Mangalia/Banta	39	4	0
90	Munnilal/Bharosa	48	14	0
91	Mohan/Pachai	7	7	0
92	Moti/Rampatia	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	6	0
93	Mangalia/Satai	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	46	14	0
94	M. A. R. Qureshi/Ab. Aziz	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	117	2	0
95	Malkhoo/Pardeshi	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	29	13	0
96	Nadir/Jhagroo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	70	4	0
97	Narbadia/Sumera	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	36	3	9
98	Nizamat Khan/Sahadullah	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	21	2	9
99	Nathoo/Sudhin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	53	7	0
100	Nasar Ullah/Hasnoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	9	0
101	Noor Mohd./Rehman	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	9	0
102	Nandansingh/Jharoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	22	1	0
103	Panna/Rajoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	9	0
104	Prayag Jha/Bachoo Jha	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	96	0	6
105	Punwa/Daddi	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	5	0
106	Pundari K. Rao/Chintaman	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	36	14	0
107	Prem Narain/Raghunandan	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	59	10	0
108	Premlal/Munde	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2	0
109	Pralhad/Chotelal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	49	1	0
110	Pooranlal/Baure	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	see part I		
111	Pujare/Mahadeo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	51	13	0
112	Parbati/Ananta	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	38	13	0
113	Rup Singh/Baldeo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	64	2	3
114	Ramadhin/Bataiya	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	38	13	0
115	Ramjirao/Chintaman	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	40	12	0
116	Ramgopal/Bharosa	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	12	0
117	Ramdhani/Karan	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	47	4	0
118	Raghoonandan/Sunder	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	86	10	0
119	Ramkumar/Rajaram	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	15	0
120	Ramkumar/Chanua	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	12	0
121	Rammilan/Banta	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	15	0
122	Ramdas/Ramadhin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	11	0
123	Ramsingh/Bhaiyalal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	44	2	0
124	Ramdas/Chuttoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	56	8	0
125	Premlal/Akali	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	58	12	0
126	Ramesh/L. R. Gureja	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	52	13	0
127	Sukhdas/Umrao	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	143	4	0
128	Sukhai/Nandlal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	68	12	0
129	Shital/Gangadhan	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	62	5	0
130	Shankar/Markam Narain	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	39	11	0
131	Sumera/Bandoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	61	5	0
132	Sirbatia/Piyare	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	46	14	0
133	Sukhlal/Girdhari	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	17	10	0
134	Sambhoo/Debiddin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	23	4	0
135	Shayamlal/Sarjoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	53	0	0
136	Shayamlal/Gandoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	38	3	0
137	Sukhlal/Makholi	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	40	1	0
138	Sk. Ramzan/Sk. Mohd.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	20	10	0
139	Sunder/Dasaiya	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	66	6	0
140	Sambhoo/Gokul	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2	0
141	Samber/Bachoo	18	9	0
142	Tanti/Akali	47	14	0
143	Thagoo/Makholi	55	4	0
144	Tilla/Tanti	38	4	0

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			Rs.	As.	P.
145	Umarao Singh	.	70	6	0
146	A. Bhattacharjee	.	65	7	0
147	James/A. Andrews	.	80	3	9
148	Bidaria/Lohari	.	22	11	9
149	Gendal/Tangoo	.	57	12	0
150	Balmoo/Akali	.	42	4	0
151	Pooranlal/Laxman	.	39	4	0
152	Manglaia/Manbharan	.	39	3	0
153	Asharam/Gangaram	.	54	1	0
154	Bisambar/Bhikho	.	53	12	0
155	Bhagwat/Ramsingh	.	55	13	0
156	Budha/Ramadhin	.	18	12	0
157	Katkoo/Jhunna	.	19	4	0
158	Gola/Balbir	.	9	9	0
159	Bisahoo/Chot	.	9	9	0
160	Seolal/Narilal	.	9	9	0
161	Bhagwante/Lahorai	.	9	9	0
162	Sukhoo/Bharosa	.	9	9	0
163	Banshi/Ganesha	.	9	9	0
164	Inderpal/Matadin	.	see part I		
165	Rammoo/Mandhari	.	8	9	0
166	Budhia/Mohanti	.	11	13	0
167	Purnanand/Baldeo	.	9	4	0
168	Kousilya/Kalyansingh	.	6	13	6
169	Jasodia/Ramkumar	.	8	13	0
170	Etia/Pundroo	.	4	4	3
171	Chuggoo Balbir	.	4	4	3
172	Balram/Samsay	.	1	12	6
173	Kasturia/Baldeo	.	40	5	0
174	Ramadhar/Jiadhar	.	9	4	0
175	Lachi/Jogeswar	.	9	4	0
176	Sitaram/Shankar	.	18	14	0
177	Sohaiya/Sankaria	.	5	15	0
178	J. Nagarao/J. J. Rao	.	66	6	0
179	Atmaram/Parasram	.	5	15	0
180	Nirpat/Bazaria	.	8	15	0
181	Bankeysingh/Gopal	.	17	1	0
182	Jainaraainsingh/Inderbhan	.	6	9	0
183	Lalloo/Samroo	.	39	15	0
184	A. Muzumdar/T. Musumdar	.	76	9	0
185	Deopratap/Sukhram	.	18	15	0
186	Nandkumar/Mowaram	.	14	7	0
187	Jahangir Singh Gyan Singh	.	13	8	0
188	Bisali/Jogi	.	3	6	0
189	Mathura/Mahangoo	.	0	6	0
190	Dakauri/Shankar	.	0	7	0
191	Mausla Pd./Jangli	.	0	7	0
192	Jugrai/Ramadhin	.	45	3	0
193	Rajkaran/Agandha	.	0	7	0
194	Bhagola/Chandoo	.	7	9	0
195	Samaroo/Merandhan	.	0	10	0
196	Babulal/Ram Pd.	.	0	3	0
197	Baliram/Mangloo	.	8	14	0
198	Bhaiyalal/Ramadhin	.	0	3	0
199	Krishankumar/S. P. Tiwari	.	1	2	0
200	Mahadeo/Bhagwandin	.	1	12	0

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Rs. As. P.

201	Rajkumar/Ram Pd. Singh	4	4	0
202	Chotelal/Chisal	2	2	0
203	Eswar/Giri	1	3	0
204	Lalmania/Kaira	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	0
205	Panchoo/Ghogi	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	12	0
206	Sataiyya/Balbir	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	8	0
207	Tapnoo/Antoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	7	0
208	Madan/Satal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	2	0
209	Mohinder/Deodutt	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	21	4	9
210	Feranghi Singh/Bhala Singh	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	21	4	9
211	Rameswar/Ramball	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	21	4	9
212	Ramchander/Sant Prasad	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	0	6
213	Bhanoo Singh/Ramdayal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	21	3	0
214	Ramnarayan/Suraj Singh	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	11	6
215	Rajeswari/Ayodhya	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	1	6
216	Sethi/Manbhadr	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	2	6
217	Sukhia/Muria	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	65	2	6
218	Janki/Bhagwan Din	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	3	0
219	Ramrakhan/Dulichand	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	12	9
220	Ramprasad/Ghambira	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	10	0
221	Dadan/Ramdhin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	5	0
222	Ramdayal/Ramgulam	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	0
223	Bawa/Tirath	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	0
224	Baboolal/Narbada Prasad	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	11	0
225	Bihari/Girdhari	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	0
226	Balaprasad/Basantlal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	11	0
227	Mangal Singh/Kholesingh	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	11	0
228	Bora/Duru	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	0	0
229	Daddi/Ramadhin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	0	0
230	Torelal/Sankar	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	44	11	0
231	Shayamlal/Punni	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	58	12	0
232	Durga Pd./Bhawani Pd.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	7	0
233	Bhagwat/Khilari	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	5	0
234	Motilal/Ramsarup	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	26	11	0
235	Babulnath/Jhilla	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	13	0
236	Kesho Pd./Chikauri	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	42	13	0
237	Inderpal/Babboo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	see part I		
238	D. L. Chakraborti	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	211	8	0
									431	11	0

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Relief to Trammers @ 12½%

No.	Name	I	2	Incline No. 2						Amount	3	
				Incline No. 2								
1	Surat Singh/Bahorensingh	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	149	5	6
2	Bhagwandin/Mandhari	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	74	10	9
3	Sukdeo/Munua	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	82	15	6
4	Loki Singh/Gorelal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	96	6	3
5	Babulal/Sitaram	99	9	0
6	Kalloo Khan/Peer Khan	99	9	0
7	Govind/Premal	99	9	0
8	Jangloo/Kamod	99	9	0

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Rs. As. P.

9	Devinder Kumar/T. Paleria	199	2	0
10	Dhayani/Ramnath	99	9	0
11	Ramsahai/Dadarla	99	9	0
12	Mahngoo/Chatai	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	96	6	3
13	Jairam/Baldeo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
14	Dularc/Durga	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
15	Sundersingh/Bisambersingh	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	132	12	0
16	Ganesh/Ramprasad	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
17	Bahadursingh/Jagansingh	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	80	14	3
18	Sambhoo/Mahabir	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
19	Jhagroo/Chota	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	74	10	9
20	Madhaw/Sukram	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	82	15	6
21	Ananta/Gajadhar	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	13	9
22	Bhagwandas/Ramgopal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	92	15	0
23	Budhoo/Hiralal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0

Incline No. 3

24	Motilal/Bhagwati	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	82	15	6
25	Chulloo/Mulloo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
26	Kamalsingh/Behari	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
27	Beni/Ramadhin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
28	Mahipal/Paltoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	93	5	6
29	Chotelal/Ram Pd.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
30	Ramkishore/Gajadhar	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	92	15	0
31	Hitka/Biseswar	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
32	Jeeta/Mangal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
33	Banwa/Raghoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	82	15	6
34	Ganga/Kodoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	165	15	0
35	Bare/Gulati	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
36	Ganiba/Ratna	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	82	15	6
37	Narain/Kodoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
38	Babulal/Jethoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0

Incline No. 4

39	Ganga/Mahabir	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
40	Sonaiya/Malhoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
41	Narsaiya/Bairagi	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
42	Soneiya/Chuttoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	9	0
43	Guthaiya/Banshi	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	74	10	9
44	Samalia/Chaukauri	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	92	15	0
45	Raghoobir/Mangalia	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	74	10	0
46	Lahori/Chandoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	13	9
47	Dildar Khan/Akbar Khan	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	13	9
48	Chotekhan/Akbar Khan	165	15	0
49	Munnoo Khan/Akbar Khan	107	13	9
50	Samalia/Chota	132	12	0

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12½ % who are appointed after 1-1-53 and working on 25-5-56

			1	2		3	Rs. AS. P.
51	Kamalsingh/Triliksingh	23 12 3
52	Triloksingh/Lakhsingh	.	.	.	.	.	14 12 3
53	Challoo/Jamuna	.	.	.	.	.	79 10 0
54	Chotelal/Barelal	.	.	.	.	.	9 0 0
55	Kamalsingh/Lalsahai	.	.	.	.	.	11 7 3
56	Mangalsingh/Karansingh	.	.	.	.	.	11 7 3
57	Baredi/Bharosa	.	.	.	.	.	4 11 0
58	Sukhoo,Aghania	.	.	.	.	.	22 7 0
59	Paraw/Mahtar	.	.	.	.	.	38 9 6
60	Bhagwat/Bindra	.	.	.	.	.	9 10 0
61	Mangal/Devi	.	.	.	.	.	36 2 6
62	Prem/Bhagwat	.	.	.	.	.	50 3 3
63	Jagannath/Gajadhar	.	.	.	.	.	71 1 6
64	Chandrika Pd./Parmeshwar	.	.	.	.	.	9 0 0
65	Chuttoo/Durjan	.	.	.	.	.	12 0 0
66	Lachman Pd./Sarjoo Pd.	.	.	.	.	.	7 7 6
67	Baijnath /Jaipal	.	.	.	.	.	0 9 0
68	Jagdish/Siraman	.	.	.	.	.	21 3 9
69	Ganesh Baldeo	.	.	.	.	.	37 11 0
70	Chandansingh/Bahadur	.	.	.	.	.	84 14 6
71	Challa/Ramsahei	.	.	.	.	.	38 3 0
72	Samboo/Rekha	.	.	.	.	.	16 14 0
73	Ramgarib/Panchoo	.	.	.	.	.	4 10 3
74	Domari/Manhari	.	.	.	.	.	14 5 6
75	Kamta/Radha	.	.	.	.	.	42 0 6
76	Samnoo/Pundhoo	.	.	.	.	.	73 2 0
77	Bazari/Chunnoo	.	.	.	.	.	50 12 6
78	Mahabir/Bahori	.	.	.	.	.	69 6 0
79	Lalloo/Mohan	.	.	.	.	.	3 13 9
80	Triloksingh/Inderbhan	.	.	.	.	.	3 1 6
81	Ramdas/Jagdhari	.	.	.	.	.	3 7 0
82	Kodu/Jagdharia	.	.	.	.	.	3 4 9
83	Milan/Tiroo	.	.	.	.	.	0 14 6
84	Inderpal/Mahabir	.	.	.	.	.	52 0 6
85	Ramdas/Chuttoo	.	.	.	.	.	86 7 9
86	Baijnath/Murali	.	.	.	.	.	65 12 6

Inc. No. 2

87	Dayali/Durjan	.	.	.	.	.	1 10 9
88	Bhagwat/Ramsewak	.	.	.	.	.	8 13 9
89	Nanhaiya/Fattoo	.	.	.	.	.	20 13 0
90	Namai/Baldeo	.	.	.	.	.	0 6 9
91	Bhagwandas/Sheo Pd.	.	.	.	.	.	53 13 9
92	Akali/Sukhai	.	.	.	.	.	25 6 6
93	Banshi/Khilari	.	.	.	.	.	0 12 9
94	Lalman/Sonai	.	.	.	.	.	38 8 0
95	Ram Pd./Sonai	.	.	.	.	.	0 2 9
96	Budhoo/Nanho	.	.	.	.	.	0 2 9
97	Faggoon/Prahjadi	.	.	.	.	.	1 6 6
98	Rambisal/Bidhaiya	.	.	.	.	.	5 13 3
99	Hanmet/Ramsahei	.	.	.	.	.	42 9 9
100	Ramlal/Jhalloo	.	.	.	.	.	21 4 9
101	Murali/Budhai	.	.	.	.	.	22 9 3
102	Sambhoo Singh/Bansa Singh	.	.	.	.	.	13 8 6

			Rs.	As.	P.
103	Anandi/Premlal	.	38	13	6
104	Milan/Tiroo	.	41	13	3
105	Molaiya/Akali	.	67	2	6
106	Lalaiya/Balla	.	15	2	0
107	Tiloo/Changa	.	0	11	3
108	Piyare/Sadhuo	.	43	1	6
109	Ramkumar/Bhura	.	1	6	6
110	Kanchedi/Bullah	.	25	0	6
111	Chandoo/Maloo	.	40	6	6
112	Dhuddi/Maloo	.	9	14	6
113	Dhan/Fattoo	.	26	0	6
114	Alfat/Mahadeo	.	20	15	3
115	Bhagwa/Chamroo	.	54	15	9
116	Surat Singh/Chota Singh	.	0	5	6
117	Kenjla/Sadhwana	.	0	4	6
118	Rajoo/Akati	.	0	4	3
119	Ramsaroop/Kalloo	.	0	4	3

Inc. No. 4

120	Ghansham/Motilal	.	59	4	6
121	Hardas/Sundarlal	.	58	3	0
122	Nichka/Dargai	.	18	13	6
123	Guljari/Pachai	.	11	7	3
124	Sardari/Gajai	.	47	5	0
125	Bankey/Gorelal	.	67	13	0
126	Dadaiya/Jagola	.	38	5	0
127	Haridin/Samalia	.	30	4	6
128	Bisram/Khalari	.	18	9	0
129	Sukhoo/Agehania	.	2	6	3
130	Sadhuo/Jethoo	.	6	5	3
131	Sheodarsingh/Dhani	.	1	11	0
132	Sudhin/Mohanta	.	0	13	6
133	Sunder/Kaloo	.	33	14	3
134	Jiwan/Dindayal	.	8	9	3
135	Chota/Tengai	.	107	13	9
136	Jageswar/Kalwa	.	91	4	3
137	Jogeswar/Bajrangi	.	25	6	0
138	Bamoo/Baldeo	.	87	2	0
139	Rajan/Ganpat	.	41	13	3
140	Parbat/Kodoo	.	93	5	6
141	Nakchedi/Iswardin	.	45	10	0
142	Daddi/Dasrath	.	35	9	3
143	Rabbisal/Shital	.	70	13	9
144	Nanha/Samalia	.	0	6	6
145	Dhanu Kahari/Rardaiya	.	28	0	6
146	Kaloo Pd./Gaitri Pd.	.	35	12	3
147	Katkoo/Mithoo	.	10	7	6
148	Sobhaiya/Jagat	.	8	12	6
149	Ramadhin/Daulat	.	8	12	6
150	Samnoo/Langru	.	2	12	6
151	Jiwan/Chunnoo	.	2	4	6
152	Makki/Namlal	.	4	5	6
153	Moti/Ramjiwan	.	3	7	0
154	Ram Pd./Sonman	.	54	10	6
155	Mansukhlal/Pachola	.	31	10	3
156	Sahaiya/Pandoo	.	132	12	0

			1	2	3	Rs. A. P.
157	Ramdas/Musairam		.	.	.	81 0 6
158	Basori/Chotelal		.	.	.	35 5 3
159	Darasram/Sadhram		.	.	.	20 10 9
160	Bansoo/Barat		.	.	.	1 5 3
161	Sambhossingh/Jodhisingh		.	.	.	39 15 0
162	Gulabi/Mangali		.	.	.	33 12 0
163	Biseswar/Sahdeo		.	.	.	1 9 3
164	Poonaram/Dulichand		.	.	.	1 0 0
165	Dhani/Mathoo		.	.	.	0 1 0
						3,275 15 6

ANNEXURE 'B'

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Statement showing amounts payable to miners on account of cost of explosives used in excess of Rs. 15/- (Amount to be refunded @ Rs. 15/- per head).

Item II of the Schedule to the Order of Reference.

o.	Name/Father's Name	Amount
1	2	3
		Rs. A. P.
1	Bhojram/Tejram	15 0 0
2	Laindes/Awadhram	15 0 0
3	Murathram/Charoo	15 0 0
4	Rabidutsingh/Biharisingh	15 0 0
5	Dhanla/Akali	15 0 0
6	Dessiya/Akali	15 0 0
7	Dulare/Bajrangi	15 0 0
8	Chamroo/Bansoo	15 0 0
9	Sohaiya/Sukla	15 0 0
10	Lalla/Balbir	15 0 0
11	Rammath/Ramadhin	15 0 0
12	Sahdeo/Bindra	15 0 0
13	Kalua/Bindra	15 0 0
14	Chamma/Ratia	15 0 0
15	Ramsingh/Nandoosingh	15 0 0
16	Sahaiya/Baldeo	15 0 0
17	Sukhoo/Tiroo	15 0 0
18	Mirra/Singola	15 0 0
19	Bhola/Chunua	15 0 0
20	Tota/Jothu	15 0 0
21	Summa/Haria	15 0 0
22	Kuntali/Muri	15 0 0
23	Sukhlal/Ramadhin	15 0 0
24	Bisambar/Bansoo	15 0 0
25	Jawahria/Bauria	15 0 0
26	Gokul/Bharath	15 0 0
27	Bharosa/Sudhoo	15 0 0
28	Amolsingh/Arjunsingh	15 0 0
29	Ramdhani/Sahdeo	15 0 0
30	Rakhia/Chaukuri	15 0 0
31	Ramkishore/Sarabnarayan	15 0 0

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			Rs. A. P.
32	Shankar/Malukdas	.	15 0 0
33	Dukhwa/Sukhlal	.	15 0 0
34	Tilla/Tanti	.	15 0 0
35	Balla/Malthoo	.	15 0 0
36	Dammoo/Pusau	.	15 0 0
37	Domma/Haria	.	15 0 0
38	Rajaram/Ramsewak	.	15 0 0
39	Panchram/Raiga	.	15 0 0
40	Rajjak/Makoo	.	15 0 0
41	Firath/Fauda	.	15 0 0
42	Sarabnarayan	.	15 0 0
43	Puran/Sukhdeo	.	15 0 0
44	Ghisal/Gahboo	.	15 0 0
45	Summa/Halkoo	.	15 0 0
46	Motilal/Buddha	.	15 0 0
47	Chamroo/Jothoo	.	15 0 0
48	Pusau/Shiv Pd.	.	15 0 0
49	Ramkumar/Hirwa	.	15 0 0
50	Dayali/Durian	.	15 0 0
51	Ismail/Daulat	.	15 0 0
52	Alauddin/Ali Mohd.	.	15 0 0
53	Bakridi/Bahadur	.	15 0 0
54	Asgarali/Kudratali	.	15 0 0
55	Ramauter/Dhanau	.	15 0 0
56	Ramhit/Ram Pd.	.	15 0 0
57	Punua/Mangali	.	15 0 0
58	Khawabux/Imamuddin	.	15 0 0
59	Ram Pd. Ramdayal	.	15 0 0
60	Sova/Antoo	.	15 0 0
61	Mangal/Manik	.	15 0 0
62	Babulal/Premial	.	15 0 0
63	Fagoo/Kheleri	.	15 0 0
64	Gulabi/Kheleri	.	15 0 0
65	Mohd. Yusaf/Abdul Sakur	.	15 0 0
66	Hussain Bux/Abdul Gaffar	.	15 0 0
67	Lella/Gurdin	.	15 0 0
68	Nihaluddin/Nazir Ahmed	.	15 0 0
69	Chhidoo/Shahabdin	.	15 0 0
70	Manfaris/Dukauri	.	15 0 0
71	Chatdhari/Bhaiyalal	.	15 0 0
72	Dadaiya/Gegla	.	15 0 0
73	Sattar/Ab. Sakur	.	15 0 0
74	Azizuddin/Nadirbux	.	15 0 0
75	Imamuddin/Bhusi	.	15 0 0
76	Hasanuddin/Imamuddin	.	15 0 0
77	Bishnoo/Hirwa	.	15 0 0
78	Bishnoo/Aghania	.	15 0 0
79	Chuttoo/Durjan	.	15 0 0
80	Bhikka/Rahim Bux	.	15 0 0
81	Baboo/Chandoo	.	15 0 0
82	Ratti/Kandhai	.	15 0 0
83	Niyaz Ahmed/Idookhan	.	15 0 0
84	Sarifuddin/Shahidkhan	.	15 0 0
85	Ghapoli/Chota	.	15 0 0
86	Sabbir Khan Sahid Khan	.	15 0 0
87	Jagnandan/Sukhoo	.	15 0 0
88	Jiyalal/Churaman	.	15 0 0

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Rs. A. P.

89	Jagnath/Rambharos	15	0	0
90	Shivlal/Mandhari	15	0	0
91	Hiralal/Mangal	15	0	0
92	Gopal/Surajdin	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
93	Ramua/Tersi	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
94	Dhurua/Nandlal	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
95	Bhakoo/Shankar	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
96	Ganesh/Tutoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
97	Katkoo/Bhola	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
98	Narloo/Narayan	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
99	Kanchedi/Pachola	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
100	Dhanoo/Putoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
101	Chutoo/Nabla	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
102	Sovnath/Ganga	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
103	Jagatdhari/Mangali	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
104	Akali/Chota	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
105	Mathura/Sarda	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
106	Kunjilal/Hiralal	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
107	Gazi Mohammad	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
108	Lahbar/Chakuri	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
109	Mungulua/Mundalia	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
110	Girja Prasad/Anjani Pd.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
111	Gobhardan/Hari	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
112	Pratapsingh/Ahibharansingh	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
113	Murali/Rithoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
114	Kalua/Raghbir	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
115	Lakhpatsingh/Shivramsingh	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
116	Girdhari/Pancharam	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
117	Rameshwar Pd./Sukhroo Pd.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
118	Parmeshwar Pd./Sukhroo Pd.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
119	Dayararup/Raghunandan	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
120	Govind/Ramcharan	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
121	Laloo/Hari	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
122	Baldeo/Bhura	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
123	Tamma/Budha	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
124	Sahasram/Pila	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
125	Muritram/Chero	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
126	Mahabir/Thuloo	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
127	Uttamsingh/Gajrajsingh	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
128	Hazarua/Gayadin	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
129	Sahdeo/Mahdeo	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
130	Motilal/Dhanoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
131	Mohan/Sarabnarayan	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
132	Budloosingh/Tilakdhari	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
133	Baseri/Chotelal	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
134	Motilal/Raghbir	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
135	Ramadhin/Sovhit	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
136	Brijram/Jhagroo	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
137	Ramadhar/Bodhiram	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
138	Chutoo/Sukhra	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
139	Dasram/Gambhir	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
140	Mangloo/Tilakram	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
141	Bahorilal/Iswaria	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
142	Sirajet/Chinta	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
143	Sukhnandan/Pandwa	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
144	Sundarlal/Bansi	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
145	Mangloo/Bisram	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	0	0

	I	2	3	Rs. A. P.
146	Mandla/Karia	.	.	15 0 0
147	Kamalbhansingh/Debisingh	.	.	15 0 0
148	Ramadhin/Surjan	.	.	15 0 0
149	Baisakhoo/Balbir	.	.	15 0 0
150	Bahori/Balbir	.	.	15 0 0
151	Arjoon/Dasaiya	.	.	15 0 0
152	Ganesh/Dhanoo	.	.	15 0 0
153	Bulua/Dayali	.	.	15 0 0
154	Sukhiya/Sukharia	.	.	15 0 0
155	Jhaproo/Raghubira	.	.	15 0 0
156	Nandoosingh/Kaloosingh	.	.	15 0 0
157	Mahilal/Dhanoo	.	.	15 0 0
158	Kaloo Singh/Harnam	.	.	15 0 0
159	Khalbalia/Bodhi	.	.	15 0 0
160	Hiralal/Rasall	.	.	15 0 0
161	Tilla/Bahori	.	.	15 0 0
162	Samnoo/Langra	.	.	15 0 0
163	Mahesha/Charka	.	.	15 0 0
164	Biaram/Budhoo	.	.	15 0 0
165	Bare/Raghunandan	.	.	15 0 0
166	Ramwa/Rama	.	.	15 0 0
167	Parsadi/Budhoo	.	.	15 0 0
168	Narayan/Mansaram	.	.	15 0 0
169	Bhojram/Tejai	.	.	15 0 0
170	Govind/Makhoo	.	.	15 0 0
171	Kuarwa/Sahadeo	.	.	15 0 0
172	Lalbaya/Sukhdeona	.	.	15 0 0
173	Kasau/Milthoo	.	.	15 0 0
174	Ram Pd. /Samnoo	.	.	15 0 0
175	Balgovind/Hiswa	.	.	15 0 0
176	Bare/Ramlal	.	.	15 0 0
177	Chotelal/Ramgarib	.	.	15 0 0
178	Adena/Manfer	.	.	15 0 0
179	Ram Pd. /Serama	.	.	15 0 0
180	Sarman/Sudin	.	.	15 0 0
181	Bhaiyalal/Bharoa	.	.	15 0 0
182	Samuha/Nanda	.	.	15 0 0
183	Ratandas/Awadhram	.	.	15 0 0
184	Gayandas/Awadhram	.	.	15 0 0
185	Nandwa/Karia	.	.	15 0 0
186	Manbhodi/Raghubira	.	.	15 0 0
187	Ramsahai/Gulabi	.	.	15 0 0
188	Bajjee/Khalari	.	.	15 0 0
189	Haridin/Bhagwatdin	.	.	15 0 0
190	Sarjoo/Rambharos	.	.	15 0 0
191	Khella/Manghaiya	.	.	15 0 0
192	Deosaran/Chutbhadi	.	.	15 0 0
193	Hazari/Bodhi	.	.	15 0 0
194	Pardeshi/Arjoon	.	.	15 0 0
195	Pachaiya/Arjoon	.	.	15 0 0
196	Jugoo/Chandoo	.	.	15 0 0
197	Rampal/Ramadhin	.	.	15 0 0
198	Ramkishore/Gajadhar	.	.	15 0 0
199	Sukhaiya/Chotai	.	.	15 0 0
200	Pachaiya/Charka	.	.	15 0 0
201	Bhagwat/Fulla	.	.	15 0 0

1	2	3	Rs. A. P.
202	Babulal Raising Contractor	.	15 0 0
203	Ramdas/Singram	.	15 0 0
204	Ramma/Baiga	.	15 0 0
205	Debidin/Bhalyalal	.	15 0 0
206	Bharosa/Ramadhin	.	15 0 0
207	Haddi/Debidin	.	15 0 0
208	Balwant Singh Rampratapsingh	.	15 0 0
209	Mangal/Dessai	.	15 0 0
210	Mattoo/Tiroo	.	15 0 0
211	Dasaiya/Samnoo	.	15 0 0
212	Govind Pd./Thakurdin	.	15 0 0
			3,180 0 0

ANNEXURE 'C'

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Items Nos. (iii) and (v) to the schedule to the order of reference.

All the miners working at the colliery as on 26-5-56 and those who have been reinstated on 10-10-56, are to be paid a consolidated rate of 2.4 annas per tub on the No. of tubs raised by each individual during the period 1-1-52 to 26-5-56.

Summary of Amount to be paid under this head

Page No.	Amount
	Rs. A. P.
(1)	814 2 3
(2)	411 15 6
(3)	1,722 3 3
(4)	1,030 8 6
(5)	865 5 9
(6)	999 8 0
(7)	10 5 6
(8)	2,972 10 3
(9)	3,532 9 6
(10)	4,406 7 0
(11)	4,588 6 3
(12)	3,621 4 0
(13)	2,186 12 0
(14)	4,083 0 9
(15)	3,784 8 3
(16)	3,240 11 3
(17)	3,494 13 0
(18)	2,806 3 9
(19)	1,746 1 9
(20)	916 5 3
	47,233 13 9

ANNEXURE 'C'

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Items (iii) and (v) of the Schedule to the Order of Reference

All miners working at the colliery as on 26-5-56 and those who have been reinstated on 10-10-56 are to be paid a consolidated rate of 2.4 Annas per tub on the number of tubs raised by each individual during the period 1-1-52 to 26-5-56.

No.	Name/Father's Name	Amount	Rs. A. P.		
			1	2	3
1	Arjun/Makhan				1 5 6
2	Ajodhya/Ramanuj				139 15 3
3	Basdeo/Kamla				6 9 6
4	Bharosha/Ramadhin				1 5 6
5	Balla/Maltru				155 1 6
6	Biseswar/Khamban				4 0 9
7	Baldeo/Anandi				72 14 3
8	Bishau/Colahari				15 4 9
9	Bankeysingh/Chandarbalisingh				28 5 6
10	Bisnath/Murali				8 1 6
11	Banaspatisingh/Gajadharsingh				24 15 0
12	Baisakho/Bansoo				181 12 9
13	Biseswar/Khiyali				12 2 3
14	Brijbhansingh/Karansingh				14 13 6
15	Bishali/Budhoo				6 9 6
16	Bisnath/Banmaliram				36 0 0
17	Badloo/Ram Bux				29 11 3
18	Bodhey/Chabba				27 0 0
19	Budhai/Lalla				11 1 6
20	Brijbhan/Biran				3 14 3
21	Budhoolal/Narayan				25 10 3
22	Bhagirath/Dassoo				7 8 0
23	Bhagawandin/Sambhoo				22 0 9
24	Bldasi/Udayram				6 9 6
25	Baliram/Basori				5 13 6
26	Babulal/Deosingh				0 14 3
27	Bhola/Sunder				0 4 9
28	Chathdhari/Bhaiyalal				20 4 0
29	Chandrbalisingh/Bhagabatsingh				24 4 9
30	Chota/Chaina				11 11 3
31	Chotelal/Shambhoo				32 13 6
32	Chunguthi/Budhai				21 2 3
33	Chamroo/Banshu				124 3 3
34	Debi/Sukhan				31 8 0
35	Durghat/Dulare				18 4 9
36	Dulare/Sarman				29 8 9
37	Deosaran/Bantoo				25 15 3
38	Dayaram/Mani				4 5 6
39	Dukhoo/Ganesh				1 5 6
40	Deonarayan/Sital				2 1 6
41	Guduldas/Janakdas				17 8 9
42	Goha/Janakram				18 9 6
43	Ganesh/Kuishoo				22 10 3
44	Govindprasad/Thakurdin				91 5 6
45	Girjaprasad/Anjainprasad				37 10 3
46	Goga/Bahori				112 12 9
47	Gangaprasad/Gapoli				28 5 6
48	Ganesh/Mankoo				13 8 0
49	Hiralal/Makho				29 1 6
50	Hazari/Pachola				227 4 0

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			Rs.	As.	P.
51	Hakimuddin/Abdul Rahaman	.	114	12	0
52	Haridin/Hazari	.	5	6	3
53	Hincharam/Maksudan	.	112	10	3
54	Hanwa/Mahadeo	.	4	15	3
55	Harprasad Singh/Nakhatpal Singh	.	1	5	6
56	Jacobansprasad/Iswardin	.	36	14	3
57	Jawahir/Budhai	.	175	0	9
58	Jamunaprasad/Bihariram	.	13	3	3
59	Jawahir/Ramgulam	.	66	9	6
60	Jaggisawaran/Sheosewak	.	228	14	3
61	Jaikaran/Ramedhin	.	86	4	0
62	Jagannath/Dasaw	.	18	4	9
63	Jiopat/Dhansai	.	7	3	3
64	Jagnandan/Sukrooprasad	.	31	15	0
65	Jagadishprasad/Ramkishore	.	1	12	9
66	Kakoo/Hazari	.	124	10	3
67	Kakoo/Kunkai	.	23	11	3
68	Kakawa/Binda	.	9	7	3
69	Kantali/Muri	.	119	4	0
70	Kemla/Burha	.	14	6	3
71	Karamsingh/Sheomangal Singh	.	295	12	9
72	Kapildeo/Sukhmangal	.	29	11	3
73	Kush/Makhan	.	1	0	9
74	Kalichanran/Dershan	.	1	8	0
75	Lakhansingh/Lachhmen singh	.	115	10	3
76	Law/Makhan	.	0	7	3
77	Mahabir/Hiralel	.	22	12	9
78	Manikdas/Sohorikdas	.	29	1	6
79	Mangalia/Jiwan	.	73	10	3
80	Madhoo/Ramunuji	.	20	1	6
81	Maradin/Baldeo	.	80	8	9
82	Mangali/Jagatshari	.	25	10	3
83	Mahadeo/Hanuman	.	4	8	0
84	Mangal/Budhai	.	6	12	0
85	Narsingh/Bhikhari	.	29	11	3
86	Nabasta/Meday	.	1	5	6
87	Pairag/Dadwa	.	3	9	6
88	Pardeshi/Makhan	.	64	0	9
89	Parmaswardin/Sambhoo	.	189	14	3
90	Parashnath/Puraram	.	15	4	9
91	Parameswardin/Baldeoprasad	.	0	4	9
92	Ramji/Bharosha	.	0	14	3
93	Ramnath/Lal	.	2	1	6
94	Ramjiwan/Deosaran	.	0	14	3
95	Ramdhin/Chandulal	.	0	14	3
96	Ramdayal/Asharam	.	2	11	3
97	Ramsingh/Nehali	.	4	8	0
98	Rama/Gobind	.	28	10	0
99	Ramsaran/Sukdeo	.	8	8	9
100	Ramashrey/Ramsewak	.	74	4	0
101	Ramashai/Nandoosingh	.	104	13	6
102	Ratanlal/Barechand	.	167	2	3
103	Rangbahadursingh/Nandoosingh	.	0	9	6
104	Ramadha/Gajadhar	.	12	9	6
105	Ramdhani/Harbansprasad	.	17	6	3
106	Ramjiwan/Kaloo	.	0	14	3
107	Ramjisingh/Kunjbecharisingh	.	61	10	3
108	Raghunandan/Budhai	.	0	4	9
109	Rambishal/Surajdin	.	24	14	3
110	Rambishal/Ramdas	.	0	4	9
111	Rameswar/Shankar	.	32	6	3
112	Ramgulam/Gurdin	.	20	6	3
113	Rambux/Ramnarayan	.	41	5	3
114	Ramaawatar/Sitaram	.	15	2	3
115	Ramgopal/Bisnath	.	24	2	3

		Rs.	As.	P.
116	Ramdas/Sarnam	0	4	9
117	Ramchabiley/Rambhore	33	12	0
118	Ramnath/Ramadhin	32	11	3
119	Ramrajsingh/Kunjbiharisinh	58	15	3
120	Ramsakhi/Budhai	148	0	9
121	Ramman/Jogeshwar	5	6	3
122	Rupraj/Udairam	7	3	3
123	Subrati/Elahi	225	7	3
124	Samsundar/Gaya	9	7	3
125	Sudharam/Paitram	49	0	9
126	Sukhroo/Tilokdhari	0	14	0
127	Sheoprasad/Janakram	47	1	6
128	Sukhdeo/Chappan	129	2	3
129	Sheolochan/Babadin	4	15	3
130	Sukhnoo/Debidin	135	0	9
131	Subhai/Mangali	1	10	3
132	Sheoratan/Ramlaal	1	8	0
133	Shampat/Bindra	0	4	9
134	Shahalya/Sukhla	145	5	6
135	Sheosahai/Biceswar	0	2	3
136	Sobhitram/Dukhiram	9	7	3
137	Sarda/Dulare	1	12	9
138	Shankar/Lela	33	7	3
139	Shamsunder/Sewak	7	8	0
140	Sheomangal/Ramniwas	1	12	9
141	Sunder/Darair	112	15	3
142	Surajbali/Sarjoo	2	11	3
143	Sadhudas/Sahoridas	9	12	0
144	Satdeen/Rameshwar	10	8	0
145	Sankata/Mangal	1	5	6
146	Sheoprasad/Ramawatar	1	5	6
147	Tilokdhari/Baldeo	26	11	3
148	Tribeni Prasad/Triloknath	13	0	0
149	Tribeniprasad/Thakurdin	4	15	3
150	Tularam/Dayal	0	14	3
151	Bhaskar/Gangaram	4	8	0

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

No.	Name/Father's Name		Amount		
			1	2	3
			Rs.	As	P.
1	Azizuddin/Nadir Bux		262	12	9
2	Akalibaba/Chotababa		214	15	3
3	Abdul Salam/Ab. Rohman		181	0	9
4	Batoola /Ramcharan		101	0	3
5	Bachal/Sohan		80	11	3
6	Babulal/Premial		176	0	9
7	Beno Madho/Ram Pd.		87	7	3
8	Barik/Bafati		99	14	3
9	Bharoa/Sadhu		149	13	6
10	Bhura/Mandhari		160	5	6
11	Budhoo/Ram Pd.		99	12	0
12	Bhagwandin/Gola		39	2	3
13	Bishambar/Bansoo		202	3	3

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Rs. As. P.

14	Biseswar/Hardin	122	13	6
15	Bisharma/Lula	165	9	6
16	Bakradi/Bahadur Khan	174	14	3
17	Bhalwa/Sudhwa	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	252	7	3
18	Baldeo/Chandoo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	161	8	9
19	Chotai/Dhani	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	8	0
20	Chidoo/Shahabuddin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	85	5	6
21	Chutaiya/Pachaiya	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	128	4	0
22	Choteylal /Ramgarib	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	2	3
23	Chouthmal/Latel	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	68	11	3
24	Chuttoo/Nawal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	208	0	9
25	Din Mohd./Bakridi	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	82	5	6
26	Dulare/Ramphal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	0	9
27	Dina/Kuhra	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	166	11	3
28	Dhannalal Sonai	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	69	9	6
29	Damodardas/Tribhawandas	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	180	4	9
30	Dasmatsingh/Rajbhangsingh	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	81	0	0
31	Daddi/Mirra.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	62	11	5
32	Devidin/Ramlal	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	56	4	0
33	Ikbal/Kaloo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	86	8	9
34	Ismail/Daulat	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	292	8	0
35	Ikramuddin/Sahabuddin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	135	7	3
36	Fakaruddin/Bulkai.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	79	12	9
37	Firat/Fauda	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	236	1	6
38	Gariba/Halka	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	79	8	0
39	Govind/Ramcharan	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	65	4	9
40	Govardhan/Hari	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	250	5	6
41	Gulabi/Khalari	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	114	8	9
42	Gariba/Balbir	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	256	3	3
43	Gokul/Jagdhari	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	128	11	3
44	Gahbar/Gokul	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	166	5	6
45	Ghapoli/Chhota	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	206	2	3
46	Gopal/Surajdin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	10	3
47	Ghisal/Gabboo	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	193	8	0
48	Gokul/Choubey	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	245	2	9
49	Gora/Tejia	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	187	15	3
50	Hussain Bux/Ab. Ghaffar	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	249	4	9
51	Hakimuddin/Bodhi	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	207	2	3
52	Hazari/Mirra	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	79	10	0
53	Haria/Butia	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	120	12	0
54	Hasanuddin/Imamuddin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	91	10	3
55	Hazrat/Kudrat	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	112	15	3
56	Habib/Azimuddin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	235	5	6
57	Jagannath/Rambharose	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	95	0	3
58	Jhalli/Ramadhin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	14	3
59	Jamuna/Ramdas	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	317	11	3
60	Jalia/Pandu	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	258	12	0
61	Jindaiya/Sonai	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	74	13	6
62	Jiauddin/Jahiruddin	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	14	3
63	Jageswar/Chimia	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	282	7	3
64	Jaliluddin/Ramzan	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	233	11	3
65	Jhalla/Hirwa	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	156	2	6
66	Kolaiya/Ladha	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	12	0
67	Kodu/Lohrai	215	8	9
68	Kolaiya/Mangalia	274	0	3
										.	38	1	3
										.	4	15	3
										.	191	6	3
										.	165	7	3
										.	250	5	3
										.	298	0	9
										.	131	6	3

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			Rs.	As.	P.
69	Khwaja Bux/Imamuddin	.	194	8	9
70	Katakoo/Bhola	.	191	1	6
71	Khokhsa/Harayan	.	163	15	3
72	Lallao/Hari	.	228	4	9
73	Latgon/Cahnoo	.	113	1	6
74	Lahbar/Chaukori	.	144	14	0
75	Lamoo/Chaproo	.	239	1	6
76	Manmohan/Chhidoo	.	19	12	9
77	Muguluwa/Mandalia	.	238	10	6
78	Mukhtar/Ab. Gani	.	270	7	3
79	Mangal/Jaghdania	.	{ 201	4	9
			15	12	0
80	Manfarie/Daksuri	.	250	7	3
81	Manohar/Pachaiya	.	109	0	9
82	Mirra/Singola	.	98	11	3
83	Maikan/Md. Basir	.	261	12	0
84	Murali/Ratia	.	255	14	6
85	Muslimkhan/Yasin Khan	.	174	4	9
86	Maika/Ramavtar	.	178	3	3
87	Mainuddin/Mehar Bux	.	240	7	3
88	Mohd. Yusuf/Ab. Sakur	.	206	8	9
89	Medai/Baboo	.	199	5	6
90	Mattoo/Tidu	.	36	0	0
91	Mangalia/Manik	.	239	13	6
92	Marroo/Narayan	.	224	1	6
93	Manbochhi/Raghubir	.	92	13	6
94	Niyaz Mohammad/Iddo Khan	.	235	3	3
95	Namaiya/Baldeo	.	33	9	6
96	Nihaluddin/Naziruddin	.	163	12	9
97	Prahadi/Charen	.	203	4	0
98	Pusaw/Bahori	.	{ 91	1	6
			12	2	3
99	Parbhoo/Gokul	.	299	11	3
100	Puewa/Sheo Pd.	.	{ 214	3	3
			9	7	3
101	Punaw/Mangalia	.	219	15	0
102	Ram Pd./Ramadaya	.	{ 214	3	3
			14	13	6
103	Ramsewak/Halka	.	255	2	6
104	Ram Dular/Mahabir	.	57	4	9
105	Ramdhani/Babadin	.	127	12	9
106	Ram Prasad/Siaman	.	{ 164	13	6
			20	11	3
107	Ram Pd./Sisia	.	193	15	3
108	Ramnath/Bhaiyalal	.	88	3	3
109	Ramkishore/Sukhdeo	.	74	11	5
110	Ramla/Jawahir	.	149	6	3
111	Ramjiwan/Bunde	.	{ 52	3	3
			15	12	0
112	Ram Singh/Karan Singh	.	122	13	6
113	Ramkhilawan/Ramial	.	77	4	0
114	Ramjiwan/Ramdas	.	199	1	6
115	Ramcharan/Pila	.	61	10	3
116	Sabir/Sahid Khan	.	{ 240	0	0
			9	0	0
117	Saifuddin/Sahid Khan	.	258	7	0
118	Saddik/Ali Hasan	.	{ 85	15	3
			9	0	0
119	Sahaiya/Baldeo	.	51	4	9
120	Sukram/Sankar	.	146	11	3
121	Shivnath/Baldeo	.	35	1	6
122	Sukhla/Ramadhin	.	225	14	3
123	Shayamial/Seosewak	.	236	4	0
124	Sarif Khan/Jamal Khan	.	99	6	6
125	Sobha/Antoo	.	256	8	0

		2	3	Rs. As. P.
126	Thutha/Balasoo Singh	.	.	154 2 9
127	Tengali/Choti	.	.	{ 125 4 0
128	Uttam Singh/Gajrajsingh	.	.	14 6 3
129	Ramjeh/Thiloo	.	.	246 2 6
				242 4 0
				2,186 12 0

1	Atmaram/Mahjan	.	.	86 8 9
2	Atatullah/Karaman	.	.	180 2 3
3	Aghori/Laganshai	.	.	64 4 0
4	Atmaram/Bishambhar	.	.	181 12 9
5	Azimbux/Fodi	.	.	163 5 6
6	Agoldin/Chunnu	.	.	99 14 3
7	Bhakho/Shankar	.	.	166 8 0
8	Baldeo/Bhura	.	.	296 12 0
9	Bhola/Mangali	.	.	180 4 9
10	Bishnath/Amroo	.	.	149 8 9
11	Balmik/Rameshwarprasad	.	.	101 13 6
12	Bhukhao/Khedu	.	.	53 12 3
13	Bahorik/Bhogi	.	.	90 9 6
14	Behari/Maniram	.	.	130 15 3
15	Bhandu/Ansuiym	.	.	79 10 0
16	Baharan/Moharsai	.	.	135 7 3
17	Bhok shai/Manshai	.	.	226 5 6
18	Bahadur/Maniram	.	.	228 4 9
19	Bishram/Khambhan	.	.	93 2 3
20	Beni/Hanuman	.	.	202 0 9
21	Budhram/Mahabir	.	.	82 5 6
22	Bhajram/Teju	.	.	94 15 3
23	Bishnoo/Tapanoo	.	.	24 4 9
24	Banash Patisingh/Jaikarameir gh	.	.	220 8 0
25	Chhota/Maharajawa	.	.	212 13 6
26	Chuttu/Birshan	.	.	189 2 3
27	Chulbul/Dhaniram	.	.	199 5 6
28	Chamma/Ratia	.	.	148 8 0
29	Chain/Manshai	.	.	157 8 0
30	Chulbul/Sobha	.	.	70 3 3
31	Dukhuram/Sahas	.	.	721 4 3
32	Dhannuo/Puttoo	.	.	68 6 3
33	Dhaukal/Halka	.	.	65 8 0
34	Domma/Haria	.	.	245 0 3
35	Dulare/Bajrangi	.	.	222 5 3
36	Dhanaiya/Akali	.	.	226 12 0
37	Dasaram/Nandu	.	.	24 12 0
38	Dinbandh/Buddha	.	.	95 14 3
39	Dayaswaroop/Raghunandan	.	.	235 5 6
40	Dhanno/Sarman	.	.	125 8 9
41	Dhanno/Mandhari	.	.	151 3 0
42	Deshaiya/Akali	.	.	175 8 0
43	Foodu/Baltoo	.	.	148 15 3
44	Foolsai/Samaru	.	.	148 0 9
45	Ghisal/Balthoo	.	.	136 0 9
46	Gangloo/Ujiyar	.	.	125 8 9
47	Ghamanjal/Dukaloo	.	.	66 12 9
48	Guley/Tirai	.	.	69 12 9
49	Gazi Mohammad/Lal Mohammad	.	.	151 12 9
50	Ganpat/Raghunandan	.	.	181 0 9
51	Girdhari/Panchram	.	.	265 8 0
52	Hazarl/Gayadin	.	.	244 5 3
53	Hirafal/Gorelal	.	.	100 0 9
54	Hublal/Nankoo	.	.	203 0 9

1	2	3
55	Hiralal/Mangal	Rs. As. P.
56	Jaggoo/Dunni	185 13 6
57	Jabarali/Basrat	115 10 3
58	Jhumak/Sadhram	59 13 6
59	Jagatdhari Singh/Mahadeo	22 15 3
60	Kadu/Chaina	24 12 0
		201 15 3
61	Katiram/Thingali	(201 15 3)
62	Kashi/Dasarath	121 9 6
63	Kadu/Paharu	258 7 3
64	Khedru/Baharan	157 10 3
65	Kamalsingh/Pratapsingh	64 12 9
66	Karansingh/Devisingh	87 4 9
67	Kunjilal/Hiralal	322 3 3
68	Kesoprasad/Sardaram	292 8 0
69	Kunjilal/Mazadin	100 8 0
70	Kamalauddin/Abdul Rahaman	105 14 3
71	Kholbahara/Bodhiram	19 15 3
72	Laindas/Awadhram	31 3 3
73	Lalit/Bishambhar	108 0 0
74	Lalsai/Motiram	196 12 0
75	Lalla/Ranga	25 5 6
76	Mohan/Nandoo	129 0 0
77	Mithailal/Dulare	67 15 3
78	Mehtar/Ladhwa	57 9 6
79	Maharsai/Lachhan	85 8 0
80	Muritram/Cheroo	105 12 0
81	Mehtar/Kriparam	291 12 0
82	Motilal/Changa	313 5 6
83	Malech/Milan	212 6 3
84	Mahabir/Thullu	75 4 9
85	Mehtar/Bhajram	85 8 0
86	Meghai/Mannasingh	67 10 3
87	Nanhoo/Lodha	27 14 3
88	Pratap/Nandlal	121 8 0
89	Pandoo/Akali	175 1 6
90	Panchram/Raiya	164 13 6
91	Puranik/Lachhan	186 14 3
92	Pratap/Brijlal	201 1 3
93	Paras/Sadram	195 4 9
94	Paltoo/Mahajan	67 0 9
95	Parsadi/Raghbir	54 14 3
96	Premlal/Budhsen	248 6 3
97	Premlal/Bikloo	29 13 6
98	Prem/Kuwar	22 15 3
99	Parmoo/Lodha	226 8 0
100	Puran/Sukhdeo	127 0 9
101	Pardeshi/Desai	67 12 9
102	Paramsukh/Lodha	219 2 3
103	Raghunath/Bhaghat	310 10 3
104	Ramlal/Behari	41 6 3
105	Ramcharan/Parshu	87 7 3
106	Ramkishan/Asharam	74 4 0
107	Rathoo/Sobha	92 11 3
108	Rati/Ramala	124 10 3
109	Ramadhar/Jhumak	20 6 3
		62 4 0
110	Ramdhani/Sahadeo	(62 4 0)
111	Ramprasad/Tapnoo	6 4 9
112	Ramsingh/Nandusingh	24 0 0
113	Ramawatar/Tulshi	160 10 3
114	Raghunath/Ramsahai Singh	213 4 9
115	Rammilan/Gairoop	21 5 9
116	Rambhorash/Buddha	160 0 9
117	Ramsewak Singh/Badri Singh	210 0 0
118	Ramkhilawan/Assoo	166 9 6
		162 4 9

			1	2	3	Rs. A. P.
119	Sahadco/Mahadeo	.	.	.	.	106 3 3
120	Seobalak/Budhai	.	.	.	.	63 7 3
121	Sadhus/Pakla	.	.	.	.	94 15 3
122	Sundarlal/Banshu	.	.	.	.	171 2 3
123	Sullu/Awadhram	.	.	.	.	78 7 3
124	Summa/Haria	.	.	.	.	203 11 3
125	Shankar/Manasharam	.	.	.	.	71 13 6
126	Sheocharan/Kunda	.	.	.	.	24 12 0
127	Suratsingh/Jodhisingh	.	.	.	.	56 10 3
128	Suraj/Mangloo	.	.	.	.	55 15 3
129	Santasingh/Kamal Singh	.	.	.	.	29 0 9
130	Sheikh Amir/Sheik Hazari	.	.	.	.	228 4 9
131	Sheocharan/Dhaniya	.	.	.	.	124 10 3
132	Sugrim/Bishali	.	.	.	.	163 5 6
133	Sukdeo/Rammanohar	.	.	.	.	235 5 6
134	Summa/Halka	.	.	.	.	199 12 9
135	Sipahilal/Bharath	.	.	.	.	290 4 9
136	Sheolal/Mandhari	.	.	.	.	188 1 6
137	Sarjoo/Mahangoo	.	.	.	.	81 2 3
138	Sonai/Peshkar	.	.	.	.	64 3 3
139	Tota/Jethoo	.	.	.	.	113 1 6
140	Tiharu/Budhkar	.	.	.	.	98 11 3
141	Thunton/Deosingh	.	.	.	.	28 5 6
142	Tamma/Budha	.	.	.	.	281 11 4
143	Usman/Jasar	.	.	.	.	161 7 4
						1,746 1 9
1	Khalbalia/Bodhi	.	.	.	.	21 2 3
2	Motilal/Budha	.	.	.	.	45 7 3
3	Sahdeo/Bindra	.	.	.	.	172 3 3
4	Sownath/Ganga	.	.	.	.	141 9 6
5	Bharosa/Dhanakdhari	.	.	.	.	170 8 9
6	Jialal/Bindra	.	.	.	.	3 9 6
7	Shankar/Malukdas	.	.	.	.	128 13 6
8	Mahesha/Ramsakhia	.	.	.	.	19 3 3
9	Ramdas/Ramgarib	.	.	.	.	213 12 6
						916 5 3

ANNEXURE 'D'

NOWROZABAD COILERY

Item No. IV to the Schedule to the order of Reference.

Single increments effective from 1/1/56 are to be granted to following monthly paid staff members, who did not get any increment during the year 1956.

No.	Name	Designation	Quantum	Amount payable of upto Dec. 56. Increment
-----	------	-------------	---------	--

M/s.			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1.	W. K. Shaikdar	Gen. Clerk	5 0 0	80 0 0
2.	N. N. Ghosh	Time keeper	5 0 0	104 0 0
3.	B. C. Chakraverty	Genl. clerk	5 0 0	80 0 0
4.	N. N. Mitra	-do-	5 0 0	80 0 0
5.	M. L. Vishwakarma	-do-	5 0 0	119 0 0
6.	Babulal	G. P. Maker	5 0 0	101 10 0
7.	P. R. Durgey	Tracer	5 0 0	80 0 0

No.	Name	Designation	Quantum of Increment	Amount upto Dec. '56	Payable
			Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
8.	Mrs. Masih	Nurse	5 0 0	80 0 0	
9.	Sk. Karim	Turner	5 0 0	120 8 0	
10.	John Joseph	Driver	5 0 0	80 0 0	
11.	Tuffail Ahmed	Load Sup.	5 0 0	119 0 0	
12.	S. L. Gopal	Clerk	10 0 0	166 12 0	
13.	S. K. Mukerjee	-do-	5 0 0	116 0 0	
14.	S. G. Kirwai	Teacher	5 0 0	116 0 0	
15.	Durga Pd.	Asstt. Overman	5 0 0	119 0 0	
16.	W. B. Naik	Ledger Keeper	5 0 0	120 8 0	
17.	G. M. Muzumdar	Stu. Dely. Clerk	5 0 0	119 0 0	
18.	Kesho Prasad	Time Keeper	5 0 0	116 0 0	
19.	L. P. Gupta	Clerk	5 0 0	116 0 0	
20.	M. L. Khare	Survey Clerk	5 0 0	116 0 0	
21.	K. Rammohan	Asstt. Chemist	20 0 0	416 0 0	
22.	Mrs. N. Moghe	Nurse	5 0 0	120 8 0	
23.	H. Nowrojee	A/cs. Clerk	10 0 0	208 0 0	
24.	T. K. Bishnu	Asstt. Grain Clerk	5 0 0	114 10 6	
25.	M. R. Bodhe	Jr. Draftsman	10 0 0	160 0 0	
26.	Gokul Prasad	Turbine Driver	5 0 0	119 0 0	
27.	Pundlik Rao	-do-	5 0 0	119 0 0	
28.	Gurnam Singh	Load Supr.	5 0 0	116 0 0	
29.	Nahar Singh	-do-	5 0 0	114 10 6	
30.	V. B. Chougule	Asstt. Overman	5 0 0	80 0 0	
31.	A. D. Mukerjee	-do-	5 0 0	80 0 0	
32.	N. K. Mukerjee	Time keeper	5 0 0	128 12 9	
33.	D. L. Chakraborti	P. F. Clerk	5 0 0	101 10 0	
34.	Rambharose	Engine Wright	10 0 0	75 12 3	
35.	Subrati	Fitter	5 0 0	82 13 0	
36.	M. N. Sharma	Building Supr.	5 0 0	78 14 3	
37.	Bashir Khan	Engine Wright	5 0 0	73 4 6	
38.	Makra d Prashad	Tally clerk	5 0 0	66 15 9	
39.	Mohammad Khan	B. Smith	5 0 0	61 7 3	
40.	Sitaram	Lab. Supr.	5 0 0	82 8 6	
41.	G. R. Swamy	Clerk	5 0 0	60 6 3	
				4,609 11 6	

ANNEXURE 'D'

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Item IV of the Schedule to the order of Reference.

Amount payable to monthly paid staff members who did not get increments during the year 1955, are to be paid cash equivalent to what they would have earned by way of single increment in the basic wage and corresponding dearness allowance & Bonus during the year.

No.	Name	Designation	Amount payable
M/s			Rs. A. P.
1	Babulal	B. Smith	120 0 0
2	Gurnam Singh	Load Supr.	120 0 0
3	Nahar Singh	-do-	120 0 0
4	V. B. Chougule	Asstt. Overman	111 12 0
5	Ram Bharose	Engine Wright	111 12 0
6	Sitaram	Fitter	120 0 0
7	Subrati	-do-	120 0 0

No.	Name	Designation	Amount		
			Rs.	As.	P.
8	N. K. Mukherjee	Clerk	120	0	0
9	Bhaiyalal	Do.	120	0	0
10	D. L. Chakraborti	Do.	120	0	0
11	H. S. Gyani	Typist	120	0	0
12	Babu Lal	G. P. Maker	120	0	0
13	Bharat Singh	Asstt. Surveyor	312	0	0
14	M. N. Sharma	Bldg. Supr.	111	12	0
15	G. V. Joshi	Assit. Accountant	312	0	0
16	A. S. Vaidya	A/cs clerk	312	0	0
17	Sheikh Karim	Turner	120	0	0
18	John D. Joseph	Motor Driver	111	12	0
19	Tuffail Ahmed	Load Supr.	120	0	0
20	S. P. Mehta	Ovcrman	312	0	0
21	Sarnaillal	Assit. Overman	111	12	0
22	W. G. Raney	Do.	120	0	0
23	Bashir Khan	E/Wright	111	12	0
24	S. G. Kirwai	Teacher	120	0	0
25	Inderjit Singh	Do.	120	0	0
26	Makrand Prashad	Do.	120	0	0
27	Mohammad Khan	B. Smith	120	0	0
28	Sitaram	Load Supr.	120	0	0
29	Jaideyal	Clerk	120	0	0
			4,198	8	0

ANNEXURE 'E'

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Amounts payable as relief to 40 (Forty) workers who have been re-instated, with effect from 10/10/1956.

Items vi, vii, viii and ix of the Schedule to the order of Reference.

No.	Name	Designation	Amount		
			Rs.	As.	P.
1	Sri A. K. Sen	Store Clerk	409	8	6
2	„ Mohd. Khan	Blacksmith	520	3	9
3	„ Ramubharose	Engine Wright	1,013	13	3
4	„ Subrati	Fitter	546	12	6
5	„ M. N. Sharma	Lab. Supervisor	706	4	0
6	„ Bashir Khan	Engine Wright	884	1	9
7	„ Makrand Pd.	Tally clerk	343	4	6
8	„ Sitaram	Labour Supervisor	656	2	0
9	„ G. R. Swamy	Clerk	483	14	0
10	„ Taj Khan	Mining Sirdar	371	7	0
11	„ Ramkumarsingh	Elec. Helper	249	6	0
12	„ M. K. Nagarkar	Asstt. Elec. Fitter	359	13	6
13	„ Lachman Singh	Shot Firer	293	0	6
14	„ Kali Charan	S. B. Attendant	290	2	0
15	„ Ramkumar Nigam	Watchman	127	7	3
16	„ Akbar Ali	C.C.M. 2nd driver	230	13	1
17	„ Inder pal.	Store Mazdoor	121	3	9
18	„ Jagannath	Do.	127	9	6
19	„ Namaiya	Mazdoor Survey Dept.	159	5	3
20	„ Ramsaroop	Mason	352	10	6
21	„ Nafadin	Sweeper	173	2	9
22	„ Rajaram	C.C.M. Driver	293	12	0

No.	Name	Designation	Amount
23	Sri Keshav Prasad	Machine Mazdoor	Rs. AS. P. 313 4 0
24	„ Devendar Kumar	Writer	309 13 6
25	„ Shotelal	Trammer	179 6 0
26	„ Bhakoo	Do.	345 0 9
27	„ Pardeshi	Do.	172 13 0
28	Smt. Chaiti	Wagon loader of Shri Jagatdhari	88 9 6
29	„ Jalabia	Do.	88 9 6
30	„ Adhina	Do.	110 4 0
31	Sri Khalballa	Miner	194 5 0
32	„ Motilal	Do.	194 5 0
33	„ Sahdeo/Bindra	Do.	194 5 0
34	„ Shankar/Malkoodas	Do.	194 5 0
35	„ Mahesha	Do.	195 4 0
36	„ Ramdas	Do.	195 4 0
37	„ Somnath	Do.	155 4 6
38	„ Bharosa	Do.	176 5 0
39	„ Rambisal	Do.	194 5 0
40	„ Jaijal	Do.	194 5 0
TOTAL			12,241 9 3

ANNEXURE 'F'

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Item Nos. vi, vii, viii and ix to the Schedule to the order of Reference.

Workers and Commission holders who are not to be reinstated but will be paid the sums noted against each, subject to their vacating the Company's quarters, if any of them are still in occupation of such quarters. They shall leave the Colliery area and will not re-enter the same except to visit their relations.

No.	Name	Designation	Amount
1	Shri D. J. Christopher	Apprentice	Rs. AS. P. 1,628 15 6
2	„ Bashir Umardin	Trammer	1,176 9 0
3	„ Bijoy Fattu	Do.	1,261 13 0
4	„ S. K. Bhattacharya	Welder	4,350 15 3
5	„ Lal Mohammad	Asstt. Fitter	1,889 12 3
6	„ R. R. Naidu	Sanitary Insp.	2,101 2 0
7	„ Asghar Ali Kudarat	Miner	1,177 9 6
8	„ Imammudin Bhasi	Trammer	1,121 5 3
9	„ Hardeo Singh	Commission Holder	500 0 0
10	„ Nasiruddin	Do.	500 0 0
11	„ Ravidutt Singh	Do.	1,065 0 0
16,773 1 9			

12 Shri Hukum Chand
 13 „ Durga Prasad, Raising Contractor
 14 „ Mithlesh Kumar, Raising Contractor
 15 „ Amnoo Parsad, Wagon-loading Contractor
 16 „ Hanuman Singh, Watch & Ward Department

} No payments to be made
 but they shall leave the
 Colliery and not re-enter
 except to visit their
 relations.

ANNEXURE 'G'

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Special cases of certain Miners and daily rated workers who have left the colliery of their own and who are not to be reinstated.

No.	Name	Designation	Amount		
			Rs.	As.	Ps.
1	Aminuddin/Mohd. Shafi	Miner	52	10	3
2	Bhola/Bahadurdin	Do.	14	6	3
3	Makdoom Bux/Nabi Bux	Do.	148	3	3
4	Bhagoo/Abdul Rehman	Do.	110	4	0
5	Ali Mohd./Nabi Bux	Do.	39	2	6
6	Shahhab Ali/Durgai	Do.	61	10	3
7	Chotclal/Ram Parsad	Do.	7	10	3
8	Nazari /Baldi	Do.	116	8	5
9	Sarjoo/Rambharose	Do.	155	4	6
10	Moti Prasad	Shot Firer	122	0	0
11	Mohammad Khan	Cook	101	9	9
12	A. K. Chakarverty	Clerk	166	5	9
13	E. Samuel	Shunting Mate	32	10	6
14	N. D. Roy	P. H. Apprentice	81	0	9
15	S. B. Chougule	Do.	115	7	6
16	Narbada Pd.		118	13	6
			1,444	4	9

ANNEXURE 'H'

NOWROZABAD COLLIERY

Staff members included under para 10-iv of the terms of settlement.

No.	Name	Designation	Amount		
			Rs.	As.	Ps.
1	Sri G. L. Wadhwa	Stenographer	130	0	0
2	„ G. D. Khati	A/cs clerk	92	8	0
3	„ J. S. Poonawalla	Store Keeper	125	0	0
4	„ M. L. Sarath	Store Clerk	58	8	0
5	„ R. S. Chaturvedi	Clerk	42	8	0
6	„ Charan Singh	Asslt. surveyor	56	0	0
7	„ S. V. Naik	A/cs clerk	95	0	0
8	„ L. N. Wadhwa	Clerk	50	0	0
9	„ G. B. Singh	Load Foreman	85	0	0
10	„ Kedarnath	Clerk	41	4	0
11	Smt. Assee Bai	Mistress	42	8	0
12	Sri K. P. Singh	Teacher	47	8	0
13	„ M. S. Bhatmagar	Mining Apprentice	75	0	0
14	„ S. D. Wadhwa	Chargehand	48	8	0
15	„ Sardar Singh	Electrician	61	0	0
16	„ R. Mascarenhas	Asstt. Overman	57	8	0
17	„ K. L. Chhibber	Do.	45	0	0
18	„ O. P. Virmani	W & W Supervisor	115	0	0
19	„ P. S. Ramamurthy	Asstt. Engineer	112	8	0
20	„ B. K. Kapur	Mining App.	22	8	0
			1,403	13	0

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

New Delhi, the 8th January 1957

S.R.O. 215.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, in the industrial dispute between Shri Ramdhani Mistry, Tub-Contractor, Malkera-Choitudih Colliery and the employers in relation to the Malkera-Choitudih colliery and their workmen.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL AT DHANBAD.

Before Shri Syed Matin Ahmed, Member Labour Appellate Tribunal of India, functioning as the Sole Member of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal constituted by the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour—No. S.R.O. 1503, dated 22nd June 1956, with Headquarters at Dhanbad.

REFERENCE NO. 4 OF 1956.

In the matter of an industrial dispute between Shri Ramdhani Mistry, Tub-Contractor, Malkera-Choitudih colliery, and the employers in relation to the Malkera-Choitudih colliery, on the one hand and their workmen on the other.

APPEARANCES

No appearance on behalf of the employer No. 1.

Shri K. R. Cursetji, Labour Officer, M/s. Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamadoba—for the Employer No. 2.

Shri A. Das Gupta, Secretary, Bihar Colliery Mazdoor Sangh—for the workmen.

AWARD

This dispute, regarding dismissal of Shri Jogendra Sahu, was originally referred for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, consisting of a Single Member Shri P. S. Bindra, by order of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 1755 dated 6th August, 1955. As the services of Shri P. S. Bindra ceased to be available, it was referred to me for adjudication by a subsequent order No. S.R.O. 1503 dated 22nd June, 1956 with headquarters at Lucknow, which were later changed to Dhanbad.

The following is the matter of dispute referred to for adjudication:

“Dismissal of Shri Jogendra Sahu, Hammerman, and the relief, if any, to which he is entitled.”

The workman, Shri Jogendra Sahu, was represented by the Bihar Colliery Mazdoor Sangh. His case, as disclosed in the statement of claim, is that employer No. 1, loosely known as Tub-Contractor, is one of the agents of the company, employer No. 2, and was duly empowered to enter into terms of service with labour to do the work at the Malkera-Choitudih colliery of Messrs. Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., employer No. 2. He was employed by employer No. 1 for working at the colliery and was a permanent employee of employers Nos. 1 and 2. That on 24th July 1954 he was dismissed without any charge sheet, without any scope of defence and, without any letter of dismissal. That the workman was enjoying the same benefits as all other workers directly recruited by the employer No. 2. He was getting quarterly bonus, provident fund, ration, cash concessions etc. like other workmen and was under direct control, supervision and direction of employer No. 2, with particular reference to attendance, discipline, discharge of duty etc. He was dismissed verbally by both the employers on vague and baseless allegations without having been charge sheeted for the same, and that both of them refused to consider his case and disowned their responsibilities as employers jointly or separately. Intervention of the union and that of the Conciliation Officer to bring about a settlement also proved of no avail. The matter was, therefore, referred to Government for reference to an Industrial Tribunal for adjudication.

It is alleged that the facts and circumstances stated above, clearly indicate that both the employers are jointly and severally responsible for the dismissal of Shri Jogendra Sahu. The dismissal being illegal, unjustified, arbitrary and an act of victimisation and unfair labour practice, the workman was entitled to be reinstated with all back wages and continuity of service.

Both, Shri Ramdhani Mistry, Tub-Contractor and the management of Malkera-Choitidih colliery, in their written statements contested the claim of the workmen. Employer No. 1 Ramdhani Mistry, denied that there was any industrial dispute between him and his workmen, including Shri Jogendra Sahu at any time and the alleged dispute referred to this Tribunal being the dispute of an individual workman, the reference was invalid in law and without jurisdiction. He further contended that the Central Government was not the appropriate Government to refer the present dispute for adjudication. According to him, the workman Shri Jogendra Sahu was not his workman when the present dispute was referred to the Tribunal, nor was he discharged or dismissed in the course of any industrial dispute. His case was that he was a petty tub repairing contractor and engaged about 4 to 10 workmen, according to the amount of work, for the work entrusted to him by the management of the colliery. This tub repairing work was neither continuous nor consistently of the same magnitude. He had an independent business of his own namely of repairing and making of tubs for employer No. 2 and the same was carried on under his own independent management. That no workman of his was a permanent employee and the services of surplus workmen used to be terminated whenever there was not sufficient work with him. The workman Shri Jogendra Sahu was only a temporary workman and worked as a Hammerman with him from 27th April to 24th July 1954. He was engaged for about 3 months only during the availability of a particular piece of work and his services had been terminated after the completion of the said work according to the practice prevailing in that behalf. He denied that the workman approached him any time with a complaint against the termination of his services or with a request for re-employment. He urged that the workman Jogendra Sahu was not at all entitled to any relief.

The employers in relation to Malkera-Choitidih colliery (described as employer No. 2 in the workmen's statement of claim) denied that there was any dispute between them and their workmen and contended that they have been unnecessarily made a party to this reference. They alleged that they used to entrust the work of building and repairing of the tubs to Ramdhani Mistry, contractor, who used to employ his own labour and adjust its strength for due execution of the work. The volume of work entrusted to the contractor was neither constant nor continuous. The contractor used to pay to his workmen their wages and dearness allowance, whereas the management used to pay them bonus, provident fund contributions and met other statutory obligations. In consideration of the above, the contractor used to be paid at a certain fixed rate for the work executed by him. They have absolutely no concern or connection with the appointment, dismissal, control, and the strength of the workmen of the contractor. They denied that Shri Jogendra Sahu was their workman at any time and submitted that they have nothing to do either with his appointment or dismissal. They further denied that Shri Ramdhani Mistry was their agent or that he was empowered to enter into "terms of service with labour" under the control or authority of the employer No. 2. The management also denied that they were a party to the conciliation proceedings or that they were even called for the same.

In reply, on behalf of the workmen, it was asserted by the Bihar Colliery Mazdoor Sangh that the preliminary objections raised by the employers regarding the maintainability of this reference were untenable as the dispute in question was not an individual dispute, though the subject matter of adjudication is an individual worker. That the dispute having been raised by the workmen through the Bihar Colliery Mazdoor Sangh and the Government having been satisfied, the present reference was quite valid and tenable. That mere non-existence of standing orders did not make the workman temporary and that even temporary workers have some remedy against the high-handedness and unjustifiable actions of the employers. The Sangh, denied the other adverse allegations.

On 6th December 1956, the date fixed for recording evidence of the parties and arguments, Shri Das Gupta for the workmen objected to the appearance of legal practitioners on behalf of the employers Nos. 1 and 2. His objection was allowed and Shri S. S. Mukherjee, Advocate, for employers No. 2 and Shri Narsingh, Advocate for employer No. 1 withdrew from the case. Employer No. 1 Shri Ramdhani Mistry himself being absent, the case proceeded ex parte against him. Employer No. 2 was represented by Shri K. R. Cursetji, the Labour Officer of the colliery.

Although the preliminary objections raised by the employers in their written statements were not seriously pressed at the time of arguments, I think it will be proper to deal with them briefly and dispose of them before considering the workers' case on merits. The first contention raised by the employer No. 1 was

that the dispute referred to this Tribunal was the dispute of an individual workman and that as such the reference was without jurisdiction and invalid in law. I do not think that there is any force in this contention. The dispute was raised by the workmen through the Bihar Colliery Mazdoor Sangh which is connected with the industry in which individual worker, namely Shri Jogendra Sahu is alleged to have been employed. The question whether a single workman can raise a dispute had come up for consideration in several cases before the Labour Appellate Tribunal, and it was decided by a Full Bench of the said Tribunal, in the Swadesh Cotton Mills and their workmen (reported as L.A.C. 1953, p. 137) that a dispute raised by a workman individually comes within the language of the definition of the industrial dispute in section 2(k) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. The matter was considered at great length in the aforesaid Full Bench case. I am in respectful agreement with the reasons given therein in support of this view, and have no hesitation to hold that the dispute raised by the workman individually is maintainable. The present reference is therefore neither without jurisdiction nor invalid.

The next point urged is regarding the representation of the worker. It is contended by the employer No. 1 that Shri Jogendra Sahu was never a member of the Bihar Colliery Mazdoor Sangh and as such the Sangh had no authority to represent him. Sub-clause (c) of Section 36, clause (1) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 is, to my mind a complete answer to this objection. It lays down:

"36 (1). A workman who is a party to a dispute shall be entitled to be represented in any proceeding under this Act by—

(c) where the worker is not member of any trade union by an officer of any trade union connected with or by any other workman employed in, the industry in which the worker is employed and authorised in such manner as may be prescribed."

The Bihar Colliery Mazdoor Sangh is a registered body and is undoubtedly connected with the industry in which the worker claims to have been employed. This objection of the employer No. 1 is also over-ruled as untenable.

The other objection raised by the employer was that the reference was not valid because the Central Government was not the appropriate Government to refer the dispute of this Tribunal. My attention in this connection was drawn to the definition of "mine" in section 2(j) of the Mines Act 1952 (Act XXXV of 1952) with particular reference to sub-clause (iv) thereof. "Mine" as defined in section 2(j) read with clause (iv) thereof is as under:

"(j) 'mine' means an excavation where any operation for the purpose of searching for or obtaining minerals has been or is being carried on, and includes—

(iv) any workshop situated within the precincts of the mine and *under the same management* and used solely for purposes connected with that mine or a number of mines under the same management."

It was contended that the workshop of the employer No. 1 Ramdhani Mistry for making and repairing the tubs was not under the 'same management' as required by clause (iv) thereof. The workmen's case is that the said workshop was situated within the precincts of the mine and was under the same management namely that of employer No. 2. It is necessary to examine the evidence and go into the merits of the case in order to determine this point. Similarly, the question whether the workman Shri Jogendra Sahu was a workman of both the employers or of either of them, at the time the dispute was referred to this Tribunal, requires detailed examination of evidence and other circumstances. I would therefore revert to these points later on when I discuss the evidence.

Shri Das Gupta who argued on behalf of the workmen stated that the workman's dismissal was arbitrary and without reasonable and justifiable cause. He asserted that the employers should have given some reasons for terminating his services and that although the workman Shri Jogendra Sahu was employed by employer No. 1, Ramdhani Mistry, who was the contractor of employer No. 2 for making and repairing tubs, he was directly under the control, supervision and direction of employer No. 2, who had undertaken to pay bonus, provident fund etc. to the workman. The workman, Shri Jogendra Sahu should, therefore, be deemed to be the permanent workman of employer No. 2.

In support of the above contentions, Shri Das Gupta examined the workman himself, and placed reliance on the company's standing orders, the definition of 'employee' as given in the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Scheme Act, 1948 (XLVI of 1948), and Supreme Court decision in *Shivnandan Sharma Vs. The Punjab National Bank* (reported in 1955-I-L.L.J. p. 688).

Shri Cursetji, on behalf of the management, argued that the workman, Shri Jogendra Sahu, was exclusively employed as a hammerman by Shri Ramdhani Mistry who was given the work of tub making and repairing on contract basis. The contractor was paid for the number of tubs prepared or repaired by him every week and that the management had no control what-so-ever over the contractor's workmen nor were they subject to their command. The bonus etc. were being paid to them under statutory obligations. He further urged that in order to determine whether or not Shri Jogendra Sahu was the workman of the company the definition of workman as given in Section 2(s) of the Industrial Disputes Act alone must be looked into and the definitions of 'employee' as given in other statutes cannot be applicable in his case.

Now coming to the evidence on record the workman Shri Jogendra Sahu, who examined himself as his own witness, deposes about his connection with the company as under:

"while I was working in the workshop my attendance was to be noted by Aswin Babu who was working in the office of the company. I used to get my wages from the office of the company. Some babus of the company used to pay my wages. I used to be given directions regarding work sometime by Aswin Babu and sometimes by the contractor Ramdhani.

But in his cross-examination he has changed his position completely. He says:

"I was employed in the beginning by the contractor Ramdhani Mistry. I was employed on wages at the rate of Rs. 1-7-6 per day. I do not know what was my basic wage. All the other workmen who have been working with me in the workshop under Ramdhani Mistry are out of job. My wages used to be paid by the contractor Ramdhani in the presence of the employees of the company."

Further the witness deposes (at the end of the cross-examination):

"I was working in the contractor's workshop where the tubs used to be prepared. The contractor's workshop is just out-side the company's main workshop."

Thus, from Shri Jogendra Sahu's own evidence it is amply clear that he was an employee of the contractor Ramdhani alone and that the management of the colliery had nothing to do with him except payment of the alleged statutory obligations. There was no relationship of employer and employee between them; nor is there any evidence to show that the management exercised any control or direction over the workman.

These facts are further clarified from the evidence of Shri Sakal Dev Narayan Singh, who was the Manager in Malkera colliery from November 1952 to December 1955. He deposes that the company had absolutely no control over the labour employed by the contractor. The contractor used to manufacture tubs for the company on contract basis and the nature of work done by the contractor was not constant or continuous, and the services of the workmen employed by the contractor stood terminated after the termination of the contract. According to him the 'contractor's' men working under the contractor used to be paid their wages by the contractor himself in the presence of the company's employees who used to be the witnesses for the payment. This is exactly what the workman, Shri Jogendra Sahu has stated in his cross-examination. Shri Sakal Dev Narayan Singh has further clarified the terms under which the contractor used to work with the management. He says, (vide his cross-examination):

"We did not pay him any commission. The company used to supply the materials and he used to be paid making charges. Tools and plants for preparing the tubs belonging to the contractor."

Exhibit 2, the bill for payment made to the contractor Ramdhani Mistry, produced by the management shows that he used to be paid for the number of articles manufactured by him at the varying rates. This again indicates that the contract was not a permanent or of a long term nature.

Shri Das Gupta, in his capacity as an office Secretary of Bihar Colliery Mazdoor Sangh had addressed a letter to Shri Ramdhani Mistry regarding dismissal of the workman, Shri Jogendra Sahu. It is dated 24th September 1954 and is exhibited as Exhibit 1. In this letter no reference what-so-ever has been

made regarding the employment of Shri Jogendra Sahu by the employer No. 2 or the latter's liability for his dismissal. The letter exhibit 1 reads as follows:—

"It has been reported to us that you had dismissed the above workman in July last without any notice or without giving him a chance to defend himself. It has been further reported that you had attributed some false allegations on him in order to cover your own misdeeds and dismissed him to prove your innocence."

In this letter the entire blame for Shri Jogendra Sahu's dismissal has been thrown on the contractor, Shri Ramdhani Mistry, and it is he who has been asked to reinstate him (Shri Jogendra Sahu) and pay his back wages. It is not known how the management, employer No. 2, came into the picture subsequently.

The cumulative effect of all the evidence considered above, is that Shri Ramdhani Mistry was a petty piece-rated independent contractor who used to be engaged by the management of the colliery for preparing tubs at the rates to be settled and paid for a number of articles and the labour for this purpose used to be employed by him and him only. The management had nothing to do either with the employment or dismissal of such labour except payment of some statutory obligations, such as bonus, provident fund etc.

Much has been made by the Sangh of these payments by the management. But I find from the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Scheme Act, 1948 (XLVI of 1948), that the definition of "employee" under this Act is much wider than the definition of workman as given in Section 2(s) of the Industrial Disputes Act of 1947.

'Employee' has been defined in Section 2(d) of the Provident Fund and Bonus Scheme Act as under:

"2(d) 'employee' means any person who is employed in any kind of work, manual or otherwise, in or in connection with a coal mine and who gets his wages directly or indirectly from the employer."

Whereas the workman has been defined under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, as below:

"2(s) "workman" means any person employed (including an apprentice) in any industry to do any skilled or unskilled manual or clerical work for hire or reward and includes, for the purposes of any proceedings under this Act in relation to an industrial dispute, a workman discharged during that dispute, but does not include any person employed in the naval, military or air service of the (Government)."

This clearly shows that the definition of "employee" as given in the Provident Fund and Bonus Scheme Act is of wider significance and includes contractor's labour. This is further evident from Section 3 of the Coal Mines Bonus Scheme, 1948, which lays down the class of employees eligible to qualify for bonus. Under clause (d) of the exceptions, only the labourer of a contractor for building, brick making or tile making are excepted from the Scheme. So, obviously there was a statutory obligation on the part of the management to pay Bonus and Provident fund to the contractor Ramdhani Mistry's labourers.

Shri Cursetji for the management has also drawn my attention to para 23 of the Conciliation Board Award for Bengal and Bihar published by the Government of India, Labour Department Resolution dated New Delhi, the 12th May 1947 and also to para 6 of the 'Joshi Agreement'. The last para of paragraph 23 of the Board's award reads thus:

"So long, however, as the contract system continues, the labour employed therein and also in all piece-work systems, shall be paid direct by the management, and such labour shall be entitled to all amenities enjoyed by workers of the same categories as if directly employed."

Under para 6 of the 'Joshi Agreement', only the (i) building contractors (ii) brick-making and tile making contractor's labour has been excluded from the amenities as specified in para 23 of the Board's Award.

All this clearly indicate that the management was bound to provide certain amenities to the labour employed by the contractor Ramdhani Mistry for manufacturing and repairing of the tubs for the coalmines. But this *ipso facto* cannot turn the contractor's labourers into the workmen of the management or saddle on the latter any other liabilities. As laid down by the Supreme Court in

Shivnandan Sharma Vs. Punjab National Bank Ltd. (reported in 1955-I.L.L.J. p. 688), the contractor's labourers who work under the control of the management and are subject to the command of the master can alone be deemed to be workman for the purposes of this Act. No such case has been established by the workman in this case. In fact, in many a case it has been held by the Labour Appellate Tribunal of India that workers employed by the contractors who were not under the control or supervision of the company, cannot be deemed to be workmen for the purposes of the Act (Please see Upper Ganges Sugar Mills Ltd. Vs. Their workmen—reported in 1955-I.L.L.J. p. 269, Sri Goenka Mills Vs. Shivpur Mills Mazdoors Sangh, 1954-I.L.L.J. p. 149 and Hamilton Jewellery Workers Union Vs. Messrs. Hamilton & Co. Ltd.—1956. L.A.C. p. 462).

Mere inclusion of such labourers of the contractor in the definitions of 'employees' in the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Scheme Act, 1948, or in the Standing Orders of the management, cannot give them the status of workmen as contemplated in the Industrial Disputes Act. Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Scheme Act is a special Act for specific purposes and the employees defined in the said Act are meant only for the purpose of the said Act. Similarly the definition of employee and other provisions in the Standing Orders do not bring such labourers into the category of workmen as defined in the Industrial Disputes Act. In Shri Ram Chandra and 3 others Vs. Messrs. Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd. and another (reported in 1955-L.A.C. p. 580), a similar point was raised regarding the inclusion of such employees in the Standing Orders and it was held that "the company's object in framing Rule I of the Standing Orders was to have control over all the employees whether employed by itself or by its contractor. The appellants cannot, therefore, on the basis of Rule I of the Standing Orders be held to be an employee of the company."

I, therefore, see no force in Shri Das Gupta's contentions that because the contractor's labourers come within the definitions of employees as defined in the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Scheme Act or in the standing orders of the company or that they are being given same statutory amenities, they attain the status of workmen as contemplated by the Industrial Disputes Act. What is required in such cases, as already discussed above, is the control, supervision and direction of such labourers.

For the reasons stated above, I am clearly of the opinion that Shri Jogendra Sahu was not the workman of Malkera Chotudih colliery of Messrs. Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., and the latter are in no way responsible for his dismissal and cannot be held liable for his reinstatement or payment of back wages as claimed by the workman.

Now, as regards the relationship between the workman, Shri Jogendra Sahu and his employer Shri Ramdhani Mistry, Tub-contractor, it is proved that the latter was an independent contractor, and used to get work of tub manufacturing and repairing from the management. This work was not continuous, constant or of the same magnitude. He had his own workshop, which as deposed by Shri Jogendra Sahu, was just outside the company's main workshop. There is no satisfactory evidence on record to show whether this workshop was within the precincts of the mine or outside it. But it has been satisfactorily proved from the evidence of Shri Jogendra Sahu as well as from the evidence of Sakal Dev Narayan Singh that it was not, in any case, under the same management or used solely for the purposes connected with the mine. A workshop to be included within the definition of 'mine' must fulfil the conditions as laid down in sub-clause IV of clause (j) of Section 2 of the Mines Act 1952 (XXXV of 1952); and one of the essential conditions is that it must be *under the same management*. There is, as I have already stated above, no evidence on record to show that it was under the same management. On the contrary, there is some evidence to show that the workshop where Ramdhani Mistry used to manufacture and repair the tubs was under his own management. According to the evidence of Shri Sakal Dev, tools and plants for preparing the tubs belonged to the contractor. Thus, the workshop not being under the same management, does not come within the meaning of mine, as defined in Section 2, clause (j) of the Mines Act, 1952; and this being so, the Central Government was not the appropriate Government to constitute an Industrial Tribunal under Section 7 of the Industrial Disputes Act or to refer this dispute under Section 10 *ibid*. I am, therefore, of the opinion that the present reference was bad in law and without jurisdiction, and as such no relief can be granted to the worker, Shri Jogendra Sahu even as against the contractor Shri Ramdhani Mistry.

Further, it may be noted that the work of tub manufacturing and repairing was not of continuous or permanent nature. It appears from the evidence on record and from the type of work that was being done by the said contractor

that the management must be entrusting this work to him from time to time, whenever there was any necessity for manufacturing new tubs or repairing the old ones. The tubs were required for the mine only, and there could not have been any continuous process of tub manufacturing all the year round. After all the need of the mine for such tubs and repairs thereof must be limited to certain extent. So, the workers or labourers employed by the contractor must necessarily be of temporary or casual nature. The worker, Shri Jogendra Sahu, deposes that all the other workmen who had been working with him in the workshop under Ramdhani Mistry are out of job. This further indicates that all these workers were employed by the contractor on temporary basis, and lends support to my view as stated above. I accordingly hold that the worker Shri Jogendra Sahu was employed by the contractor, Ramdhani Mistry, as a temporary worker and that he ceased to be workman after the work was finished. For this reason also, he is not entitled to any relief for his alleged dismissal against the contractor, Ramdhani Mistry.

Thus, for the reasons stated above, I hold that the worker Shri Jogendra Sahu is not entitled to any relief either against the contractor or the management; and I give my award as above. I make no order for costs.

CAMP: NAGPUR,

Dated the 21st December, 1956.

S. M. AHMED.
Member.

[No. P.R.-II-2(74)/55.]

A. L. HANDA, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 9th January 1957.

S.R.O. 216.—The following draft of an amendment to the Mines Rules, 1955, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 58 of the Mines Act, 1952 (35 of 1952), is published as required by sub-section (1) of Section 59 of the said Act for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 25th April 1957.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the said Rules in sub-rule (3) of Rule 7, after the words, "as the case may be" the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"or on the expiry of thirty days from the date of receipt of such resignation, whichever is earlier."

[No. M.R./AM(3)M-41(97)/56.]

P. D. COMMAR, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 10th January 1957

S.R.O. 217.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 7 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952, namely:—

In the said Scheme the explanation occurring after sub-paragraph (4) of paragraph 29 shall be omitted.

2. The above amendment shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from the 31st day of July, 1956.

[No. PF.46(39)/56.]

New Delhi, the 12th January 1957

S.R.O. 218.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that a provident fund scheme should be framed under the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), in respect of the employees of the mineral oil refining industry;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby directs that with effect from the 31st January, 1957, the said industry shall be added to Schedule I of the said Act.

[No. P.F.46(18)/56.]

S.R.O. 219.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 11 of the Indian Dock Labourers Act, 1934 (19 of 1934), the Central Government hereby exempts for a period of two years all the vessels classified with the American Bureau of Shipping on which construction began before August, 1952, from the provisions of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 29 of the Indian Dock Labourer's Regulations, 1948, made under the said Act in respect of loose gear, such as, chains, raings, hooks, shackles, swivels and pulley-blocks being the gear accessory to the lifting machinery on board the vessels at the time of their construction, subject to the conditions specified below, namely:—

- (1) That the loose gear is of one or more of the classes of gear stated in regulation 28 of the Indian Dock Labourer's Regulations, 1948 and not required to be annealed as required by sub-regulation (2) of regulation 29 of the said Regulations;
- (2) that the lifting machinery on board the vessels shall, as provided in paragraph (2) of Section 5 of the Requirements for the Certification of the Construction and Survey of Cargo Gear on Merchant Vessels issued by the American Bureau of Shipping in 1954, undergo the proof loads and examinations stated in paragraph (3) of Section 3 of the said Requirements; and
- (3) that, when an article of loose gear has been replaced since the construction of the vessel or is replaced hereafter by a new article, that article shall be tested and examined as required by sub-regulation (1) of regulation 29 of the aforesaid Regulations.

[No. Fac. 38(102)/57.]

New Delhi, the 14th January 1957

S.R.O. 220/CDLB(2)/56.—In pursuance of Clause 4 of the Calcutta Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme 1956 the Central Government hereby appoints the Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department, Calcutta, to be a member of the Calcutta Dock Labour Board and makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 2316, dated the 8th October 1956, namely:—

In the said notification, under the heading "Representatives of the Central Government" for item "(3) the Regional Director of Resettlement and Employment, West Bengal, Calcutta", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) The Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department, Calcutta".

[No. Fac.76(23)/56.]

S.R.O. 221/MDLB/(2)/56.—In pursuance of Clause 4 of the Madras Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme 1956, the Central Government hereby appoints the Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department, Madras, to be a member of the Madras Dock Labour Board and makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 2377 [MDLB(2)/56], dated the 23rd October 1956, namely:—

In the said notification, under the heading "Representatives of the Central Government" for item "(3) the Regional Director of Resettlement and Employment, Madras", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) The Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department, Madras"

[No. Fac.76(23)/56.]

S.R.O. 222.—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that the employers and the majority of the employees in relation to each of the following factories, namely (1) The Cherakara Factory, P.O. Talapoya, North Wynnaud, (2) Audatode Factory, P.O. Chundala, South Wynnaud, (3) Talamala Factory, P.O. Vellamunda, North Wynnaud and (4) Messrs Walker and Greig (Coonoor) Private Limited, Coonoor, Nilgiris, have agreed that the provisions of the Employees Provident Funds Act, 1952, (19 of 1952) should be made applicable to such factory;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of Section 1 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), the Central Government hereby applies the provisions of the said Act to the said factories.

P.F. 57(11)/56.

S.R.O. 223.—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that the employers and the majority of the employees in relation to the factory of Messrs. Sanghavi and Company, Love Lane, Mazgaon, Bombay-10 have agreed that the provisions of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952) should be made applicable to such factory;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of Section 1 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), the Central Government hereby applies the provisions of the said Act to the said factory.

2. This notification shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of November, 1956.

[No. P.F.57(11)/56.]

R. C. SAKSENA, Under Secy.

✓ *New Delhi, the 15th January, 1957*

S.R.O. 224.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 73H of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby directs that for the purpose of assessing the employer's special contribution payable under the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. S.R.O. 279 dated the 6th February, 1952, the total wage bill of an employer shall, in the case of factories, where for any period an employer does not submit the periodical returns required under the Act and the said notification and where an inspection of the employer's records for such period has not been made, be calculated at the rate of Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred) per employee per mensem.

[No. HI-1(97)/56.]

S.R.O. 225.—The Governments of the States of Bombay, Orissa, West Bengal and Mysore having respectively nominated Sarvashri D. R. Pradhan, J. Mahapatra, S. K. Bannerji and B. M. Abu Baker to be the representatives of those States on the Employees' State Insurance Corporation, the Central Government, in pursuance of section 4 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 2155, dated the 16th November, 1953, constituting the Employees' State Insurance Corporation, namely:—

In the said notification—

- (i) in the heading to items (8) to (24), the words and letters "of Part 'A' and Part 'B' States" shall be omitted;
- (ii) in the heading to item (25) for the words and letters "Part 'C' States" the words "Union territories" shall be substituted; and
- (iii) for items (10), (14), (16) and (19), the following items shall respectively be substituted, namely:—

- “(10) Shri D. R. Pradhan, I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Labour and Social Welfare Department, Bombay.
- (14) Shri J. Mahapatra, I.A.S., Secretary to the Government of Orissa, Labour Department, Bhubaneswar.
- (16) Shri S. K. Bannerji, M.C., I.A.S., Joint Secretary to the Government of West Bengal, Department of Labour, Calcutta.
- (19) Shri B. M. Abu Baker, I.A.S., Commissioner of Labour in Mysore, Bangalore

[F. No. HI-1(107)/56.]

R. M. DOIPHODE, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING

ORDERS

New Delhi, the 12th January, 1957

S.R.O. 226.—The Central Government hereby:—

(a) directs, in pursuance of the provisions of the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting No. S.R.O. 3805, dated the 28th December, 1955 and in modification of the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting No. S.R.O. 2370, dated the 10th October, 1956, that the Advisory Panel of the Central Board of Film censors at Calcutta shall consist of 19 members with immediate effect.

(b) appoints, after consultation with the Central Board of Film Censors Shrimati Ila Palchoudhuri as a member of the Advisory Panel of the said Board at Calcutta with immediate effect in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 9 read with sub-rule (1) of rule 10 of the Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1951.

[No. 14/3/56-FC.]

S.R.O. 227.—In pursuance of clause 2 of the directions issued under the provisions of each of the enactments specified in the First Schedule to the order of Government of India in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting No. S.R.O. 945, dated the 28th April, 1955 the Central Government with previous approval of the Film Advisory Board, Bombay hereby certifies the films specified in column 2 of the schedule hereto annexed, in all their language versions to be of the description specified against each in the corresponding entry of column 5 of the said schedule.

SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Title of the film	Name of the Producer	Source of supply	Whether scientific film or film intended for educational purposes or film dealing with news and current events or a documentary film.
1.	Indian News Review No. 430	Government of India, Films Division, Bom- bay.	Government of India, Films Division, Bom- bay.	Film dealing with news and current events.
2.	Plant Protection	-do-	-do-	Film intended for educational pur- poses.

[No. 14/2/56-FD.App.120]

V. P. PANDIT, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

CORRIGENDUM.

New Delhi, the 10th January, 1957.

S.R.O. 228.—In this Ministry's Resolution No. F.34-(6)E.V./56, dated the 20th November, 1956, for the words "heirs or nominees" occurring in paragraph 1, substitute "his heirs or nominees".

[No. F. 34(6)-E.V./56.]

M. C. JAIN, Under Secy.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 9th January, 1957.

S.R.O. 229.—In pursuance of clause (c) of the Explanation to sub-section (1) and clauses (a) and (aa) of sub-section (2) of Section 42 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) the Central Government hereby notifies the State Bank of Hyderabad for the purpose of each of the said provisions with effect from the 1st February, 1957.

[No. F. 7 (50)-F.I/RO/56.]

S.R.O. 230.—In pursuance of clause (e) of sub-section (1) of Section 10 and clause (8-A) of Section 17 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, (2 of 1934) the Central Government hereby notifies the State Bank of Hyderabad for the purpose of each of the said provisions.

[No. F. 7 (50)-F.I/RO/56.]

New Delhi, the 11th January, 1957

S.R.O. 231.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Banking Companies (Amendment) Act, 1956, (95 of 1956), the Central Government hereby appoints the 14th January, 1957 as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

[No. F.4(29)-F.I/56]

K. P. BISWAS, Under Secy.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 10th January, 1957.

S.R.O. 232.—In pursuance of clause (a) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (4) of Section 8 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 the Central Government is pleased to appoint Shri K. G. Ambegaokar, a Deputy Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, to be the Governor of the Reserve Bank of India with effect from the afternoon of the 14th January 1957 until further orders.

[No. F.8(2)-F.I/57.]

New Delhi, the 12th January 1957

S.R.O. 233.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (II of 1934), the Central Government hereby appoints with effect from the 15th January, 1957 the members specified in column 2 of the table hereto annexed to constitute the Local Board for each of the four areas specified in column 1 thereof:—

TABLE

Area	Name of member.	
	I	2
1. The Western Area		
		1. Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Pankore Naka, Ahmedabad.
		2. Shri Mathuradas Mangaldas Parekh, Lal Darwaja, Ahmedabad.
		3. Shri D. V. Potdar, Proprietor of Messrs. Potdar & Co., Electrical Contractors, Poona -2.
		4. Shri Mohal Lal Tannan, "The Cliff", Carmichael Road, Bombay-26.
		5. Shri K. C. Mahindra, Mont Blanc, Dady-seth Hill, Bombay.

2 The Eastern Area

1. Shri B. M. Birla, 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.
2. Dr. Bimala Churn Law, 43, Kailas Bose Street, Calcutta-6.
3. Mr. O. T. Jenkins, C/o Messrs. Blumer Lawrie & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.
4. Shri D. N. Mitra, 7, Ballygunge Circular Road, Calcutta-19.
5. Shri B. P. Singh Roy, 15 Lansdowne Road, Calcutta-20.

3 The Northern Area

1. Shri Shri Ram, 20-22, Curzon Road, New Delhi.
2. Shri Satya Paul Virmani, The Jawala Flour Mills, Amritsar
3. Shahu Jagdish Prasad, Pilibhit, Uttar Pradesh.
4. Shri S. Gurdial Singh Uppal, Managing Director, Hindustan Embroidery Mills Ltd., Chheharta, Amritsar.
5. Shri Rishi Narain Shastry, Chairman District Co-operative Federation, Banares.

4. The Southern Area

1. Shri C. R. Srinivasan, "Sun View" Lloyds Road, Royapettah, Madras.
2. Shri K. Ramunni Menon, Adviser to the Governor of Kerala, Trivandrum.
3. Shri R. Ramanathan Chettiar, "Greet-well" 14 Pachaiappa's Hostel Road, Chetpet (Kilapauk Post), Madras-10.
4. Shri P. Suryanarayana, 8, Boag Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras-17.
5. Shri S. Anantharamakrishnan, "Kalyan mahal", Edward Elliot's Road, Madras-4.

[No. F. 3(47)-F.I./56-I.]

S.R.O. 234.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 8 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (II of 1934), the Central Government hereby nominates with effect from the 15th January, 1957 the following persons to be the Directors of the Central Board of the Reserve Bank of India, namely:—

1. Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Pankore Naka, Ahmedabad. From the Local Board for the Western Area.
2. Shri B. M. Birla, 8, Royal Exchange Place, From the Local Board for the Eastern Area, Calcutta.
3. Shri Shri Ram, 20-22, Curzon Road, New Delhi. From the Local Board for the Northern Area.
4. Shri C. R. Srinivasan, "Sun View" Lloyds Road, Royapettah, Madras. From the Local Board for the Southern Area.

[No. F. 3(47)-F.I./56-II.]

G. SWAMINATHAN, Jt. Secy.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 11th January, 1957

S.R.O. 235.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section II of the Capital Issues (Control) Act, 1947 (Act XXIX of 1947) and in partial modification of this Ministry's Notification No. S.R. 1901, dated the 25th September, 1953, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri G. P. Kapadia as a Member of the Advisory Committee on Capital Issues *vice* Shri S. Nijalingappa resigned.

[No. F.16(6)-CCI/56-248]

M. R. BHIDE,
Controller of Capital Issues.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 14th January 1957

S.R.O. 236.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Rule 4 of the Life Insurance Corporation Rules, 1956, the Central Government hereby accepts the resignation of Shri Vadilal Lallubhai Mehta, from the membership of the Life Insurance Corporation of India, Bombay, with effect from the 9th January, 1957.

[No. 6(2)-INS(II)/57.]

S. SUNDARESAN, Under Secy.

(Department of Company Law Administration)

New Delhi, the 12th January, 1957

THE COMPANIES (CENTRAL GOVERNMENT'S) GENERAL RULES AND FORMS, 1956

S.R.O. 237.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of Section 642 of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956), the Central Government makes the following amendments the companies (Central Government's) General Rules and Forms, 1956, namely:—

In Form No. 22 of the said Rules before the words "Presented by....." the following words shall be inserted namely:—

"Date of Notice for holding statutory meeting.....

Date of the meeting.....

Place where the meeting was held.....".

[No. F.12/31/56-PR.]

F. N. SANYAL, Under Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 12th January 1957

S.R.O. 238.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the late Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 33-Customs, dated the 22nd June, 1935, namely:—

In the said notification, in Schedule I—Import Duties—against serial No. 13 in the entry in the fourth column, the words "at the standard rate" shall be omitted.

[No. 8.]

M. A. RANGASWAMY, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 12th January 1957

S.R.O. 239.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In Appendix I to the said Rules—

1. In Form A. L.—2 (Central Excise Series No. 4)—in paragraph 1, the following words shall be inserted at the end, namely:—

“and to utilize all or any portion of unmanufactured tobacco in accordance with the provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, in the manufacture of.....”

2. In paragraph 1 of each of the Forms A.L.-1, A.L.-2, A.L.-3, A.L.-4, A.L.-5 and A.L.-6 (Central Excise Series Nos. 3,4,5,6,7 and 8) between the words “I/We” and “residing at” the words “son of” shall be inserted.

In paragraph 3 of each of the Forms A.L.-1, A.L.-2, A.L.-3 and A.L.-4 and in paragraph 2 of Form A.L.-5, after the words “abide by”, the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

“the provisions of Central Excise Rules, 1944, and any orders issued thereunder and”.

3. After item 7 of the Schedule to Form A.L.-2 (Central Excise Series No. 4), the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

“7A. Name of the product to be manufactured.”

4. In paragraph 1 of each of the Forms L.-1 L.-2, L.-2 (Tobacco) L.-3 (Tobacco), L.-4 and L.-6 and in paragraph 2 of Form L.-5 (Central Excise Series Nos. 9—14 and 16), the words “of Rs.....” shall be omitted.

5. In paragraph 1 of Forms L.-2, L.-2 (Tobacco), L.-4 and L.-6 (Central Excise Series Nos. 10, 11 14 and 16), for the words “premises situated at.....and described in his/their application, dated.....” the words “undermentioned premises” shall be substituted.

6. In paragraph 1 of Form L.1 (Central Excise Series No. 9) for the words “situated at.....and described in his/their application, dated.....” the words “described below” shall be substituted.

7. Below paragraph 1 of Form L.-2, L.-2(Tobacco), and L.-4 (Central Excise Series Nos. 10, 11 and 14) the heading “Situation and description of premises as described in the application for licence” shall be inserted.

8. At the end of paragraph 1 of Form L.-1 (Central Excise Series No. 9) the heading “situation and description of land/premises as described in the application for licence” shall be inserted.

9. At the end of paragraph 1 of Form L.-6 (Central Excise Series No. 16), the words “subject to the provisions of the Rules”, and below the said paragraph as so amended the heading “situation and description of premises as described in the application for licence” shall be inserted.

10. In paragraph 1 of Form L.-1, for the words letters and figures “31st December 19.....”, the words letters, and figures “31st August 19....” shall be substituted.

[No. 2/57.]

New Delhi, the 19th January 1957

S.R.O. 240.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Rule 12 and sub-rule (2) of Rule 96-L of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby prescribes the following procedure for grant of rebate of excise duty on Cotton or Art Silk Fabrics produced on powerlooms and exported out of India, namely—

The rebate of duty on the export of cotton fabrics or art silk fabrics produced on powerlooms where such duty is payable in accordance with the procedure set

forth in Section E-III of Chapter V of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, shall be allowed subject to the conditions specified below:—

- (1) The concession shall be allowed to manufacturers who have obtained the previous permission of the Assistant Collector of Central Excise having jurisdiction.
- (2) Every manufacturer desiring to avail himself of this concession should apply in writing to the Assistant Collector having jurisdiction who after satisfying himself that the manufacturer is a *bona fide* exporter may grant the necessary permission.
- (3) The manufacturers who have been so permitted by the Assistant Collector shall maintain detailed accounts of production and clearance of the goods produced in their factories in the following Form R.G. 18 (Modified):—
- (4) The fabrics intended for export shall be marked with a special distinguishing mark previously approved by the Assistant Collector, on each piece. The mark should be distinctive and should be registered under the Trade Marks Act, 1940.
- (5) The fabrics intended for export shall be packed under the supervision of the Central Excise Officer having jurisdiction not below the rank of Supervisor to whom advance intimation shall be given. The Central Excise officer shall seal the packages with an excise seal in the prescribed manner.
- (6) After completion of packing, the manufacturer shall submit the usual application for removal for export in Form A.R. 4. The officer in charge of the factory shall verify the entries in the A.R. 4 application with those in the records maintained in the factory and if he is satisfied that the entries are correct, endorse the necessary certificate on the application.
- (7) The rate at which the duty shall be refunded shall be three pies per square yard.
- (8) The manufacturer shall also comply with any other instructions issued by the Collector for the purpose of ensuring that the fabrics sought to be exported have in fact been produced on taxable powerlooms.
- (9) In all other respects, the procedure prescribed under rule 12 and Chapter IX of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, for the grant of rebate of excise duty on cotton fabrics shall apply.

R. G. 18 (Modified)

Register of powerlooms employed in the production of Cotton Fabrics/Rayon or Artificial Silk Fabrics to be maintained by the Mills Authorised to export under Rule 96L(2).

Name and address of factory :				License No. _____			Month						
Date	Number of shifts worked.	Maximum number of power-looms worked at one time during			Production in (i) Yards, (ii) Sq. yards.			Total	Quantity cleared		Balance in stock		
		First shift	Second shift	Third shift	Opening balance (i) Yards (ii) Square yards	First shift.	Second shift		(i) Yards (ii) Square yards.	(i) Yards. Remarks	(ii) Sq. Yards.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Total (A)													
Average per day * * *													
(A ÷ B)													

Total number of days in month (B) in which

- (i) first shift was worked.
- (ii) second shift was worked.
- (iii) third shift was worked.

*To be declared in Form A. R.—6.

[No. 5/57]

S.R.O. 241.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), as in force in India, and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In rule 13 of the said rules, after the word 'salt', occurring in line 1, the words "and Vegetable Non-essential Oils" shall be inserted.

[No. 7/57.]

S.R.O. 242.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 12 of the Central Excise Rules 1944, as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division) No. 10-Central Excises, dated the 5th April, 1949, namely:—

In the table annexed to the said notification:—

- (a) against Serial No. 1 for the entry in column 2, the entry "All excisable goods other than those specified in items 2 to 10 below" shall be substituted;
- (b) after Serial No. 9, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

1	2	3	4	5
10 Vegetable Non-essential Oils, all sorts.	--do--		Five-sevenths of the duty actually paid.	

[No. 8/57.]

S.R.O. 243.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944, as in force in India, and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In the said rules—

(i) in sub-rule (i) for items (a), (b) and (c) the following items shall be substituted namely:—

- "(a) by sea through the ports of Madras, Bombay or Calcutta—in quadruplicate.
- (b) by sea through other ports—in triplicate.
- (c) by parcel post—in triplicate.
- (d) by land to places other than Afghanistan—in quadruplicate.
- (e) to Afghanistan—in quintuplicate."

(ii) after sub-rule (4), the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"(4A) Exports by sea through the ports of Madras, Bombay and Calcutta.—

After verifying the particulars entered in the application, and, in the case of duty-paid goods, after satisfying himself that the goods are identifiable as the goods, in respect of which the payment of duty cited in the application was made, the proper officer shall seal each package with the Central Excises seal and, after endorsing all copies of the application, shall return the duplicate and triplicate to the owner, who, after despatching the goods shall enter the number and date of the railway receipt in the duplicate and triplicate and shall communicate these particulars to the officer for entry in the other copies.

(4B) Nothing in this chapter, except rule 189B shall apply to claims for rebate of duty on export of Vegetable Non-essential Oils. Provided that, in the case of exports of such oils by land to a foreign territory other than Pakistan, or by sea through any port other than the ports of Madras, Bombay or Calcutta, the provisions of this chapter shall apply in full."

(b) in rule 187 after sub-rule (i), the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"(1A) *Procedure in respect of goods exported by sea through the ports of Madras, Bombay and Calcutta.*—On arrival at the port of export, the goods shall be presented, together with the duplicate and triplicate copies of the application to the Customs Collector or other duly appointed officer. The consignment shall be carefully examined and checked-weighed and if the seals are intact and the cases or the packages correspond with the description given in the application, the Customs Collector, or other duly appointed officer, shall allow export and shall then certify on both the copies of the application that the goods have been duly exported (citing the shipping bill number and date and other particulars of export) and return the triplicate copy to the exporter."

(c) after rule 189, the following rules shall be inserted, namely:—

"189A. *Presentation of claim for rebate in respect of exports by sea through the ports of Madras, Bombay and Calcutta.*—In order to obtain payment of the rebate, the exporter shall produce to the Collector of Central Excise, Madras, Bombay or Calcutta, as the case may be, the triplicate application bearing the certificate of the officer who examined the goods at the port of export. If the Collector is satisfied, from comparison of the triplicate application with the original received direct from the factory officer and the duplicate received from the Customs Officer, that the claim is in order, he shall sanction the rebate."

189B. *Presentation of claim for rebate in the case of export of Vegetable Non-essential Oils.*—In order to obtain payment of the rebate, the exporter shall produce to the Collector from whose jurisdiction the goods were exported, his copy of the clearance application as proof of payment of duty together with a copy of the Bill of Lading or shipping bill or export application, as the case may be, bearing the certificate of export. If the Collector is satisfied from comparison of the application with the Bill of Lading or shipping bill or export application that the claim is in order, he shall sanction the rebate."

[No. 9/57.]

S.R.O. 24.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944, as in force in India, and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby directs that in Appendix I to the Central Excise Rules, 1944, for the forms in Central Excise Series No. 19 and 20, the following forms shall be substituted, namely:—

CENTRAL EXCISE SERIES No. 19

Range

Circle

FORM B-1 (GEN. SUR.)

General Bond (with surety) for the due despatch of excisable goods removed from time to time for export to a foreign country without payment of duty.

(Rule 14)

(Delete the letters and words not applicable)

I/We } of }

[hereinafter called the obligor(s)] and [hereinafter called the surety) are jointly and severally bound to the President in the sum of rupees to be paid to the President, for which payment we jointly and severally bind ourselves and our legal representatives.

The above bounden obligor(s) being permitted to remove from time to time conditional on the provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, being observed* without payment of duty from the bonded warehouse/ licensed factory at

*Here enter the description of the excisable goods.

The condition of this bond is that if the obligor(s) and his/their legal representatives shall observe all the provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, to be observed in respect of excisable goods so removed;

And if the said goods are duly removed and exported within such time as the Collector of Central Excise at directs; and all such dues whether excise duty or other lawful charges as shall be fixed by the Collector of Central Excise and payable on the said goods or any portion or portions thereof are paid into the treasury by the obligor(s) to the account of the Collector within ten days of the date of demand thereof being made in writing by the said Collector.

The obligation shall be void.

Otherwise and on breach or failure in the performance of any part of this condition, the same shall be in full force.

I/We declare that this bond is given under the orders of the Central Government for the performance of an act in which the public are interested.

Place

Date

Witnesses (1)
(2).

Address (1)
Address (2)

Signature(s) of obligor(s).
Occupation (1)
Occupation (2)

Place

Date

Witnesses (1)
(2)

Address (1)
Address (2)

Signature of surety
Occupation (1)
Occupation (2)

Accepted by me this

day of

19

.....of Central Excise.

CENTRAL EXCISE SERIES No. 20

Range

Circle

FORM B (GEN. SEC.)

General Bond (with security) for due despatch of excisable goods removed from time to time for export to a foreign country without payment of duty.

(Rule 14)

(Delete the letters and words not applicable)

I/We of [hereinafter called obligor(s)] am/are jointly and severally bound to the President in the sum of rupees to be paid to the President for which payment I/we jointly and severally bind myself/ourselves and my/our legal representatives.

The above bounden obligor(s) being permitted to remove from time to time conditional on the provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, being observed without payment of duty from the bonded warehouse/licensed factory at for exportation.

Whereas the Collector of Central Excise at (hereinafter called the Collector) has required the obligor(s) to deposit as security for the amount of this

* Here enter the description of the excisable goods.

Bond the sum of

rupees in cash/

the securities as hereinafter mentioned
of a total face value of rupees endorsed
in the Collector's favour, namely—

and whereas the obligor(s) has/have furnished such guarantee by depositing with
the Collector the cash/securities as aforementioned.

The condition of this bond is that if the obligor(s) and his/their legal repre-
sentatives shall observe all the provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, to
be observed in respect of the goods so removed for export.

And if the said goods are duly removed and exported within such time as
the Collector directs.

And all such dues whether excise duty or other lawful charges as shall be
fixed by the Collector of Central Excise and payable on the said goods or any
portion or portions thereof are paid into the treasury by the obligor(s) to the
account of the Collector within ten days of the date of demand thereof being
made in writing by the said Collector.

This obligation shall be void.

Otherwise and on breach or failure in the performance of any part of this
condition, the same shall be in full force.

And the President shall, at his option, be competent to make good all the
loss and damages from the amount of the security deposit or by enforcing his
rights under the above written bond or by both.

I/We declare that this bond is given under the orders of the Central Govern-
ment for the performance of an act in which the public are interested.

Place

Date

Signature(s) of obligor(s).

Witnesses (1)
(2)

Address (1)
Address (2)

Occupation (1)
Occupation (2)

Accepted by me this

day of

19 .

.....of Central Excise.

[No. 10/57.]

CORRIGENDUM

S.R.O. 245.—In the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance
(Department of Revenue), No. CER-8(28)/56, dated the 5th January, 1957,
published in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3, dated the 5th January, 1957—

(i) For the words and figures “the 10th August, 1956”, read “the 10th
August, 1955”.

(ii) In item (7) for the words—

“Cotton fabrics produced in factories commonly known as powerlooms
(without spinning plants); provided that the number of power-
looms producing cotton fabrics in such factories does not exceed
four.”

read

“Cotton fabrics manufactured by or on behalf of the same person in one
or more factories commonly known as powerlooms (without
spinning plants), in which less than 5 powerlooms in all are
installed.”

[No. 6/57.]

S. K. BHATTACHARJEE, Dy. Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE

INCOME-TAX

New Delhi, the 8th January, 1957

S.R.O. 246.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (6) of Section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Central Board of Revenue hereby makes the following further amendments to its notification S.R.O. 1214 (No. 44-Income-tax) dated 1st July 1952 namely:—

In the said Schedule, after S. N. 40-B, the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

1	2	3	4	5	6
40-C	Employees of the Scottish Union & General Insurance Co, stationed anywhere in the taxable territories.			Do.	Do.

[(No. 1.) 55/124/56-IT.]

B. V. MUNDKUR, Under Secy.

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CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 12th January 1957

S.R.O. 247—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of section 11 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue hereby declares the limits of the Krishnapatnam Port as specified in the third column of the Schedule hereto annexed.

THE SCHEDULE

<i>District</i> (1)	<i>Port</i> (2)	<i>Port Limits</i> (3)
Nellore	Krishnapatnam	North:
		A line drawn due east from the boundary pillar on the coast near Krishnapatnam to ten fathoms of water.
		<i>South:</i>
		A line drawn due east from the boundary pillar on the coast near Thammanapatnam to ten fathoms of water.
		<i>East</i>
		A line drawn from the eastern extremities of the above north and south limits.

(1)

(2)

(3)

West

"A line parallel to the shore and fifty yards above high water mark at spring tides drawn from the pillar at Krishnapatnam to the northern head of Kandaleru back waters extending to the eastern most point of the Buckingham canal with so much of the shores thereof as are within fifty yards above high water mark at spring tide and along the Buckingham canal of the Banks thereof on either side as one within fifty yards above high water mark at spring tide towards the north lock upto the point where the metal road from Krishnapatnam reach the canal and also the shores of the North and the South Banks of Kandaleru Estuary and lock waters to a distance of two furlongs on each side with all its branches of the Kandaleru river from its junction with the Buckingham canal high water. Also the Southern head of Kandaleru backwaters with shores thereof as are within fifty yards above high water mark from the entrance of the Buckingham canal (South Bank) to a line parallel to the shore towards the southern head of the backwaters and parallel to the shore and parallel to the shore upto the pillar on the coast near Thammanapatnam and fifty yards above the high water mark at spring tides".

[No. 10.]

S. K. BHATTACHARJEE, Secy.

